

# **Annual Report**

2022 - 2023

www.modernindia.co.in





# **Board of Directors**



Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia



Mr. Anand Didwania



Mr. Shivkumar Israni



Mrs. Gauri Jatia



Mr. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla Mr. Pradip Kumar Bubna





Mr. Sidhant Jatia



Mr. Mudit Jatia



#### **BANKERS**

HDFC BANK LIMITED ICICI BANK LTD

# **AUDITORS**

M/S. KHANDELWAL JAIN AND COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

#### SR. VP - CS & LEGAL

PARIND BADSHAH

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

1, MITTAL CHAMBERS, 228, NARIMAN POINT, MUMBAI-400 021. TEL: +91 (22) 6744 4200

EMAIL: info@modernindia.co.in

# **SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS**

SATELLITE CORPORATE SERVICES PVT. LTD.

A/106-107, Dattani Plaza,

East West Indl. Compound,

Andheri Kurla Road, Safed Pool,

Sakinaka, Mumbai-400072

E-mail: scs\_pl@yahoo.co.in

Alternate Email Id: service@satellitecorporate.com

Tel no.28520461-62



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#### FROM THE DESK OF THE CHAIRMAN

My dear fellow Shareholders,

It is my pleasure and privilege to be speaking to you at the 89th AGM of your company. First and foremost, I hope you are safe and in good health. I would like to take this opportunity to share my thoughts on the year gone by, the outlook for your company, the performance of our Company and its subsidiaries has been path breaking.

The global economy is estimated to have expanded by 4.9% in 2022 a declined of 1.1 percent compared to last year.

The ongoing Ukraine–Russia war has had a massive adverse effect on the global economy triggering recession, illegal migration and imbalance in demand–supply of essential goods and services. Fortunately, in contrast to which the Indian economy has shown tremendous resilience towards global adversaries and risks and has been successful in safeguarding itself with decisive economic policies. In the year 2022-23 India became the 5th largest economy in the world with the Prime Minsiter assuring the country that soon India would be the a 5 trillion economy. There has been a sharp rebound in consumer spending and investment on the back of easing restrictions and supportive fiscal and monetary policies. Manufacturing activity and global trade rebounded strongly with rise in consumer and business confidence despite shipping and logistics constraints and supply chain issues. Ongoing geopolitical tension has only aggravated the inflationary environment and restricted the strong growth momentum. India today commands world respect in all fields and heads of government world over look towards India for strategic tie ups and all round growth. India's exports especially in defence has increased, space programs, infrastructure development has received a massive push and India is growing at a fast pace.

As intimated earlier, Company had entered into an Agreement with M/s. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited for its of properties situated at Mahalaxmi, Mumbai and it is with pleasure that I say that our project has been well received in the market.

Redevelopment of the chawls will be undertaken shortly, another project which is currently underway is the construction of a commercial property at Mahalaxmi which is expected to be completed in the next couple of years.

The performance of the Company during the year under review, the revenue from operation was Rs.2062.45 lakhs as compared to Rs 4100.07 lakhs during the previous year 2021-22. Company has showed 5467.32 Lakhs profit to the tune of Rs 43.74 Lakhs during the year under consideration. in view of this the Board of Directors have recommended a dividend of Rs75085500 (being 50% for the Financial 2022-23) and being the 90<sup>th</sup> year of our Company the Board has also announced a special dividend of 50% thereby declaring a total of 100% dividend for the Financial Year 2022-23.

Your company's subsidiary M/s Verifacts Services Pvt Ltd has achieved a turnover of Rs **2409.72**lakhs compared to 2049.47 lakhs. The profit after tax is Rs**88.93** lakhs as compared to Rs 123.27 lakhs earlier. The Company's strategic business decisions promises to show positive results in future.

To keep the Members abreast with the latest development, the ongoing projects, the construction is moving ahead at a fast pace, your company has also set up a wholly owned subsidiary in Singapore called Verifacts Solutions Pte Ltd- which will take forward the business of Verifacts Services Private Limited globally.

Your overseas subsidiary M/s Modern International (Asia) Ltd (MIAL) achieved sales/ turnover of **US \$11656653** for the year 2022-23 as against **US \$ 11,137,297** for the year 2021-22. The Company made a profit after tax of US\$ 125182 as against a profit of US \$96,554 in the previous financial year Efforts are being made to further increase the turnover in the coming year.

The Company will continue to monitor the situation closely and take appropriate action as per regulatory guidelines As I close, I would like to take this opportunity to thank you all for your continuous support and faith in the Company and its management. We shall continue to work towards taking the Company to greater heights and achieve many more milestones and business goals.

Best Wishes, Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman & Managing Director



#### **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the **89<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting** of the Members of Modern India Limited will be held on **Monday, the 28<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2023 at 4.00 pm** through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (including Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements) for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023, along with the reports of the Board and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare a final dividend of Rs.75085500/-(50% as a special Dividend ) and (50%for the year 2022-23)on 37542750 equity shares of 2/-each for the financial year 2022-2023.
- 3. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Sidhant Jatia (DIN: 00097177) who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
- 4. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Mudit Jatia (DIN:00192012) who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

5. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

TO CONSIDER AND RECOMMEND THE COMMISSION TO BE PAID TO THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 197, 198 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder and Article 132 of the Articles of Association, the Company be and is hereby authorised to pay to its Directors (other than the Managing Director and Whole Time Directors of the Company), for a period of two financial years commencing from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2025, such sum by way of commission as the Board and/or a Committee thereof may determine from time to time, but not exceeding 1% (one percent) or such other percentage of the Net Profits of the Company in any financial year as may be specified under the Companies Act, 2013 from time to time and computed in the manner provided under Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Rs. 25,00,000/- in aggregate, whichever is lower."

# **NOTES**

- The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its Circular No 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 read with Circular no 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular no 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, Circular No 20/2021 dated December 08,2021, General Circular No. 10/2022, Dated December 28, 2022 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM.
- 2 A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip and the route map are not annexed to this Notice.



- 3 Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM on its behalf. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Company at <a href="mailto:info@modernindia.co.in">info@modernindia.co.in</a>
- 4 The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain
  - a. closed from 14.08.2023 to 28.08.2023 (both days inclusive), for record purposes.
  - b. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 5. The ISIN of the Equity Shares of Rs.2/- each is INE251D01023.
- 6. As per Companies (Management And Administration) Rules, 2014 read with chapter VII of the Companies Act, 2013, the shareholders of the company have to furnish their information as per annexure attached herewith and shareholders who are yet to submit the same are requested to submit it to Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited Registrar and Transfer Agent on or before 19th August, 2023.
- 7. In order to provide protection against fraudulent encashment of dividend warrants, Members are requested to intimate the Company's Registrars & Transfer Agents particulars of their Bank Account viz. Name of Bank, Name of Branch, Complete address of the Bank with Pin Code Number, Account type whether Saving Account or Current Account and Bank Account Number. Members are also requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, email address, telephone/ mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number to their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and to the Company's RTA i.e Satellite Corporate Services Pvt Ltd in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
- 8. Members are hereby informed that Dividend which remains unclaimed/unpaid for a period of seven (7) years from the date of transfer to unpaid Dividend Accountis required to be transferred as per the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, by the Company to The Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) constituted by the Central Government under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013. The unclaimed Dividend for the year 2015-2016 is due to be transferred to the IEPF on or before 20th September, 2023.
- 9. Furthermore, In terms of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, shares of the Company in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed or unpaid for seven consecutive years, are required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) of the Government of India.
- 10. Communication was sent by the Company to the concerned Members who had not claimed their dividend for seven consecutive years or more providing them an opportunity to claim such dividend and shares The said sharesdue from the Financial year 2015-16 for seven consecutive years will be transferred to the demat account of the IEPFA on or after 20th August, 2023.
- 11. Shareholders may note that the shares/dividend transferred to IEPF can be claimed by making an application to the Authority in web Form IEPF 5 (to be filed online) at the following link <a href="http://iepf.gov.in/IEPFA/refund.html">http://iepf.gov.in/IEPFA/refund.html</a>.
- 12. Members desirous of making nomination as permitted under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the physical shares held by them in the Company, can make nominations in Form SH-13, which can be procured from the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent M/s. Satellite Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd. The Members holding shares in demat form may contact their respective depository participants for such nominations.



- 13. Members who hold shares in physical form in multiple folios in identical names or joint accounts in the same order of names are requested to send the share certificates to the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents, M/s. Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited (RTA), for consolidation into a single folio.
- 14. Unclaimed Share Certificates: There are no unclaimed shares. It may be noted that there are 370220 shares under 750 folios which are lying unclaimed post sub-division of shares from face value of Rs 50/- to Rs10/- and subsequently from Rs 10/- to Rs 2/-, in spite of sending reminders. —
- 15. As per the General Exemption granted by the Central Government vide the General Circular No. 2/2011 dated 08.02.2011, copy of Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Boards Report and the Report of the Auditors of the Subsidiary Companies are not attached with the Annual Report of the Company. However, the Annual Reports of all the Subsidiary Companies are available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company to any Member of the Company. Further the Company will make available these documents to any Member upon request and the same is made available on the official website of the Company i.e <a href="https://www.modernindia.co.in">www.modernindia.co.in</a>.
- 16. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website <a href="www.modernindia.co.in">www.modernindia.co.in</a>, and on the website of Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL").
- 17. To eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents, Satellite Corporate Services Pvt Ltd for assistance in this regard.
- 18. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company is pleased to provide the Members the facility to cast their vote electronically, through the e-voting services provided by CDSL, on all the resolutions set forth in this Notice. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system before the Meeting as well as e-voting during the AGM, will be provided by CDSL.
- 19. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date i.e only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting before the AGM as well as e-voting during the AGM. Any person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the User ID and Password by sending a request at <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a>
- 20. The Chairman shall, at the AGM allow voting by use of e-voting system for all those Members who are present during the AGM through VC/OAVM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility before the AGM. The e-voting module during the AGM shall be disabled by CDSL for voting 15 minutes after the conclusion of the Meeting.
- 21. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be open for electronic inspection from the date of circulation of this notice up to the date of the Annual General Meeting. Members who wish to electronically inspect the relevant documents referred to in the Notice can send an email to <a href="mailto:info@modernindia.co.in">info@modernindia.co.in</a> to set up a prior appointment.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

PARIND BADSHAH

FCS 5414

SR. VP - CS & LEGAL

Dated: 05<sup>th</sup> June, 2023

Mumbai

3n. VP - U3 &

Registered Office: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400 021.



# **ANNEXURE TO NOTICE**

# Details of the Director seeking appointment and/or re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting

[Pursuant to Paragraph 1.2.5 of Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India]

# Item no 3 and 4

Shri. Sidhant Jatia (DIN: 00097177) & Shri. Mudit Jatia (DIN: 00192012) Executive directors of the Company retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 152(3) of the Act and is eligible for re-appointment.

Name	Shri. Sidhant Jatia	Shri. Mudit Jatia
DIN	(DIN: 00097177)	DIN:00192012
Date of Birth	07.06.1983	07.09.1986
Nationality	Indian	Indian
Date of Appointment	17th June,2021	17th June,2021
Qualifications	ВВА	ВА
Expertise in specific functional areas	Business	Business
List of Other Directorship	1. F. Pudumjee Investment Company Private Limited. 2. Candescent Traders Private Limited. 3. Gyan Ventures Private Limited 4. Modern Derivatives and Commodities Private Limited. 5. Jatia Properties Private Limited 6. Verifacts Services Private Limited 7. Ignatius Trading Company Private Limited 8. Modern India Limited 9. Candescent Properties Private Limited	1. Alcyone Trading Company Private Limited. 2. Modern India Derivatives and Commodities Private Limited 3. Lexicon Consturctions Private Limited 4. Jatia Properties Private Limited 5. Verifacts Services Private Limited 6. Modern India Limited 7. Alcyone Realtors Private Limited
Chairmanship/Membership of Committees of other Boards	NIL	NIL
The Attendance of meeting of Board and Committees	Attended 3 out of 4 meetings of the Board of Directors and took leave of absence for Audit Committee meeting held on 03.08.2023 rest attended all the meetings	Attended all the meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee
Company's Shares held (No of shares)	121000-Equity shares of Modern India Limited	121000-Equity shares of Modern India Limited
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and other KMP	Son of Shri Vijay Kumar Jatia - CMD and Smt Gauri Jatia-Director and brother of Shri Mudit Jatia	Son of Shri Vijay Kumar Jatia - CMD and Smt Gauri Jatia-Director of the Company and brother of Shri Siddhant Jatia



# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT AS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

#### Agenda Item no: 5

The financial performance of the Company has been outstanding for the year under review due to the efforts and hard work of the Management and Directors of the Company, which has paid off manifold. To compensate the Directors of the Company for their exceptional performance it is proposed to pay commission to its Non-Executive and Independent Directors of the Company. Under the Companies Act, Non-whole Time Directors have been entrusted with new responsibilities to make their role more objective and purposeful. Keeping in view the enhanced role, responsibilities and duties of directors, it is considered appropriate that a commission be paid to the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors of the Company to compensate them for their performance and for their increased role, responsibilities and duties.

Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 provides for payment of commission to the Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors that shall not exceed 1% of the net profits of the Company.

The Board of Directors of the Company have, subject to the approval of the members of the Company at Annual General Meeting, proposed to give commission to the Non-Executive Directors not exceeding Rs 25,00,000 subject the same not exceeding 1% of the net profits of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 as computed in the manner laid down in Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The said commission to Non-Executive Directors shall be in addition to the sitting fees payable to them for attending meeting of the Board and Committees thereof.

All Directors (Non executives and Independent) are interested either financially or otherwise in this resolution.



# ANNEXURE - FOR NOTE 7 OF THE NOTICE

Date:

To,

M/s. Satellite Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd.,

Unit: Modern India Limited,

A/106-107, Dattani Plaza, East West Indl. Compound, Andheri Kurla Road, Safed Pool, Sakinaka, Mumbai-400072 E-mail: <a href="mailto:scs\_pl@yahoo.co.in">scs\_pl@yahoo.co.in</a> Alternate Email Id: service@satellitecorporate.com

Tel no.28520461-62

Dear Sir,

With reference to section 88(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 we give the following information.

Name	
Name of Joint Holder, if any	1.
	2.
Address	
Folio No.	
Contact No.	Res:Mob:
Email Id	
CIN RegistrationNo.(in case of companies)	
Unique Identification No.	
Father's/Mother's/Spouse Name	1.2.
Occupation	
Date of Birth	
Pan No.	
Nationality	
Bank Name	
Branch Name	
Account Number	
MICR Number	
RTGS/NEFT/FSC Code(attach cancelled cheque)	

Thanking You

Yours faithfully

Signature

Name of the shareholder

Note: Shareholders holding shares in demat mode are requested to update their above details in their Demat account



#### REMOTE E-VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

- \*. The Company is no longer a listed company on BSE Limited. The Company was delisted with effect from 14.06.2021. Since the Company has more than 1000 Shareholders, pursuant to the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended, this 89<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting is being held through Video Conferencing (VC), the Company will be providing e-voting facility in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder
- 1. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and MCA Circulars No 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 read with Circular no 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular no 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, Circular No 20/2021 dated December 08,2021, General Circular No. 10/2022, Dated December 28, 2022 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGMFor this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 2. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 3. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 4. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circulars the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.modernindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e.www.evotingindia.com.

#### THE INTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDRES FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- i. The voting period begins on 25th August, 2023 at 9.00 hrs and ends 27th August, 2023 at 17.00 hrs. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 21st August, 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, he shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. The voting rights of Members (for voting through remote e-voting before the AGM and e-voting during the AGM) shall be in proportion to their shares held in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on cut-off date i.e.21st August, 2023.
- ii. Shri P.N. Parikh, (Membership No. FCS 5327; CP No. 1228) or failing him Shri Mitesh Dhabliwala (Membership No. FCS 8331; CP No. 9511) or failing him Ms. Sarvari Shah, (Membership No. FCS 9697; CP No.11717) of Parikh and Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries have been appointed as the 'Scrutinizer' to scrutinize Remote e-voting process and also e-voting at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.



- iii. The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first scrutinise the votes cast at the AGM, thereafter unlock the votes cast through Remote e-voting and shall make not later than two working days of conclusion of the Meeting, a consolidated Scrutiniser's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing who shall countersign the same.
- iv. The results alongwith the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website at www.modernindia.co.in and on the website of CDSL at https://evoting.cdslindia.com/ immediately after declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing. The result shall also be placed on the
- v. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the AGM may also attend the meeting and participate in the AGM thorugh VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes once again on such resolutions.
- vi. Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act, 2013') read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 ('MGT Rules') have mandated Companies to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.
  - Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.
  - In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.????
- vii. E-Voting facility provided by Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email ld in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.</li> <li>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/ NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</li> </ol>



Type of shareholders	Login Method	
	3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is availableathttps://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration	
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Logic which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be ablessee e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting voting during the meeting.	
	If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a>	
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting	
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	u can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the	



Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- viii. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders.
  - 1. The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - 2. Click on "Shareholders" module.
  - 3. Now enter your User ID
    - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - 4. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - 5. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <a href="www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - 6. If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

Login type	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other than individual and Physical Form	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for b demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)	
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.	
Dividend Bank Details OR Date	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.	
of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).	



- ix. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- x. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- xi. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- xii. Click on the EVSN for the relevant Modern India Limited.
- xiii. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xiv. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xv. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xvi. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xvii. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xviii. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

# xix. Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -Remote Voting

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <a href="https://www.evotingindia.com">www.evotingindia.com</a> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a>.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter
  etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to
  the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; <a href="mailto:info@modernindia.co.in">info@modernindia.co.in</a>, if they have voted from
  individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.



# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERSATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- The procedure for attending meeting &e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote again at the AGM on such resolutions.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 6 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 6 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

# PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/ DEPOSITORIES.

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- 2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)



3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.Please note the important dates-

Event	Date	Time
CUT OFF DATE FOR VOTING	21 <sup>st</sup> August, 2023	17.00 hrs
EVOTING TO START	25 <sup>th</sup> August, 2023	09.00 hrs
EVOTING TO END	27th August, 2023	17.00 hrs
AGM DATE	28 <sup>th</sup> August, 2023	16.00 hrs



#### **BOARD'S REPORT**

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 89<sup>th</sup>Annual Report along with Audited Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS- Standalone

(Rs.in lakhs)

	Financial year 2022-23	Financial year 2021-22
Revenue from operations	12062.45	4100.07
Fair Valuation Gain (Net)	-	879.43
Other Income	1195.71	1405.34
Total Income	13258.16	6384.85
EBITDA	7900.57	1472.09
Depreciation	(319.97)	(377.13)
Finance Cost	(285.62)	(1162.64)
Profit /Loss before exceptional item and tax	7294.98	(67.68)
Provision for taxes / Deferred tax gain / (loss)/		
MAT Credit Entitlement w/o	1747.41	(111.28)
Profit/(Loss) after tax	5467.32	43.61
Other comprehensive Income	2.52	(1.05)
Total comprehensive Income	5469.84	42.56

# GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

The Company has various business verticals inter alia Real Estate and Infrastructure Development, Power Generation, Background Verification, Commodities Trading, International procurement solutions amongst others. The shares of the company were delisted and the trading of the Company's securities ceased from 14<sup>th</sup> June, 2021.

We are the pleased to inform you that in month of January, 2023 the Company achieved the certification of Best Place to Work.

# PERFORMANCE.

The year under review has been an eventful year, though overall the economic situation kept changing due to the international crises, be it the Ukraine Russia war or the meltdown in certain economies of the developed world consequent to this war and over scare of Covid making a comeback.

The GDP during 2022-23 is estimated at 7.2 percent as compared to a 8.9 percent estimated earlier. India's exports of both goods and services have been exceptionally strong in 2022-23.

With regard to the Company's Subsidiaries are doing well wherein Modern International(ASIA) Limited has recorded a profit of US\$ 125182 and the Business of the Verifacts Services Pvt ltd has continued to show upside and has recorded a profit of Rs 88.93 Lakhs.



The Company had entered into an Agreement with M/s. K. Raheja Corp Private Limited for redevelopment of property situated at Keshavrao Khadye Marg (Clerk Road) Mahalaxmi, Mumbai and in continuation of the said arrangement and being in requirement of funds to carry out the said development the Company had availed financial assistance from HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED (HDFC LTD) to the tune of Rs. 250,00,00,000/- (Rupees Two Hundred and Fifty crores Only) for the purpose of financing construction of its residential / commercial project on such terms and conditions as mutually agreed between the Company and HDFC Ltd, the said project is progressing as per plan and a soft launch of the same was done in November 2022.

The performance of the Company during the year under review, the revenue from operation was as Rs. 12062.45 Lakhs compared to Rs 4100.07 lakhs during the previous year 2021-22. Company has shown profit after tax to the tune of Rs 5467.32 Lakhs during the year under consideration.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE BLANCESHEET DATE**

The company has successfully received the accreditation of ISO 2009: 2015

#### **EVENTS DURING THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW**

#### **Update on Construction at Modern Centre:**

#### A) STATUS OF DEVELOPMENT PROJECT AT PLOT D1 -ERSTWHILE MODERN CENTRE

Development work is progressing as per plan and 7<sup>th</sup> habitable floor(as on date) have been constructed in Tower North and parking level 6 in Tower South

The company has all the necessary approvals and work is progressing at a brisk pace. RERA registration was done in February 2022 and 62 flats in Tower North and 21 flats in Tower South have been booked / sold (as on date) as per details which have been uploaded on the RERA site

## B) STATUS ON A2 PLOT, MAHALAXMI

Work on Plot A2 commenced on October 2022 and is progressing as per schedule, it will consist of one commercial building of 18 office floors with an additional tower of 29 floors for parking.

## C) UPDATE STATUS ON REHABILITATION OF CHAWLS

Along with development of plot D1 (earlier plot D) it had been decided to begin and complete the rehabilitation of the Chawls at Mahalaxmi. Company has decided to take the services of KRC as Project Management Company to advise, manage and implement development of rehabilitation portion of plot E. Currently talks are in progress with the chawl occupants and its expected that the PAAA will be signed soon and post that the work on redevelopment of the said site will also commence subject to obtaining necessary approvals from authorities and all the stake holders.

#### Update on NSEL crisis:

Subsequent to the reporting, small investors of the NSEL have been paid by the competent authority as per the orders of division bench of Bombay High Court.

Rs 1345.77 lacs is dues from NSEL the case continues to be sub-judiced

#### **Update on Solar Power Plant:**

The 3 MW plant is fully operational and it Continues to generate power as per schedule.



#### **Update on Investments:**

During the year under review our Company has subscribed to the non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of Candescent Properties Private Limited, Verifacts Estates Private Limited, Ignatius Developers Private Limited, Alcyone Realtors Private Limited.

#### CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There are no changes in the nature of Business during the year under review.

#### **EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

No other material events occurred subsequent to the date of Financial Statements

#### **DIVIDEND AND RESERVES**

The Company has earned profits this year under review and the Company wishes to share the happiness with shareholder of the Company therefore the Company recommends the Dividend at the rate of 100%(being 50% for the year 2022-23 and 50% for celebration of the Company completing 90years) on 37542750 shares of Rs.2/- each for the fully paid up for the year ended March 31, 2023."

#### **BOARD MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE**

During the year four Meetings of Board were held viz; on 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, 03rd August, 2022, 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2022, 10<sup>th</sup> February, 2023, and the gap between two Board meetings did not exceed 120 days.

The information pertaining to attendance of each director at the Board Meetings and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) and the number of companies and committees where he/she is a director/committee member are as under:

Names of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Last AGM Attendance(Yes/No)
Shri. Vijaykumar Jatia	Promoter Executive	4	Yes
Shri. Anand Didwania	Independent Non Executive	4	Yes
Shri P. K. Bubna	Non-Independent Non Executive	4	No
Smt. Gauri Jatia	Promoter Non Executive	3	No
Shri. S.D.Israni	Independent Non Executive	4	Yes
Shri. Kaiwan Kalyaniwala	Independent Non Executive	4	Yes
Shri. Sidhant Jatia	Executive Director	3	Yes
Shri. Mudit Jatia	Executive Director	4	Yes

#### **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANANGERIAL PERSONNEL**

The Companies Act, 2013 requires that the Independent Directors of the Company meet at least once a year without the presence of Executive Directors, the Non-Executive Director or the Management or the Promoters of the Company.

The Independent Directors of our Company met once during the year on 29.03.2023

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors have carried out the annual performance evaluation of all the Directors including Independent Directors, Non-executive non-Independent Directors, Executive Directors and Chairman and Managing Director and the Board as a whole.



#### **DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON ANNUAL BASIS**

The Company has received necessary declaration from each Independent Director of the Company under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013

# **COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD**

The Companies Act, 2013 provides for the formation and duties of various committees of the Board, the Company in compliance with the Act, already has the following Committees in existence as on 31st March, 2023 and all the committees have specific roles, duties and responsibilities.

The following are the various Committees of the Board viz.

Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Risk Management Committee and Investment and Finance Committee.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was constituted in January, 2001 and has been reconstituted from time to time. The current strength of the Audit Committee is four members. All the members of the Audit Committee are Non-Executive Directors. Two-thirds of the members of the Committee are Independent Directors. All the members of Audit Committee are financially literate and possess accounting and related financial management expertise.

The Audit Committee consists of:

Shri. Anand Didwania Chairman
Shri. Pradip Kumar Bubna Member
Shri. S. D. Israni Member
Shri. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla Member

The Chairman & Managing Director of the Company is a permanent Invitee of the Audit Committee. At the invitation of the Committee, representatives from various divisions of the Company, Internal auditors, Statutory Auditors and Chief Financial Officer also attend the Audit Committee meetings to respond to queries raised at the Committee meetings. Shri. Parind Badshah, SR. VP - CS & LEGAL acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

During the year under review four meetings were held on 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, 03<sup>rd</sup> August, 2022, 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2022, 10<sup>th</sup> February, 2023 The meeting was attended by all the members of the Committee.

#### NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was constituted in April, 2002 and has been reconstituted from time to time. The Committee currently comprises of four directors where majority are Independent Directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises:

Shri. S D Israni	Chairman
Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia	Member
Shri. Anand Didwania	Member
Shri. Kaiwan Kalyaniwala	Member



The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee include reviewing and recommending the terms of remuneration payable to the Executive Directors, the Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) based on the evaluation of their performance and senior management personnel including executives holding office of profit. The Committee also evaluates the performance of the Board of Directors. Shri. Parind Badshah, SR. VP - CS & LEGAL acts as the Secretary to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Company has Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Remuneration and other employee formulated by the Committee for determining Qualification, Positive Attributes and Independence of a Director and others which is available on the website of the Company <a href="https://www.modernindia.co.in">www.modernindia.co.in</a>

During the year under review two meetings were held on 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 and 10<sup>th</sup> February, 2023. The meeting was attended by all the members of the Committee.

#### STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

According to the provisions of section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, every company having more than 1000 shareholders/ debenture holders/ deposit holders and any other security holders is required to have a "Stakeholders Relationship Committee". The committee was constituted in June, 2002.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee considers and resolves the grievances of security holders of the Company. The Committee consists of the following directors:

Shri. Anand Didwania Chairman
Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia Member
Shri. Pradip Kumar Bubna Member

During the year, the Committee met once, on 14th November, 2022. The meeting was attended by all the members of the Committee.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

The Company has formed a risk management committee (though not mandated) constituted in October, 2014, to evaluate the various risk factors faced by the organization and how the same can be mitigated. The Committee comprises of the following directors:

Shri. S. D. Israni Chairman
Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia Member
Shri. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla Member

During the year, the Committee met once, on 30thMay, 2022. The meeting was attended by all the members of the Committee.

# **INVESTMENT AND FINANCE COMMITTEE**

The Investment and Finance Committee was constituted in August, 2017. The Committee currently comprises of five directors of the Company. The Investment and Finance Committee comprises:



Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman and Managing Director

Smt. Gauri Jatia Director
Shri. Pradip Kumar Bubna Director

Shri. Sidhant Jatia Executive Director

Shri. Mudit Jatia Executive Director

The terms of reference of the said Committee is to exercise powers of investment as per limits approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, review the Company's financial policies, risk assessment and minimization procedures, approve opening and operation of Investment Management Accounts with Banks, Financial Institutions, PMS, etc., Approve Opening, Closing and changes in signatories of the regular accounts with the banks for the purpose of carrying out business operations of the Company, exercise powers to borrow fund as per limits approved by the Board of Directors for the purpose of working capital requirements and strategic investments, Review regularly and give recommendations about changes to the charter of the Committee, to delegate Authority from time to time to the executives/ Authorized personnel to implement the Committee's decision, carry out any other functions as is mandated by the Board from time to time and/or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modifications as may be applicable.

All members of the committee attended the meeting which were held on weekly basis.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Company earlier had a CSR Committee which was later dissolved as per the rules and regulations applicable to the company. It may also be noted that the Company currently does not fall under the criteria of Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014 which mandates that CSR is applicable to the company satisfying any of the following criteria during the immediately preceding financial year: (i) net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or (ii) turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more, or (iii) net profit of rupees five crore or more. However, The year under review saw the company earning profits, whereby the Company has fallen under the purview of the Section 135 of the Companies, Act, 2013. Therefore the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 05.06.2023, Constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee with following Members-

- 1. Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia, Chairman
- 2. Smt. Gauri Jatia, Member
- 3. Shri. Anand Didwania, Member
- 4. Shri. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla, Member

As the company was not earning profits and as per the notification of the Govt, the earlier CSR committee was dissolved and as there were no profits, there was no sum / amount available for carrying out CSR activities as prescribed under the Law. Therefore for the year under review NIL CSR Report is attached herewith as Annexure 3 The Company has also adopted the Policy on Corporate Social Responsibility

# VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Companies Act, 2013 envisages a Vigilance Mechanism and accordingly keeping in view the above a Whistle Blower Policy ("the Policy") has been formulated with a view to provide a mechanism for employees of the Company to approach



and report the Violation to :-

- (i) immediate supervisor;
- (ii) Chairman of Audit Committee
- (iii) anonymously, by sending an e-mail to: vigilance@modernindia.co.in

All complaints / reports under this Policy will be promptly and appropriately investigated, and all information disclosed during the course of the investigation will remain confidential, except as necessary to conduct the investigation and take any remedial action, in accordance with applicable law.

#### During the year, the Company had not received any complaints

#### **POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT:**

To reinforce the Company's position as an equal opportunity employer and in the light of the increasing gender diversity it was felt necessary to articulate the Company's commitment by providing a workplace free of sexual harassment and therefore Company has adopted a policy statement on prevention of sexual harassment which is in Compliance with the Sexual harassment (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Supreme Court Directives.

The Internal Complaints Committee which was reconstituted by the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 14.11.2022, comprises of the following members:

Smt. Rani Mahey Presiding Officer

Smt. Renu Kapoor External Member

Smt. Pooja Maurya Member
Shri. Parind Badshah Member

The Committee organizes awareness programmers within the organization.

During the year, the Company had not received any complaints, necessary reports as required under law are filed with the statutory authorities.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In pursuance of section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby state that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departure.
- ii) appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied them consistently and the judgments and estimates made are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2023 and of its profit for the year ended as on that date;
- iii) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.



- v) Internal Financial Control have been followed by the Company and that such Internal Financial Controls are adequate and are operating effectively.
- vi) Directors have devised proper system to ensure Compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system are adequate and operating effectively.

#### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

Detailed note on Internal Financial Control is given in the Management Discussion Analysis which a part of this report. The Statutory Auditors M/s. M. L. Sharma and Company., Chartered Accountants also carry out the Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting as required under the Act and the Auditors have given their report to the Board and based on which the Directors have stated in their Directors Responsibility Statement that the Internal Financial Control have been followed by the Company and that such Internal Financial Controls are adequate and are operating effectively.

#### **REPLY TO AUDITORS' QUALIFICATION**

With reference to the amount of Rs 1345.77 Lakhs (net of Rs 107.35 lakhs recovered till date) is outstanding as trade receivables in respect of commodity trading transactions on NSEL, considering the uncertainties involved in making any reliable estimate of amount recoverable, provision, if any, will be considered at an appropriate time, other basis of resultant outcome. Until then the dues are considered good.

#### **SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

#### MODERN INTERNATIONAL (ASIA) LIMITED, HONG KONG (MIAL)

Modern International (Asia) Limited [MIAL] is actively involved in the B2B segment Business. MIAL sources products viz textile, machinery, furniture, luggage, building /construction material, gift articles etc. primarily from China and other Countries and exports it to its clientele in other countries. Impact of the pandemic took its toll on the revenue of the Company and the hesitancy of dealing with China continues hence trade took a hit however the Company has managed to do well by increasing its turnover.

The Company achieved sales/ turnover of **USD11,656,653** for the year 2022-23 as against USD11,137,297 for the year 2021-22. The Company made a profit after tax of **USD125182** as against a profit of USD96554 in the previous financial year Efforts are being made to further increase the turnover in the coming year. The Company will continue to monitor the situation closely and take appropriate action as per regulatory guidelines.

#### STEPDOWN SUBSIDIARY - Modern International (Vietnam) Company Ltd

As informed earlier, Modern International (Vietnam) Company Ltd was incorporated on 17th October 2019 and it became step down subsidiary of our Company. Business is slowly picking up and it is expected that the Vitenam company will soon achieve its targeted potential.

The Company achieved revenues from sales of goods and rendering of services of VND345000000 for the year 2022-23 as against VND 12,00,00,000 for the year 2021-2022

# **VERIFACTS SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED**

Verifacts Services Private Limited, a wholly- owned subsidiary of Modern India Limited is a human resources consulting company providing background/ antecedents verification services. The Business continued to show an upside trend and looked positive, however in the middle of the year especially from the third quarter onward the business was hit by a



downturn as the IT companies decided to trim their work forces and they delayed fresh recrutiments which in turn led to a drop in volume, however the Management is tackling this issue by also concerntrating on offering its services to various other industries

There were 857 Clients active on VIBE and 34 clients are using the system actively. 60 Vendors are also active on VIBE.

The ISO 27001 Surveillance audit was completed in November with no major observations

Attrition was a cause of concern, it was high due to work pressure and better opportunities, but the challenges on this front are being met.

Steps have been taken to bring more efficiency in the system. Significant positive outcome from these initiatives and efforts would be reflected in the coming years.

During the year Chennai branch and Kolkatta branch has been expanded / enlarged to meet the demands of growth in these regions

During the year under review, the Verifacts Services Pvt Ltd has achieved a turnover of **2409.72 Lakhs compared to Rs 2049.47 lakhs.** The profit after tax is Rs. 83.40 lakhs as compared to **Rs 122.25 lakhs** earlier.

#### **ASSOCIATE COMPANIES**

The Company does not have any associate companies nor does it have any existing joint venture as on 31st March, 2023.

Details of the Companies which have become / ceased to be its Subsidiary/ JV/ Associate Company.

During the year no other company became / ceased to be the subsidiary / JV / Associate Company. The company now has only two wholly owned subsidiary and one step down subsidiary.

#### Details of existing subsidiaries are given below:

#### Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

#### Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

# Part "A": Subsidiaries

		Modern International (Asia) Limited(in USD)	Verifacts Services Private Limited (in Rs Lakhs)
I	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	NA	N A
2	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	For Asset USD 82.18 For Liability USD 82.18	N A



3	Share capital	USD 1280000	Rs.50.00
4	Reserves & surplus	USD 1430486	Rs 1201.61
5	Total assets	USD 4304884	Rs 2342.76
6	Total Liabilities	USD 1624398	Rs 1091.15
7	Investments	USD 30000	Rs 978.89
8	Turnover	USD11656653	Rs 2409.72
9	Profit before taxation	USD 125182	Rs 105.41
10	Profit after taxation	USD125182	Rs 83.93
11	Proposed Dividend	NIL	50%
12	% of shareholding	100%	100%

#### For ModernIndia Limited

#### Sd/-

Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman and Managing Director DIN:00096977

#### **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As required pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules,2014, an extract of Annual Return in MGT-9 is available on official website: <a href="www.modernindia.co.in">www.modernindia.co.in</a> and also attached to this Board Report as an Annexure I.

#### **AUDITORS' APPOINTMENT/RATIFICATION**

# STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/S .Khandelwal Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN105049W) the existing Statutory Auditor of the Company were appointed as auditor by the Members to hold office from conclusion of 88th Annual General Meeting until conclusion of 93rdAnnual General Meeting.

## SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Report on Secretarial Audit for the year 2022-23 conducted by M/s. Parikh & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries is annexed to this Report as an **ANNEXURE -2**.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGOINGS.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 134 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement giving requisite information is given in **ANNEXURE** 'A' forming part of this Report.



**FIXED DEPOSITS:** During the year under review, the Company has neither accepted nor renewed any Fixed Deposits, under Section 73 & 74 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS/ COURT OR TRIBUNALS

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or Court or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company have duly complied with the Provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company has taken / given

SECURED LOANS (Taken) Rs.

Secured Borrowings (Non-Current): 78.96 Lakhs

Secured Borrowings (Current): 10630.81 Lakhs

unsecured Borrowings (Current): NIL

secured current maturities of

long -term debt: 44.73 Lakhs

TOTAL: 10754.5 Lakhs

SECURED LOANS (Given): NIL

UNSECURED LOANS (given): 113.13 Lakhs

CURRENT INVESTMENTS: NIL

NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS: 17989.42 Lakhs

**GUARANTEES:** Corporate Guarantee for USD 5 million given to Indian Overseas Bank for credit facility availed by overseas Subsidiary Modern International (Asia) Limited.

Note: Corporate Guarantee of Rs 450 Crore given by Modern India Ltd to HDFC Ltd on behalf of K Raheja Corp Ltd.

Corporate guarantee received by the Company from K Raheja Corp Ltd of Rs 250 Crore for Credit Facility taken by the Company from HDFC Ltd.

**SECURITIES EXTENDED:** The guarantees are secured against Land and flats to be constructed and for other borrowings, the same is secured by Hypothecation of investments in units of Mutual Fund and land situated at Plot D1, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai

## **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

Risk is an integral and unavoidable component of business and the Management is committed to managing the risk in a proactive and effective manner. The Board of Directors in its Meeting held on 18.05.2015 constituted the "Risk Management Committee" and adopted the Risk Management Policy. The objective is to identify and mitigate the risk. The Company has adopted a systematic approach to mitigate risk associated with accomplishment of objective, operations, revenues and regulations.



#### PARTICULARS OF CONTRACT AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of contracts and arrangements with related parties is given in form AOC-2 as ANNEXURE-4

#### **FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION**

The Board of Directors pursuant to Section 134 (3)(p) of the Companies Act, 2013 conducts an evaluation of the Board as a whole, its Committees as well as the performance of each individual director in the first meeting of the Board in the new financial year. The Independent directors at their meeting held in March 2015 had laid down the criteria / parameters for conducting the said evaluation which was accepted by the Board and thereafter the evaluation was conducted. The performance of the Directors and their role and the performance of the Committees were found satisfactory and in turn the overall performance of the Board was also satisfactory.

#### **DISCLOSURE ABOUT COST AUDIT**

Cost Audit is not Applicable to the Company.

#### RATIOS OF REMUNERATION TO EACH DIRECTOR

The Directors of the Board receive sitting fees for attending the meeting of the Board and its various Committees. Shri Vijay Kumar Jatia who is the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company pursuant to Section 196, 197 and the Amended Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, the remuneration of Rs 1.68 Crore per annum plus other perquisites as approved by the members of the Company. During the year Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia drew a total remuneration of Rs 16210280/-.

In view of this, only one ratio of remuneration of the director (Managing Director) with the median of the employees is possible which is enclosed as **ANNEXURE- 5**.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE: NOT APPLICABLE

**Compliance with Secretarial Standards** During the year under review, the Company has complied with all the applicable Secretarial Standards.

ISSUE OF SWEAT EQUITY SHARES/ISSUE OF SHARES WITH DIFFERENTIAL RIGHTS/ISSUE OF SHARES UNDER EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION SCHEME.

The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares/Issue of Shares with Differential Rights/Issue of Shares under Employee's stock option scheme during the year under review.

#### DISCLOSURE ON PURCHASE BY COMPANY OR GIVING OF LOAN BY IT FOR PURCHASE OF ITS SHARES.

The Company has neither purchased nor given any loan to anyone for purchase of its shares.

#### **BUY BACK OF SHARES**

The Company has not considered any proposal for buyback of shares during the year under review.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion and Analysis of the events, though not applicable to the Company but as a good governance, the management is of the view that the same needs to be disclosed and forms part of the Annual Report and is annexed to this Report as **ANNEXURE - B** 



#### **GREEN INITIATIVE**

Your Company has taken the initiative of going green and minimizing the impact on the environment. The Company has been circulating the copy of the Annual Report in electronic format to all those Members whose email addresses are available with the Company. Your Company would encourage other Members also to register themselves for receiving Annual Report in electronic form.

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

Your directors wish to place on record their sincere thanks to the Valued Customers, Suppliers, Bankers, Central Government, State Governments and various Consultants and Business Associates for their continued support, co-operation and guidance during the year under review. Your directors also wish to thank their employees and executives at all levels for their valuable contributions.

Mumbai

Date:05.06.2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

Registered Office: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman point, Mumbai-400021.



# ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE BOARDS' REPORT

INFORMATION AS PER SECTION 134 READ WITH COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014 AND FORMING PART OF THE BOARDS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

#### 1. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT:

As the Company has no manufacturing activities, the provisions of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014 relating to Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Research & Development do not apply to your Company.

#### 2. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

(a) Activities relating to exports : There were no activities related to exports during the period under review.

Initiatives taken to increase exports : Continuous efforts to identify new markets for existing and new products

are being made by the Company.

Development of new markets for : Efforts are being made to develop market for various products of the products & services & Export plans subsidiary Company in the USA, Vietnam, South East Asia & Middle East.

(b) Total Foreign Exchange:

(i) Earnings : Nil

(ii) Outgoings : 8772480.26



#### **ANNEXURE-B**

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Please Note: Since the Company is delisted with effect from 14th June 2021 the provision of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 don't apply to the Company, however Management is of the view that the same complied with so as to maintain the Good Governance principles being followed by the Company)

#### INDUSTRY STRUCTURE, DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK

Post covid there were various challenges however our company under the able guidance of our Chairman and MD and the Board of Directors has helped the company overcome a difficult phase and we are poised for growth.

The years 2020 & 2021 were difficult however the year under review has seen various ups and downs as the world economy is in shambles due to the Ukraine Russia war, meltdown in the european union, the US facing a debt crisis, UK facing internal strife, etc post COVID-19 pandemic, IT industry has been hit by a down turn and erratic cliamtic conditions worldwide which has caused an havoc across economies of the world.

Despite the economic devastation caused by the virus, India's agile response has been commendable, especially as the country rallied to manage a <u>deadly second wave</u> of the virus early in 2021. The scare in 2022 was met head on and India is moving ahead in the world economic order, we are now the 5<sup>th</sup> largest ecomony of the world and we are now seen as a global leader, wherein all countries look up to India to gauge where the wind is blowing

#### **OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS**

#### THE REAL ESTATE BUSINESS

Spurt in construction activity, various projects are being launched and demand for flats with amenties is on the rise, though the market has been hit with an upward trend in the interest cost on home loans having risen to 8.7% from a low of 6.5%

The go to business currently is the real estate sector and our company is trying to leverage this to our advantage.

#### TRADING

Though upheaval exists, the global trading environment is very encouraging. Indian export companies are flooded with orders and Indian economy is growing as suggested by the recent Morgan Stanley report.

Fabrics, yarn, luggage, furniture, building materials and other merchandise are the drivers for improved operations

#### SOLAR POWER

Business of solar power has been a challenge as solar manufacturing sector is very competitive. Lack of favorable solar manufacturing policy, continued imports of solar, inequality in GST on solar equipment, introduction of manufacturing linked solar tenders, forcibly keeping solar bidding tariff down, lack of R&D and performance testing facilities in India, issues in implementing BIS certification, lack of availability of export incentive mechanism are few of the challenges that the industry.

Power generation during the current year 2022-2023 is 3371166 kwhas compared to 2021-2022 3693053Kwh, This is a



normal reduction in power generation due to monsoon, low solar radiation due to cloud cover during the year under review. This is a natural risk associated with the weather and we can't do much to mitigate the same other than ensuring that the plant is well maintained and services to maximum output.

#### Segment wise Performance

Revenue and expenses have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Revenue and expenses which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis have been included under "Un-allocable/Corporate". There are no inter-segment revenues and, therefore, the basis of their measurement does not arise.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr.	Particular	Real Estate	Trading	Renewable	Unallocated/	Total
No.				Energy	Corporate	
i	Segment Revenue	9029.11	2824.52	150.25	58.57	12062.45
ii	Segment Result	8900.93	30.34	(95.28)	(1541.01)	7294.90
iii	Segment Assets	15350.81	1622.31	621.72	19043.27	36638.11
iv	Segment Liabilities	27546.28	130.44	21.83	3419.19	31117.75

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company can be exposed to various business risks which might threaten its business continuity if not identified promptly and addressed on time. Therefore, the company follows a proactive risk management policy, aimed at protecting its investor's, employees, assets and the environment while at the same time ensuring growth and continuity of its business.

Regular updates of perceived risks are made available to the Board at the Board Meeting and in special cases on ad-hoc basis. The Risk Management Committee is entrusted with the responsibility of evaluating the various risk faced by the organization and also consider the ways and means to mitigate the same. The Management in consultation with the Board is taking all necessary actions to mitigate the risk posed by the pandemic and the company also adopted the work from home policy and judicious mix of work from home and physical attendance in office.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Modern India Limited has a well-defined organization structure, documented policy guidelines, predefined authority levels, and an extensive system of internal controls which helps in ensuring optimal utilization and protection of resources, IT security, accurate reporting of financial transactions and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

We have adequate systems of internal control in place. This is to ensure that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are authorized, recorded, and reported correctly.

Company has an exhaustive budgetary control system. Actual performance is reviewed with reference to the budget by the management on an on-going process basis.



The internal audit function is empowered to examine the adequacy, relevance and effectiveness of control systems, compliance with policies, plans and statutory requirements.

The top management and the Audit Committee of the Board review the findings and recommendations of the internal auditor.

As required by the Companies Act, 2013, an audit of the Internal Financial Control was also carried out by the Statutory Auditor of the Company for the year 2022-23.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCE /INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS**

Your Company firmly believes that success of a company comes from good Human Resources. Employees are considered an important asset and key to its success. HR Department has been strengthened for sourcing and developing high calibre employees providing them relevant training for encashment of their competence and facilitating their assessment process through an effective Performance Management System (PMS) and by conducting monthly presentation which helps develops the overall personality of the employees and helps to maintain inter-personal relations between the employees. Company aims to remain lean and dynamic in a continuing de-layered structure. The employee relations continued to be satisfactory.

#### **OUTLOOK**

The Company has diversified itself into various businesses and aims to make optimum utilization of the opportunities that it shall come across during the conduct of its business activities thereby eliminating or avoiding the threats posed before it with a view to ensure maximum utilization of the investor's wealth.

# **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

Statement in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectation may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable statutory laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include economic conditions and price conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which company operates, changes in the Government regulations, tax laws and other statutes and other incidental factors.



#### **ANNEXURE - 1**

# Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

#### as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

CIN: U17120MH1933PLC002031
 Registration Date: 24.10.1993

3. Name of the Company: Modern India Limited

- 4. Category/Sub- Category of the Company: Business and Commercial
- 5. Address of the Registered Office of the Company: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021.
- 6. Email: info@modernindia.co.inPh no: 022-67444200; Fax:67444300; website: www.modernindia.co.in
- 7. Whether listed Company: No
- 8. Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agents, if any:

Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited

A/106-107, Dattani Plaza, East West Indl. Compound, Andheri Kurla Road,

Safed Pool, Sakinaka, Mumbai-400072

E-mail: scs\_pl@yahoo.co.in Alternate Email Id : service@satellitecorporate.com

Tel no.28520461-62.

CIN: U65990MH1994PTC077057 Email: service@satellitecorporate.com

# II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the	
	of main products / services		Company	
1	Trading	46411	23.41	
2	Real Estate	68100	75.34	
3	Renewable Energy	35105	1.25	
	Total	-	100	

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

S. NO	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THECOMPANY	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY/ ASSOCIATE	% OF Shares Held	APPLICABLE SECTION
1	Verifacts Services Private Limited	U74140KA2005PTC035878	SUBSIDIARY	100.00	2(87)
2	Modern International (Asia) Limited	-	SUBSIDIARY	100.00	2(87)

Modern International (Vietnam) Co. Ltd is the step down subsidiary of Modern India Ltd



# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i) Category-wise share holding

# STATEMENT SHOWING- SHAREHOLDING PATTERN 31.03.2023

Category of Shareholder	No of s	hares held at th	ne beginning of t	he year	No o	of shares held a	nt the end of the	year	% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	-
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	1274043	0	1274043	3.39	1274043	0	1274043	3.39	0.00
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) State Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) Bodies Corporates	33915296	0	33915296	90.34	34001402	0	34001402	90.57	0.23
e) Banks/Fl	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f) Persons Acting In Concert									
(Corp.Bodies)	0	3500	3500	0.01	0	0	0	0.00	-0.01
Sub Total : A(1)	35189339	3500	35192839	93.74	35275445	0	35275445	93.96	0.22
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI - Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Other - Individuals	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Bodies Corporates	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) Banks/Fl	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub Total : A(2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Shareholding of									
Promoters									
(A) = (A)(1) + (A)(2)	35189339	3500	35192839	93.74	35275445	0	35275445	93.96	0.22
B. Public Shareholding									
(1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Banks/Fl	753203	15325	768528	2.05	753203	15325	768528	2.05	0.00
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) State Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
g) FIIs	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
h) Foreign Venture									
Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
i) Any Other (Specify)									
Sub Total : B(1)	753203	15325	768528	2.05	753203	15325	768528	2.05	0.00



# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i) Category-wise share holding

# STATEMENT SHOWING- SHAREHOLDING PATTERN 31.03.2023

Category of Shareholder	No of s	hares held at th	ne beginning of t	he year	No	of shares held a	at the end of the	year	% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	-
(2) Non - Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporates									
ai) Indian	21070	1225	22295	0.06	1942	1175	3117	0.01	-0.05
aii) Overseas	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Individuals									
bi) Individual Shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital upto Rs. 1 Lakh	394819	283850	678669	1.81	325154	241725	566879	1.51	-0.30
bii) Individual Shareholders									
holding nominal share capital									
in excess of Rs. 1 Lakh	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Any Other (Specify)									
c-1) Firm	303	0	303	0.00	9510	0	9510	0.03	0.02
c-2) Hindu Undivided									
Families (Huf)	18323	625	18948	0.05	18598	625	19223	0.05	0.00
c-3) Investor Education									
And Protection Fund	857438	0	857438	2.28	887513	0	887513	2.36	0.08
c-4) Non Resident Indians									
(Non Repatriable)	3060	0	3060	0.01	11940	0	11940	0.03	0.02
c-5) Non Resident Indians									
(Repatriable)	670	0	670	0.00	595	0	595	0.00	0.00
Sub Total : B(2)	1295683	285700	1581383	4.21	1255252	243525	1498777	3.99	-0.22
Total Public Shareholding									
(B) = (B)(1) + (B)(2)	2048886	301025	2349911	6.26	2008455	258850	2267305	6.04	-0.22
C. Shares held by Custodian									
for GDRs & ADRs									
a) Promoter & Promoter Group	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Public	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub Total : (C)(1)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Shareholding of Shares									
held by Custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs (C)=(C)(1)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Grand Total (A + B + C)	37238225	304525	37542750	100.00	37283900	258850	37542750	100.00	0.00



# ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name		Shares held nning of the			Shares held nning of the		% Change during the
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encum- bered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encum- bered to total shares	year
1	SIDHANT VIJAYKUMAR JATIA	121500	0.32	0.00	121500	0.32	0.00	0.00
2	VIJAYKUMAR MAHABIR							
	PRASAD JATIA	842005	2.24	0.00	842005	2.24	0.00	0.00
3	IGNATIUS TRADING COMPANY							
	PRIVATE LTD	1636500	4.36	0.00	1636500	4.36	0.00	0.00
4	MUDIT VIJAY KUMAR JATIA	121500	0.32	0.00	121500	0.32	0.00	0.00
5	F PUDUMJEE INVESTMENT							
	COMPANY PVT LIMITE	8676786	23.11	0.00	8725407	23.24	0.00	0.13
6	ALCYONE TRADING							
	COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED	1530000	4.08	0.00	1530000	4.08	0.00	0.00
7	CAMELLIA MERCANTILE							
	PRIVATE LIMITED	1635591	4.36	0.00	1635591	4.36	0.00	0.00
8	SARAT LEASING AND FINANCE							
	PRIVATE LIMITE	9392665	25.02	0.00	9412390	25.07	0.00	0.05
9	SHREE RANI SATI INVESTMENT							
	AND FINANCE P	9517254	25.35	0.00	9531514	25.39	0.00	0.04
10	GAURI JATIA	174038	0.46	0.00	174038	0.46	0.00	0.00
11	CANDESCENT TRADERS							
	PRIVATE LIMITED	1530000	4.08	0.00	1530000	4.08	0.00	0.00
12	VEDANT JATIA	15000	0.04	0.00	15000	0.04	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	35192839	93.74	0.00	35275445	93.96	0.00	0.22



# (iii) Change in Promoters Shareholding

Sr.				No.of Share	s held at the	Cumulative	Shareholding
No.				beginning	of the year	during	the year
		Name of Promoter's	As On Date	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
1	At the beginning of the year	ALCYONE TRADING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED	01-04-2022	1530000	4.08	1530000	4.08
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year			NIL		NIL	
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			1530000	4.08
2	At the beginning of the year	CAMELLIA MERCANTILE PRIVATE LIMITED	01-04-2022	1635591	4.36	1635591	4.36
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year			NIL		NIL	
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			1635591	4.36
3	At the beginning of the year	CANDESCENT TRADERS PRIVATE LIMITED	01-04-2022	1530000	4.08	1530000	4.08
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year			NIL		NIL	
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			1530000	4.08
4	At the beginning of the year	F PUDUMJEE INVESTMENT COMPANY PVT. LTD	01-04-2022	8676786	23.11	8676786	23.11
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year		22/04/2022 06/05/2022 20/05/2022	5517	0.00 0.01 0.00	8677536 8683053 8683671	23.11 23.13 23.13
			10/06/2022 08/07/2022 29/07/2022	33286 6425	0.00 0.09 0.02	8685446 8718732 8725157	23.13 23.22 23.24
	At the End of the year		17/02/2023 31/03/2023		0.00	8725407 8725407	23.24 23.24
5	At the beginning of the year	IGNATIUS TRADING COMPANY PRIVATE LTD	01-04-2022		4.36	1636500	4.36



# (iii) Change in Promoters Shareholding

Sr.				No.of Share	s held at the	Cumulative	Shareholding
No.				beginning	of the year	during	the year
		Name of Promoter's	As On	No. of	% of total	No. of	% of total
			Date	Shares	shares of	Shares	shares of
					the		the
					company		company
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			1636500	4.36
6	At the beginning of the year	SARAT LEASING AND	01-04-2022	9392665	25.02	9392665	25.02
		FINANCE PRIVATE					
		LIMITED					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease		06/05/2022	2556	0.01	9395221	25.03
	in Promoters Share holding		20/05/2022	301	0.00	9395522	25.03
	during the year		10/06/2022	675	0.00	9396197	25.03
			08/07/2022	16193	0.04	9412390	25.07
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			9412390	25.07
7	At the beginning of the year	SHREE RANI SATI	01-04-2022	9517254	25.35	9517254	25.35
		INVESTMENT AND					
		FINANCE P					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease		06/05/2022	1848	0.00	9519102	25.36
	in Promoters Share holding		20/05/2022	406	0.00	9519508	25.36
	during the year		10/06/2022	300	0.00	9519808	25.36
			08/07/2022	11706	0.03	9531514	25.39
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			9531514	25.39
8	At the beginning of the year	VIJAYKUMAR	01-04-2022	842005	2.24	842005	2.24
		MAHABIR PRASAD					
		JATIA					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	842005	2.24
9	At the beginning of the year	SIDHANT	01-04-2022	121500	0.32	121500	0.32
		VIJAYKUMAR JATIA					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			121500	0.32



# (iii) Change in Promoters Shareholding

Sr.				No.of Share	es held at the	Cumulative	Shareholding
No.				beginning	of the year	during	the year
		Name of Promoter's	As On	No. of	% of total	No. of	% of total
			Date	Shares	shares of	Shares	shares of
					the company		the company
10	At the beginning of the year	VEDANT JATIA	01-04-2022	15000	0.04	15000	0.04
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			15000	0.04
11	At the beginning of the year	MUDIT VIJAY	01-04-2022	121500	0.32	121500	0.32
		KUMAR JATIA					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			121500	0.32
12	At the beginning of the year	GAURI JATIA	01-04-2022	174038	0.46	174038	0.46
	Date wise Increase / Decrease			NIL		NIL	
	in Promoters Share holding						
	during the year						
	At the End of the year		31/03/2023			174038	0.46

# **DETAIL OF TOP 10 SHAREHOLDERS**

# Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

			No.of Shares held at the		Cumulative Shareholdir	
			beginning of	the year	during	the year
F F b - f +b - T 40	Name of Shareholder's	As On	No. of Shares % of total		No. of	% of total
For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Name of Shareholder's	Date	No. of Shales	shares of	Shares	shares of
ona.ono.oo				the		the company
				company		
At the beginning of the year	INVESTOR	01-04-2022	857438	2.28	857438	2.28
	EDUCATION AND					
	PROTECTION FUND A					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		21/10/2022	30075	0.08	887513	2.36
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	887513	2.36



				s held at the of the year		Shareholding the year
For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Name of Shareholder's	As On Date	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
At the beginning of the year	STATE BANK OF	01-04-2022	753200	2.01	753200	2.01
	INDIA SAMB					
	BANGALORE					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in			NIL		NIL	
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	753200	2.01
At the beginning of the year	MODERN INDIA	01-04-2022	9921	0.03	9921	0.03
	LIMITED-DELISTING					
	OFFER ESC					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		15/04/2022	1325	0.00	11246	0.03
Share holding during the year		06/05/2022	-9916	0.03	1330	0.00
		13/05/2022	50	0.00	1380	0.00
		20/05/2022	10462	0.03	11842	0.03
		27/05/2022	9542	0.03	21384	0.06
		03/06/2022	13084	0.03	34468	0.09
		10/06/2022	19792	0.05	54260	0.14
		17/06/2022	6925	0.02	61185	0.16
		08/07/2022	-61185	0.16	0	0.00
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	0	0.00
At the beginning of the year	HARIDAS VELJI	01-04-2022	14425	0.04	14425	0.04
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		11/11/2022	-14425	0.04	0	0.00
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	0	0.00
At the beginning of the year	BANK OF INDIA	01-04-2022	11575	0.03	11575	0.03
Date wise Increase / Decrease in			NIL	NIL		
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	11575	0.03



			No of Share	es held at the	Cumulative	Shareholding
				of the year		the year
For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Name of Shareholder's	As On Date	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
At the beginning of the year	LALIT BHASIN	01-04-2022	9289	0.02	9289	0.02
Date wise Increase / Decrease in			NIL	NIL		
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	9289	0.02
At the beginning of the year	SEA WIND	01-04-2022	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TRADERS LLP					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		25/11/2022	9207	0.02	9207	0.02
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	9207	0.02
At the beginning of the year	SEA WIND TRADERS	01-04-2022	9207	0.02	9207	0.02
	PRIVATE LIMITED					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		25/11/2022	-9207	0.02	0	0.00
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	0	0.00
At the beginning of the year	AKHIL SURYAKANT	01-04-2022	5110	0.01	5110	0.01
	PARIKH					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in		29/04/2022	4016	0.01	9126	0.02
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	9126	0.02
At the beginning of the year	MAKIKEARSASP	01-04-2022	8400	0.02	8400	0.02
	MISTRY					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in			NIL		NIL	
Share holding during the year						
At the End of the year		31/03/2023	0	0.00	8400	0.02



# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SR NO		Shareholding a beginning of th		Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
1	Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia	No. of shares % of total shares of the company		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the year	842005	2.24	842005	2.24	
	Date wise Increase/Decrease in Shareholding during the yearspecifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g.allotment / transfer / bonus/sweatequity etc):	-	-	-	-	
	At the End of 31.03.2022 year	842005	2.24	842005	2.24	

SR NO		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
2	Smt. Gauri Jatia	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the year	174038	0.46	174038	0.46	
	Date wise Increase/Decrease in Shareholding during the yearspecifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g.allotment / transfer / bonus/sweatequity etc):	-			-	
	At the end of 31.03.2022 year	174038	0.46	174038	0.46	

SR NO		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Share during the year	eholding
3	Shri. Pradip Kumar Bubna	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the end of 31.03.2022 year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL



SI NO		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
4	Shri. Nawal Kishore Deora	No. of shares % of total shares of thecompany		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year  Date wise Increase/Decrease in Shareholding during the yearspecifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g.allotment / transfer / bonus/sweatequity etc):	-	0.00	-	0.00
	At the end of 31.03.2022 year	25	0.00	25	0.00

SI NO		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
5	Shri Sidhant Jatia	No. of shares % of total shares of thecompany		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year  Date wise Increase/Decrease in Shareholding during the yearspecifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g.allotment / transfer / bonus/sweatequity etc):	121500	-	121500	-
	At the end of 31.03.2022 year	121500	0.32	121500	0.32

SI NO		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
6	Shri Mudit Jatia	No. of shares % of total shares of thecompany		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year  Date wise Increase/Decrease in Shareholding during the yearspecifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g.allotment / transfer / bonus/sweatequity etc):	121500	-	121500	0.32
	At the end of 31.03.2022 year	121500	0.32	121500	0.32



### V. INDEBTEDNESS

### Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(Amt. in Lakhs)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits*	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the				
financial year				
Principal Amount	10078.16	325.00	0	10403.16
Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
Interest accrued but not due	0	12.53	0	12.53
TOTAL(A)	10078.16	337.53	0	10415.69
Change in Indebtedness during the				
financial year				
Addition	3090.35	7.00	0	3097.35
Deduction	(2414.01)	(407.53)-	-	(2821.54)
Net Change	676.34	(337.53)	0	338.81
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
Principal Amount	10754.50	0	0	10754.50
Interest due but not paid	0	0	0	0
Interest accrued but not due	0	0	0	0
TOTAL (B)	10754.50	0	0	10754.50

<sup>\*</sup>An amount refundable as security deposit received from K. Raheja Corp Pvt Ltd for re-development of property of Mahalaxmi

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL
A Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

(Amt. in Rs)

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager			
No.					
		Vijay Kumar Jatia	Sidhant Jatia	Mudit Jatia	
1	Gross salary				
	Salary as per provisions contained in section				
	17(1) of the Income-tax Act,1961				
	2. Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act,1961				
	3. Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3)				
	Income-tax Act, 1961	8400000	4605440	4870016	
2	Stock Option	-			
3	Sweat Equity	-			
4	Commission1. as % of profit2. others, specify	-			
5	Others, please specify: Contribution to Provident Fund	7810280	3237750	3237750	
	Total (A)	16210280	7843190	7843190	
	Ceiling as per the Act	1,68,00,000	8400000	8400000	
	Note : As per approval of Central Govt.				



#### B. Remuneration to other directors:

Sr.	Particulars of Name of Directors				Total Amt		
No.	Remuneration	Indepe	Independent Directors			Non Executive Directors	
		Shri Anand	Shri S D	Shri Kaiwan	Shri Pradip	Smt Gauri	
		Didwania	Israni	Kalyaniwala	Bubna	Jatia	
	Fee for attending board /committee	480000	480000	480000	360000	120000	1920000
	meetings						
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	480000	480000	480000	360000	120000	1920000
	Overall Ceiling as per Act	As per sectio	As per section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013				

## C. Remuneration To Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Company Secretary	Chief Financial Officer	Total
1.	Gross salary	960000	960000	960000
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961			
	(b) Value of perquisites u/17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961			
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3)			
	Income-tax Act, 1961			
2.	Stock Option	-	-	
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	
4.	Commission-as % of Profit- others, specify	-	-	
5.	Others, please specify(Provident Fund)	3190076	3794816	6984892
	Total	41036752	4870016	8904892

### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

No penalties / punishment/ compounding of offences were levied on the Company.

## For Modern India Limited

Sd/-

Vijay Kumar Jatia

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN:00096977

Add: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021.



#### FORM No. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023

(Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To,

The Members,

#### MODERN INDIA LIMITED

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Modern India Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company, the information to the extent provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations,2011; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)



- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (vi) Other laws applicable specifically to the Company namely:
  - 1) Shops and Commercial Establishment Act.
  - Transfer of Property Act, 1882
  - 3) Indian Contract Act, 1872
  - 4) Municipal Local Laws.
  - 5) Electricity Act,2003 along with Govt of Maharashtra Industries, Energy and Labour Department –Government resolution No:-NCE-2015/C.R.49/Energy-7

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to board and general meetings.

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review.

Notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings other than those



held at shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

We further report that there are systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period no events occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc:

For Parikh & Associates

Company Secretaries

Place: Mumbai

Date: June 05, 2023

Signature:

Sarvari Shah

Partner

FCS No:9697 CP No:11717

UDIN: F009697E000458596

PR No.: 1129/2021

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and Forms an integral part of this report.

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#### 'Annexure A'

To,

The Members

#### **MODERN INDIA LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Parikh & Associates

Company Secretaries

Place: Mumbai

Date: June 05, 2023

Signature:

Sarvari Shah

Partner

FCS No:9697 CP No:11717

UDIN: F009697E000458596

PR No.: 1129/2021

**ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23** 

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### **ANNEXURE-3**

### **ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES**

The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2020 has inserted a provision in the principal Section of 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 whereby the mandate to constitute Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is no more applicable to a Companies whose CSR amount spent does not exceed fifty lakh rupees. In view of the same and due to absence of sufficient profits or allocation of any amount to the CSR activities the Board had dissolved the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee w.e.f 22<sup>nd</sup> January, 2021

During the period under review, the provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Company. Therefore, Nil Report is enclosed herewith.

As the section 135 of the Companies Act,2013 doesn't apply to the Company Annual Report on CSR is not applicable.



#### **ANNEXURE-4**

# **FORM NO. AOC.2**

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

All the material Related Party Transactions were on an arm's length basis and in the due course of business

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related Party and nature of relationship	Nature of the transaction/ contract/ arrangement	Duration of the contract/ transaction	Salient terms of the contract/arrangement/ transaction including the value, if any	Date(s) of the approval by Board, if any	Amount paid as advance, if any
1	Shri. SidhantJatia son of Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia, Chairman and Managing Director and Smt. GauriJatia, Director	Remuneration paid to the President of the Company	During the period under review	The remuneration paid to Executive Director of the Company for the period of 3 years w.e.f 17s June, 2021	17.06.2021 at Board Meeting and passed through special Resolution at AGM held on 31.08.2021	Rs. 7843190/- per annum
2	Shri. MuditJatia son of Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia, Chairman and Managing Director and Smt. GauriJatia, Director	Remuneration paid to the President of the Company	During the period under review	The remuneration paid to President of the Company for the period of 3 years w.e.f 1st October, 2017	17.06.2021 at Board Meeting and passed through special Resolution at AGM held on 31.08.2021	Rs. 7843190/- per annum
3	Modern International (Asia) Limited- 100%Subsidiary of Modern India Limited	Guarantee given	With effect from 31.03.2016	Agreement providing Corporate Guarantee to Indian Overseas Bank	23.03.2017	US \$ 5Million
4	Shri. Vijay kumar Jatia husband of Smt. Gauri Jatia	Payment of Salary	During the year under review	Payment of salary	Passed through Special Resolution at the AGM dt31.08.2021	Rs 1,62,10,280/- per annum
5	Smt. Gauri Jatia wife of Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia	Payment of Sitting fees	During the year under review	Payment of sitting fees for being non-executive Director	23.01.2015	Rs. 120000/- per annum
6	ShriNawal Kishore Deora Sr Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	Remuneration paid to the KMP of the Company	During the period under review	The remuneration paid to KMP of the Company	30.05.2022	Rs.4870016/- per annum



Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related Party and nature of relationship	Nature of the transaction/ contract/ arrangement	Duration of the contract/ transaction	Salient terms of the contract/arrangement/ transaction including the value, if any	Date(s) of the approval by Board, if any	Amount paid as advance, if any
7	Shri Parind Badshah SR. VP - CS & LEGAL	Remuneration paid to the KMP of the Company	During the period under review	The remuneration paid to KMP of the Company	30.05.2022	Rs. 41036752/- per annum
8	Maneksha Sethna Law firm	Legal Fees paid	During the period under review	Payment of professional fees for services rendered		Rs. 75,00,000/- per annum
9	SD Israni Law Chambers	Legal Fees paid	During the period under review	Payment of professional fees for services rendered	30.05.2022	Nil

#Shri Vijay Kumar Jatia had been reappointed for a period of three (3) years up to 31.07.2024 by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 17.06.2021 as Managing Director with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2021 and the Members at the 87<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on 31.08.2021. Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia is being paid a maximum remuneration of Rs.1.68 crores p.a

#### For ModernIndia Limited

Sd/-

Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman and Managing Director DIN:00096977

Add: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021



#### **ANNEXURE - 5**

# Information under section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5(1)of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

- a) The ratio of the Remuneration of each Director to the median Remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year.
  - Directors are entitled to sitting fees and commission. However it may be noted that the directors were not paid commission in the last three financial years. The median remuneration is Rs. 970310/-
- b) The percentage increase in Remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year.
  - The remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary was increased as per the percentage increase in the remuneration of all employees.
- c) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year was 5%.
- d) The number of permanent employees on payroll of the Company was 37n number.
- e) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;
  - There is no increase or decrease in average percentile in the year 2022-2023 due to the pandemic and its resultant impact in the Company operations.
- I) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.
  - The Remuneration paid is as per the remuneration policy adopted by the Company.



# STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF EMPLOYEES OF THE COMPANY:

(i) designation of the employee;	Mr Vijay Kumar Jatia – Chairman and Managing Director	Mr.Sidhant Jatia- Executive Director	Mr.Mudit Jatia- Executive Director
(ii) remuneration received;	Rs 1,62,10,280/-	Rs.7843190/-	Rs.7843190/-
(iii) nature of employment, whether contractual or otherwise;	3 years contract	3 years contract	3 years contract
(iv) qualifications and experience of the employee;	B Com – 48 years experience	ВВА	ВА
(v) date of commencement of employment;	Re-appointed on 01.08.2021	appointed on 17.06.2021	appointed on 17.06.2021
(vi) the age of such employee;	65 years	40years	37years
(vii) the last employment held by such employee before joining the company;	Pudumjee Pulp & Paper Industries Ltd.	-	-
(viii) the percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) above; and	2.24%	0.32%	0.32%
(ix) whether any such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager:	Smt Gauri Jatia -Director Shri SidhantJatia- Executive Director Shri Mudit Jatia Executive Director	Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia-Chairman and Managing Director Smt Gauri Jatia - Director Shri SidhantJatia- Executive Director Shri Mudit Jatia - Executive Director	Shri. Vijay Kumar Jatia-Chairman and Managing Director Smt Gauri Jatia - Director Shri SidhantJatia- Executive Director Shri Mudit Jatia Executive Director



The employee, if employed throughout the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for that year which, in the aggregate, was not less than sixty lakh rupees;		Yes	Yes
The employee, if employed for a part of the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for any part of that year, at a rate which, in the aggregate, was not less than five lacs rupees per month;	NA	NA	NA
The employee, if employed throughout the financial year or part thereof, was in receipt of remuneration in that year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company.	NA	NA	NA



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Modern India Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Modern India Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

An amount of Rs. 1345.77 lakhs (net of Rs. 107.35 lakhs recovered till March 31, 2023) is outstanding as trade receivables as at March 31, 2023 in respect of commodities trading transaction done on National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL). The Company had filed a representative suit in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for recovery of the same. On April 22, 2022 Hon'ble SC has passed an order wherein attached assets of holding company i.e. 63 Moons [erstwhile Financial Technologies Limited] against the dues of NSEL of by EOW [Economic offences Wing] is held valid. Further on May 4, 2022 Hon'ble SC passed a further order in the matter of recovery of dues from the defaulters / execution of decrees / sale of assets attached. Pending outcome of the legal suit and resolution of uncertainties involved, the management has considered the receivable as good for recovery. However, in the absence of appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to determine the extent of recovery possible in this case. (Refer note 8(i) of the standalone financial statements).

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India [ICAI] together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note 39 to the standalone financial statements regarding no provision made in respect of Inter Corporate Deposit (ICD/Loan) amounting to Rs. 56.77 lakhs (including interest accrued) which is overdue from Nine Globe



Industries Private Limited. The management is of the view that the said dues are fully recoverable and no provision is considered necessary for the reasons stated in the said note.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matter.

#### Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to determine the extent of recovery possible in NSEL matter. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to NSEL matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs



will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion
  on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of
  such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure 'A'**, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records of the Company;
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account;
  - d) Except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under;
  - e) The matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion and Emphasis of Matter paragraphs above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company;
  - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph;
  - h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **Annexure 'B'**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
  - i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
    - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act; and
  - j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:



- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2023 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note 8(i) and 27 to the standalone financial statements;
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts as at March 31, 2023 for which there were any material foreseeable losses - Refer Note 35 to the standalone financial statements;
- iii. During the year ended March 31, 2023, there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Refer Note 41(vii) to the standalone financial statements;
  - b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Refer Note 41(vii) to the standalone financial statements;
  - c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 105049W

Sd/-

Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner

Membership No. 502570

UDIN: 23502570BGXFEC4200

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



# Annexure 'A' referred in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Modern India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
  - (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
    - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets are physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of the Immovable properties as disclosed in Note 3(a) & 3(b) to the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company except for the following:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. in lakhs)	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held Indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company*
Land	244.00	Vijay	Promoter	April 01,	We have been informed that the
(Investment		Kumar	Director	2018	said Land taken over by the
Property)		Jatia			company, on amalgamation of wholly owned subsidiary, is continued to be held by the Promoter Director for and on behalf of the Company and the same will be transferred in the name of the Company upon obtaining various approvals from concerned authorities. [Refer note 3(b) of the standalone financial statements]

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.



- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable, and procedures and coverage followed by the management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the explanations given to us, during the year, the company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(ii)(b) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) During the year, the Company has made investments in, provided guarantee, unsecured loan to companies.
  - (a) (A) The aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such guarantee to subsidiary, is given as under:

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	Guarantee
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year	
- <u>Subsidiary</u>	
Guarantee given by the Company to Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of	
Modern International (Asia) Ltd.	# 313.98
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases	
- <u>Subsidiary</u>	
Guarantee given by the Company to Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of	
Modern International (Asia) Ltd.	4,109.00

# increase in guarantee on account of foreign exchange fluctuation

(B) The aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loan, guarantees or security to parties other than subsidiaries, are given as under:

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	Guarantees	Security	Loans/ICD
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year			
- Other than subsidiaries			
Nine Globe Industries Pvt Ltd	Nil	Nil	0.42
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect			
of above cases			
- Others than subsidiaries			
HDFC Limited	45,000.00	70,000.00	Nil
K. Raheja Corp Pvt Ltd	25,000.00	Nil	Nil
Nine Globe Industries Pvt Ltd	Nil	Nil	* 113.13

<sup>\*</sup> includes interest of Rs. 12.71 lakhs due thereon



- (b) Based on the information and explanations and in our opinion, the investments made, guarantee provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular as per stipulation.
  - In respect of Inter Corporate Deposit (ICD) by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are overdue as on March 31, 2023 in ICD granted to Nine Globe Industries Private Limited.
- (d) In respect of ICD granted to M/s Nine Globe Industries Private Limited by the Company, the total amount overdue for more than ninety days is Rs. 113.13 lakhs remaining outstanding including interest as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The company has not granted any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
  - During the Company has not granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loans and investments made and guarantees and security provided by it.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder to the extent notified. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) As informed to us by the management, the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Cess, Goods and Service Tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, Value Added Tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.

According to the records of the Company, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of above in arrears, as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Sales Tax and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited on account of disputes and the forum where the dispute is pending are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Statue	Nature of the Dues	Period to which the amount relates (Assessment Year)	Amount (in lakhs)	Forum where the dispute is pending
1	Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest thereon (Sec. 147)	2012-13	283.16	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)
2	CST (Bombay) Rules, 1957	CST and interest thereon	2015-16	8.56	Application for rectification filed with Assessing Officer
3	MVAT Act, 2002	VAT and interest & penalty thereon	2015-16	19.62	Application for rectification filed with Assessing Officer
4	Local Authority	NA Tax Demand	2015-2022	6.96	Grampanchyat/ Tahsildar, Aundh

- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix) (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loan or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used for long-term purposes by the company.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary companies.
  - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary companies.
- x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi) (a) We hereby confirm that to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
  - (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xii) As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv) In our opinion during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of



the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx) The Company is not required to spent money towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in compliance with Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 105049W

Sd/-

Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner

Membership No. 502570

UDIN: 23502570BGXFEC4200

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



Annexure 'B' referred in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Modern India Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Modern India Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly



reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 105049W

Sd/

Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner

Membership No. 502570

UDIN: 23502570BGXFEC4200

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



# Standalone Balance Sheet As at 31st March, 2023

		Standalone Dalance Sileet	ASalsi	Wai Cii, 2025	(7.1.1.1.		
	_				(₹ in Lakhs )		
	Ра	rticulars	Note No.	As at	As at		
Α	۸۵	SETS —		March 31, 2023	Ma <u>rch 31, 2022</u>		
Α	1	Non-current assets					
	(a)		3 (a)	1,099.49	1,192.47		
	(b)	Right of Use Assets	3 (a)	143.64	244.66		
	(c)	Capital work-in-progress	3 (a)	376.69	366.42		
	(d)	Investment Property	3 (b)	453.69	458.58		
	(e)	Intangible assets	4	0.12	0.18		
	(f)		<b>5</b> ( )	17.000.40	10 170 07		
		(i) Investments (ii) Others Financial Assets	5 (a)	17,989.42 303.07	10,176.37 299.59		
	(g)	(ii) Others Financial Assets Non Current Tax Assets (Net)	6 (a) 25	303.07	299.59 88.90		
	(y) (h)	Deferred tax assets (net)	25 25		1,089.93		
	(i)	Other non-current assets	6 (b)	405.08	298.04		
	(-)		0 (5)	20,771.22	14,215.16		
	2	Current assets					
	(a)	Inventories	7	11,816.77	9,756.52		
	(b)	Financial Assets	= " \		=		
		(i) Investments	5 (b)	1 045 40	712.60		
		(ii) Trade receivables	8	1,645.42	2,507.45		
		(iii) Cash and cash equivalents (iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	9 10	1,129.36 17.65	11.24 18.30		
		(v) Loans	10 11 (a)	56.77	84.54		
		(vi) Other Financial Assets	11 (b)	27.26	34.64		
	(c)	Other current assets	11 (c)	1,173.32	175.89		
	(0)	Carlot danom docoto	(5)	15,866.55	13,301.16		
		TOTALASSETS		36,637.77	27,516.32		
В	EQ	UITY AND LIABILITIES					
	1	Equity:					
		Equity Share capital	12	750.86	750.86		
	(a)	Other Equity TOTAL	13	4,769.14	(700.70)		
	2	Liabilities:		5,520.00	50.16		
	2	Non-current liabilities					
	(a)	Financial Liabilities					
	(ω)	(i) Borrowings	14 (a)	78.96	10,030.60		
		(ii) Lease Liabilities	()	54.54	177.18		
		(iii) Other financial liabilities	15 (a)	-	12,068.86		
	(b)	Provisions	16 (a)	100.99	60.20		
	(c)	Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	25	48.18	-		
	(d)	Other Non current liabilities	17 (a)		2,691.56		
	_	Ourse at the billities		282.68	25,028.39		
	3 (a)	Current liabilities Financial Liabilities					
	(a)	(i) Borrowings	14 (b)	10,675.54	385.08		
		(ii) Lease Liabilities	14 (0)	122.63	112.21		
		(iii) Trade payables		122.00	112.21		
		Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		-	-		
		Total outstanding dues of creditors other than					
		Micro and Small Enterprises	18	145.30	803.73		
		(iv) Other financial liabilities	15 (b)	17,376.51	112.35		
		Provisions	16 (b)	10.50	37.35		
		Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	25	418.73	-		
	(d)	Other current liabilities	17 (b)	2,085.87	987.05		
	TO	TAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		30,835.09 36,637.77	2,437.77 27,516.32		
Rasis		preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies	2		21,310.32		
basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies 2							

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
As per our report of even date attached
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 105049W
Manish Kumar Singhal
Partner
Mombership No. 503570

Sd/-Vice President - CS Place: Mumbai Date: 05<sup>th</sup> June, 2023

Sd/-Managing Director

Sd/-Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-Director

Membership No. 502570 Place: New Delhi Date: 07<sup>th</sup> June, 2023



# Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

-				
7	in	 a kı	he	١

				(₹ in Lakhs	
	Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022	
ı	INCOME				
	Revenue from operations	19	12,062.45	4,100.07	
	Fair Valuation Gain (Net)		-	879.43	
	Other Income	20	1,195.71	1,405.34	
	Total income		13,258.16	6,384.85	
П	EXPENSES				
	(a) Purchases of Stock-in-trade		2,778.18	3,769.39	
	(b) Changes in inventories of Stock-in-Trade	21	(1,005.96)	(8,544.47)	
	(c) Employee benefit expense	22	953.58	569.20	
	(d) Finance costs	23	285.62	1,162.64	
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	3 & 4	319.97	377.13	
	(f) Fair Valuation Loss (Net) / Impairment of Investme	nts	126.24	19.40	
	(g) Real Estate Business Expenses		1,672.91	8,482.95	
	(h) Other expenses	24	832.65	616.29	
	Total Expenses		5,963.18	6,452.52	
Ш	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax		7,294.98	(67.68)	
IV	Exceptional Items		-	-	
٧	Profit / (Loss) before tax		7,294.98	(67.68)	
VI	Tax Expense	25			
	(a) Current tax		700.00	-	
	(b) Deferred tax		1,057.02	(111.28)	
	(c) MAT Credit Entitlement Written off		80.25	-	
	(d) Tax Adjustments of prior year		(9.61)	-	
	Total Tax Expense		1,827.66	(111.28)	
VII	Profit / (Loss) for the year		5,467.32	43.61	
VIII	Other comprehensive Income / (Loss)				
	A Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to p	profit or loss			
	(i) Remeasurement of the net defined benefit pla	ins	3.37	(1.40)	
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be re	classified to profit or loss	(0.85)	0.35	
	B Items that will be reclassified subsequently to	profit or loss			
IX	Other comprehensive income for the year net of tax		2.52	(1.05)	
X	Total Comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		5,469.84	42.56	
ΧI	Earnings per equity share : (In Rupees)	26			
	(1) Basic (Face Value of '2/- each)		14.56	0.12	
	(2) Diluted (Face Value of '2/- each)		14.56	0.12	
	Basis of preparation, measurement and significant				
	accounting policies	2			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Sd/- Sd/Firm Reg. No. 105049W Managing Director

Manish Kumar Singhal
Partner Sd/- Sd/Membership No. 502570 Sd/Vice President - CS Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 502570 Vice President - CS
Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai

Date: 07th June, 2023 Date: 05th June, 2023



# Statement of Cash Flows for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

Statement of Sash Flows for the real chaed of	Wai Cii, 2020	/ <del>3</del> · · · · · ·
		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities	7,294.98	(67.60)
Profit/(Loss) before tax for the year Adjustments for:	1,294.90	(67.68)
Interest Expense	263.28	84.15
Unwinding of Finance costs relating to valuations of Security Deposit	200.20	1.046.82
Real Estate income on fair valuation of security deposit	_	(985.29)
Interest income recognized in profit or loss	(110.14)	(139.06)
Interest on financial Assets at Amortized Cost	(3.64)	(3.32)
Dividend income	(60.64)	(55.39)
Investment (income)/Loss recognized in profit or loss	(43.68)	(31.04)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(4.26)	`(2.55)
Net (gain)/loss arising on financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit of	r loss 126.24	(860.03)
Provision no longer required	(139.97)	(56.04)
Deferred Lease adjustments	3.48	3.48
Miscellanous Income (Lease Rent concession)		(7.50)
Bad Debt written off	136.76	56.04
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	28.18	28.18
Interest Expenses as per IND AS 116	22.34	31.67
Amortization as per IND AS 116 Depreciation and amortization of non-current assets	101.02 218.95	101.02 276.11
Depreciation and amortization of non-current assets	7,832.92	(580.44)
Movements in working capital:	1,032.32	(560.44)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	862.03	(820.97)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,005.96)	(8,544.47)
(Increase)/decrease in Other receivable	21.66	(1.67)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(1,111.42)	(177.33)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(658.43)	784.39
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	17.31	17.68
Increase in Security Deposit received	0.00	(0.00)
(Decrease)/increase in financial and non financial liabilities	2,552.63	(15.99)
Cash generated from operations	8,510.74	(9,338.81)
Income taxes paid	(182.76)	56.30
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities	8,327.98	(9,282.51)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7.10	5.40
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(134.14)	(52.97)
Payments for Intangible assets	(101.11)	(0.15)
Interest received	99.48	136.19
Dividends received from Subsidiary	25.00	25.00
Other dividends received	35.64	30.39
Proceeds/(Payments) for purchase of current and non current investments (Net)	(7,183.01)	37.05
Fixed Deposit with Banks	0.65	(5.36)
Other Loans Given		1.00
Inter corporate Deposit given	(0.41)	93.48
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(7,149.70)	270.01
Cash flows from financing activities (Repayment) / Proceeds from Current borrowings (Net)	(337.53)	334.64
(Repayment) / Proceeds from Non-Current borrowings (Net)	(1,363.79)	9,973.33
Repayment of Long Term borrowings	(1,303.73)	9,970.00
Dividend paid (including DDT)	(1.15)	(4.64)
Payment towards lease obligations	(134.55)	(119.74)
Interest paid	(263.28)	(84.15)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(2,100.29)	10,099.45
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(922.01)	1,086.94
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<u> </u>	(1,080.39)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(915.46)	6.55
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Note 9)	1,129.36	11.24
Loans repayable on demand	(2,044.82)	(4.68)
	(915.46)	6.55

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For Khandelwal Jain & Co. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Chartered Accountants** Sd/-Firm Reg. No. 105049W Manish Kumar Singhal **Managing Director** Director Partner Sd/-Sd/-

Membership No. 502570 Vice President - CS **Chief Financial Officer** 

Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai Date: 07th June, 2023 Date: 05th June, 2023



# Statement of changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

## A Equity Share Capital

	Equity Shares	₹ in Lakhs
	of ₹. 2/- each	
Paid up Capital as at April 1, 2021	37,542,750	750.86
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	· · · · -	-
Restated Balances at the beginning of previous reporting period	37,542,750	750.86
Changes during the year	-	-
Balance As at 31st March, 2022	37,542,750	750.86
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated Balances at the beginning of current reporting period	37,542,750	750.86
Changes during the year	-	-
Balance As at 31st March, 2023	37,542,750	750.86

# B. Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

	Reserves and Surplus					
	Capital Reserve	General Reserve		Capital Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
			Reserve			
Balance as at 1st April, 2021 (A)	231.44	317.59	(6.51)	8.91	(1,294.69)	(743.26)
Additions during the year						-
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	43.61	43.61
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(1.05)	(1.05)
Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-		-
Total Comprehensive income for the year (B)	-	-	-	-	42.56	42.56
Reduction during the year						-
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022 (D) = (A+B+C)	231.44	317.59	(6.51)	8.91	(1,252.13)	(700.70)
Balance as at 1st April, 2022 (A)	231.44	317.59	(6.51)	8.91	(1,252.13)	(700.70)
Additions during the year						-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	5,467.32	5,467.32
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	2.52	2.52
Total Comprehensive income for the year (B)	-	-	-	-	5,469.84	5,469.84
Reduction during the year						-
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	_	-	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023 (D) = (A+B+C)	231.44	317.59	(6.51)	8.91	4,217.71	4,769.14

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Khandelwal Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 105049W Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner

Membership No. 502570 Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/Managing Director Director

Sd/- Sd/-

Vice President - CS Place: Mumbai Date: 05th June, 2023 Chief Financial Officer



## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

## 1. COMPANY INFORMATION:

Modern India Limited ('the Company') is a public limited Company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, applicable in India. The Registered office of the Company and its principal place of business is located at 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021. The Company is operating in Real Estate, Trading and Renewable Energy.

BSE Limited vide letter date May 31, 2021 has communicated that Trading Members of the Exchange are hereby informed that pursuant to the SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 as amended from time to time, the company has complied with the formalities for voluntary delisting of Equity shares. The scrip has been delisted from the Exchange records w.e.f. Monday, June 14, 2021.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023 were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 5th June, 2023.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements ("financial statements"). These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 (a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

## (b) Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015], Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act).

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on accrual basis of accounting and going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash and cash equivalents other than sale of land and Real Estate Development acitivty the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non current classification of assets and liabilities.



The financial statements are presented in INR and all amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded to the nearest Lakhs (INR 00,000), as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.2 Current versus non-current classification

The Sale of Land and real estate development projects undertaken by the Company are generally run over a period ranging upto 5 years. Operating assets and liabilities relating to such projects are classified as current based on an operating cycle of 5 years. Borrowings and refundable security deposits in connection with such projects are classified as current since they form part of working capital of the respective projects.

All assets and liabilities except for the above have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

### 2.3 Key Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that effect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgements based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the following notes:

- (a) Measurement of defined benefit obligations Note 29
- (b) Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies Note 27
- (c) Recognition of deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities Note 25
- (d) Key assumptions used in discounted cash flow projections
- (e) Impairment of Assets / Intangibles
- (f) Key assumptions used in repayment of deposits Note 15(a)

## 2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## (a) Property, Plant & Equipment:

Property, Plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.



Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital Work-in-progress".

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the Written Down Value method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 with the exception of the following:

- Some of Plant and equipment of Renewable Energy are depreciated over 20 years based on the manufacturers warranty and evaluation done by the management.
- (ii) Assets costing Rs. 5,000/- or less are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

Freehold Land is not depreciated / amortized.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed by the end of each financial year taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Upon first-time adoption of Ind AS, the Company has elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the Previous GAAP carrying amounts as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS i.e. 1st April, 2016.

### (b) Investment Property:

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment property recognized as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the investment property.

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives which is 60 years.

## (c) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

### Transition to Ind AS:

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognized as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.



### Amortization

Intangible assets comprise of Brands / Trademarks and Computer Software. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life of 3 years. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

### (d) Impairment of assets:

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

### (e) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

## Revenue is recognised for following stream of revenues:

## Revenue from Sale of Land:.

Revenue from an Agreement for Sale of Land ("the Land") entered into by the Company with the Vendor who is purchaser of the Land ("Vendor") recognized on the basis of amounts due from time to time in respect of registered agreements. The Company is entitled to the revenue from the Vendor based on Agreements for sale of residential flats / units to the purchasers of the flats / units ("Purchasers) constructed by the Vendor on the said plot of land which are registered with the registration authority. Under such contracts, assets created does not have an alternative use for the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment.

The revenue recognized is net of full amount of Stamp Duty liability and Brokerage of corresponding flats/ units.

The estimates of the revenue from flat / units where Agreement for Sale of Flats are registered are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates is recognized in the period such changes are determined.

Contract Liabilities are recognised as advance against sale of land to the extent of excess of difference in advance received from customers and amounts receivable on due basis and amounts received from vendor in respect of unregistered agreements.

Revenue includes only the gross inflows of economic benefits, received and receivable by the Company, on its own account. Amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as government levies and taxes are excluded from revenue.



### Sale of products:

Revenue from the sale of products is recognized when the Company transfers all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the buyer, while the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement nor effective control over the products sold. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Sales include excise duty recoverable. Liquidated damages are accounted for as and when they are ascertained.

Revenue from Renewable Energy Generation is recognized at the time of supply of electricity to the Contracted Customer. Revenue from Renewable Energy Certificates is recognized at the time of Sale.

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 establishes a comprehensive framework on revenue recognition. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind AS 18 'Revenue' and Ind AS 11 'Construction Contracts'. The application of Ind AS 115 did not have material impact on the financial statements.

#### Sales of flats

Sales of flats are accounted at contracted rate on handing over the possession.

### Rendering of services:

Revenue from services is recognized when the stage of completion can be measured reliably. Stage of completion is measured by the services performed till Balance Sheet date as a percentage of total services contracted. Revenue is recorded exclusive of taxes.

## Interest and dividends:

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

# (f) Inventories:

Inventories are valued as under:

(i) Trading Goods: At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value

(ii) Stores / Consumables : At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value

(iii) Real Estate Business:

(a) Land & Structures : At lower of Book and Net Realizable Value



(b) Land & Structures - Acquired : At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value

(c) Land: At lower of Book and Net Realizable Value

### (iv) Renewable Energy Certificates: At Net Realizable Value

Cost comprise all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost formulae used are 'First-in-First-out'. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## (g) Trade Receivables:

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment.

### (h) Cash and Cash equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These do not include bank balances earmarked/restricted for specific purposes.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

## (i) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## (A) Financial Assets:

## Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories based on business model of the entity:

- Debt instruments at amortized cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)



- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- · Equity instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

#### Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The Company has elected to measure debt instruments at amortized cost.

### **Debt instrument at FVTOCI**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the P&L. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method. The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVOCI.

## **Debt instrument at FVTPL**

Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

## Equity investments (Other than investment in subsidiary)

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is



no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L. The Company has elected to measure equity instruments at FVTPL.

### Investments in Mutual Funds

Investments in mutual funds are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

### Equity Investments (in subsidiary)

Investment in subsidiary is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements'. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. The accounting policy on impairment of non-financial assets is disclosed in Note 2.4(d). On disposal of investments in subsidiary, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

### **Derecognition:**

A financial asset is de-recognized only when

- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is de-recognized.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is de-recognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of Impairment loss on the following financial assets:

A. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 115.



The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; &

All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 17

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss (P&L).

## (B) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortized cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss.

### Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

### Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

## Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

## Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

## (j) Fair Value:

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the assets or liabilities, or



- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 — quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 — inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

This note summarizes accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes

### (k) Leases

## As a lessee

The Company adopted Ind AS 116 with effect from 1st April, 2019 i.e. no change to prior period financial statements and has applied the standard to contracts or arrangements that were previously identified as leases applying Ind AS 17. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Indian Accounting Standard 116 ("Ind AS 116"), Leases, with effect from 1st April, 2019. The Standard primarily requires the Company, as a lessee, to recognize, at the commencement of the lease a right-to-use asset and a lease liability (representing present Value of unpaid lease payments). Such right-to-use assets are subsequently depreciated and the lease liability reduced when paid, with the interest on the lease liability being recognized as finance costs, subject to certain remeasurement adjustments. As permitted by the standard, the Company has elected to apply this standard to its leases w.e.f. 1st April, 2019 and comparatives for the previous period / year have not been restated.

At the commencement date of a lease, the Company recognizes a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and



adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized and lease payments made at or before the commencement date. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

The Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date.

After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification or a change in the lease term. The Company separately recognizes the interest expense on the lease liability as finance cost and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

#### As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases.

## (I) Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian currency (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as FVOCI are recognized in other comprehensive income.



Effective April 1, 2018 the company has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21- Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

### (m) Dividend

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

#### (n) Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax:**

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

## Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income Tax Act. 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilized.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

#### Presentation of current and deferred tax:

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

### (o) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities and contingent Assets

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not disclosed in the financial statements unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## (p) Employee benefits

## (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized



in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

## (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave which is expected to be utilized within next twelve months, are treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Remeasurement as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

### **Gratuity obligations**

The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance and labour welfare fund are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

## Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



### (q) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognized at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

### (r) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company.

### (s) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

### (t) Business combinations

## **Business Combination under Common control**

A business combination involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and the control is not transitory. The transactions between entities under common control are specifically covered by Appendix C to Ind AS 103 and are accounted for using the pooling-of-interest method as follows:-

The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at the carrying amounts.

- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made to harmonize significant accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination.

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee.

The difference, if any, between the investment in the financial statements of the Transferee Company in the



Transferor Companies and the amount of paid-up share capital of the Transferor Companies respectively, is adjusted against the Capital Reserves and will be transferred to Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve (separately from other capital reserves).

## (u) Earnings Per Share (EPS):

Basic Earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit / (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effects of potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

### (v) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### (w) Events after Reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

## (x) Recent accounting pronouncements

On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

- a) Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.
- b) Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.
- c) Ind AS 12 Income Taxes This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.



### Amendment to Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" and Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments:

### Disclosures" - Interest rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2

The amendment focuses on the potential financial reporting issues that may arise when interest rate benchmarking reforms are either reformed or replaced. The key reliefs provided by the Phase 2 amendments are:

- Changes to contractual cash flows When changing the basis for determining contractual cash flows for financial assets and liabilities (including lease liabilities), the reliefs have the effect that the changes that are required by an interest rate benchmark reform will not result in an immediate gain or loss in the profit and loss statement.
- · Hedge accounting

The hedge accounting reliefs will allow most Ind AS 39 or Ind AS 109 hedge relationships that are directly affected by IBOR reform to continue. However, additional ineffectiveness might need to be recorded.

The amendments do not have significant impact on the financial statements.

### Amendment to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination" - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

## Amendment to Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" - Proceeds before intended use

The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognized in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.



# Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note No. 3 (a) - Property, Plant & Equipment

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Own	ed Assets		Right of			
					Jse Assets			
Description of Assets	Land Freehold	Buildings	Plant and	Furniture and	Vehicles	Office Premises	Total	Capital Work-in-
	Trecholu		Equipment	Fixtures		Ticiniscs		Progress#
I. Gross Carrying amount								
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	289.50	176.87	1,574.40	63.85	254.41	505.38	2,864.41	366.12
Additions		-	29.46	0.83	22.39	-	52.67	0.30
Disposals	-	-		-	15.17	-	15.17	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	289.50	176.87	1,603.85	64.68	261.64	505.38	2,901.91	366.42
Additions		-	10.57	6.74	106.56	-	123.86	10.28
Disposals	-	-		-	13.82	-	13.82	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	289.50	176.87	1,614.42	71.42	354.38	505.38	3,011.96	376.69
II. Accumulated Depreciation								
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	-	67.24	738.75	48.64	96.72	159.69	1,111.04	-
Depreciation / amortization								
expense for the year	-	9.77	194.52	4.00	56.75	101.02	366.06	-
Depreciation on Disposal	-	-	-	-	12.32	-	12.32	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	-	77.01	933.27	52.64	141.15	260.71	1,464.78	-
Depreciation / amortization								
expense for the year	-	9.18	153.56	3.14	48.13	101.02	315.02	-
Depreciation on Disposal	-	-	-	-	10.98	-	10.98	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	-	86.18	1,086.83	55.78	178.30	361.73	1,768.82	-
Net Carrying amount								
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	289.50	99.86	670.59	12.04	120.48	244.66	1,437.13	366.42
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	289.50	90.69	527.59	15.64	176.07	143.64	1,243.14	376.69

The Company has reviewed its PPE for impairment loss as required by Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets". In the opinion of manangement no provision for impairment loss is considered necessary.

Title deed of immovable property are held in the name of the company.

 $<sup>(\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}})$  includes Plant, Office Equipment and Computers.

<sup>(#)</sup> Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded since project cost and deadline is yet to be estimated.

<sup>@</sup> Refer Annexure-3 for Capital Work in Progress Ageing



## Note No. 3 (b) - Investment Property

(₹ in Lakhs)

				(	
De	scription of Assets	Building *	Land #	Total	
ı.	Gross Carrying Amount				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	240.88	244.00	484.88	
	Addition	-	-	-	
	Disposals	-	-	-	
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	240.88	244.00	484.88	
	Addition	-	-	-	
	Disposals	-	-	-	
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	240.88	244.00	484.88	
II.	Accumulated Amortization and impairment				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	21.41	-	21.41	
	Charge for the period	4.89	-	4.89	
	Reversals/Disposals during the year	-	-	-	
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	26.29	-	26.29	
	Charge for the period	4.89	-	4.89	
	Reversals/Disposals during the year	-	-	-	
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	31.18	-	31.18	
	Net Carrying value				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	214.59	244.00	458.58	
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	209.70	244.00	453.69	

 $<sup>(\</sup>sp{*})\mbox{Title}$  deed of immovable property are held in the name of the company.

(#) On amalgamation of Modern India Free Trade Warehousing Private Limited with the Company w.e.f. April 01, 2018, the Agricultural Land area aggregating 173.50 Guntas (4.43 acres) having Gross carrying value of Rs. 244.00 lakhs was taken over by the Company. The said Land is at present held in the name of Vijay Kumar Jatia (Managing Director), as Nominee, for and behalf of the Company. Registration of the same in the name of the Company is in progress and will be obtained upon various approvals from concerned authorities.

The Company's investment properties consist of one Residential Duplex Flat and land in India. Management determined that the investment properties consist of two class of assets? (i) Residential Building & (ii) Land? based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

## Disclosures relating to Investment Property

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Fair Value of the Building *	1,201.68	1,189.60
Fair Value of the Land*	660.45	660.45
Total	1,862.13	1,850.05
Rental Income	-	-
Direct Operating Expenses	16.35	11.22

<sup>\*</sup>Fair value of investment property is not based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017 however the valuations are based on Stamp Duty Ready Reckoner.



# Note No. 4 - Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

De	scription of Assets	Computer	Brands/	Total
		Software	Trademarks	
 I.	Intangible Assets			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	31.17	0.00	31.17
	Additions	0.15	-	0.15
	Disposals	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	31.33	0.00	31.33
	Additions	-	-	-
	Disposals	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	31.33	0.00	31.33
II.	Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	24.96	-	24.96
	Additions	6.19	-	6.19
	Disposal			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	31.14	-	31.14
	Additions	0.06	-	0.06
	Disposal	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	31.20	-	31.20
	Net carrying amount			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	0.18	0.00	0.18
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	0.12	0.00	0.12

# Financial Assets:

Note No	. 5 (a) -	Investments	- Non	Current
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(₹ in Lakhs)

Pai	ticular	-	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022
		QTY	Amounts	QTY	Amounts
A	Investments in Subsidiaries at				
	cost fully paid up (unquoted)				
i.	Equity Instruments				
	Modern International (Asia) Ltd.				
	(Equity Shares of HKD 1/- each)	9,994,000	553.89	9,994,000	553.89
	Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd.				
	(Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each)	500,000	3,062.36	500,000	3,062.36
	Total Unquoted Investments in Subsidiaries		3,616.25		3,616.25
В.	Other Investments At Cost fully paid up				
	Investment in 9% Non Cumulative				
	Non Convertible Redeemable Preference				
	shares (Face Value ₹ 100)				
	Maturity: Maximum as prescribed in				
	Companies Act, 2013				
	Alcyone Realtors Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-



					MODERN <sup>®</sup> INDIA LTD
					MODERN INDIA LID
	Candescent Properties Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-
	Ignatius Developers Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-
	Verifacts Estate Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-
	Investment in Primotech LLP (50%)		2.26	-	2.26
	Less: Provision for Diminution in Value of Investments		(2.26)	-	(2.26)
	Total of Other Investments		3,960.00		-
	INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT COST [A+B]		7,576.25		3,616.25
c.	Investment in Debentures & Bonds				
•	Quoted				
	At Amortized Cost				
	10.70% Laxmi Vilas Bank Tier II Bonds Series X of				
	₹ 5,00,000/- each (09.07.2024)	40	200.00	40	200.00
	Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value	40	(200.00)	40	(200.00)
	TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT		(200.00)		(200.00)
	AMORTISED COST [C]		-		
D.	Investments stated at Fair Value Through Profit and (i) Quoted Investments	l Loss			
	Investments in Equity Instruments		2,102.64		2,265.97
	Quoted Investments in Equity Instruments		2,102.64		2,265.97
	Investments In other Instruments		,		,
	IRB Invit Fund	502,500	286.39	487,500	255.60
	India Grid Trust	209,223	341.93	209,223	376.73
	Power Grid Infra Invit	11,000	13.49	11,000	14.78
	Quoted Investments in Other Instruments	11,000	641.80	11,000	647.11
	Total Aggregate Quoted Investments (i)		2,744.44		2,913.08
	Unquoted Investments In other Instruments		2,7 1 11 11		2,010.00
	Crediwatch Information Analytics P Ltd				
	(CCPS of ₹ 1/- each)	32,930	542.20	30,750	512.19
	(OOI O OI C I/- eacil)	02,300	542.20	30,730	512.19
	(ii) Unquoted Investments		342.20		512.19
	(ii) Unquoted Investments In Units of Mutual Funds / Other Funds		7 106 50		2 124 05
	Investments in Mutual Funds are under Lien of		7,126.52		3,134.85
	Banks against which Overdraft Limit has been				
	sanctioned to the Company - current year				
	₹ 3,660.34 Lakhs (PY ₹ 1,579.40 Lakhs)				
	11				0.404.05
	Unquoted Investments in Mutual Funds /		7 400 50		
	Other Funds (ii)		7,126.52		3,134.85
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C]		10,413.16		6,560.12
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D]				
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cos		10,413.16		6,560.12
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cost Total impairment value for investments (D)		10,413.16		6,560.12
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cost Total impairment value for investments (D) Other disclosures		10,413.16 17,989.42		6,560.12 10,176.37
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cos Total impairment value for investments (D) Other disclosures Aggregate amount of quoted investments		10,413.16 17,989.42 2,744.44		6,560.12 10,176.37 2,913.08
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cost Total impairment value for investments (D) Other disclosures Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of Market value of quoted investments		10,413.16 17,989.42 2,744.44 2,744.44		6,560.12 10,176.37 2,913.08 2,913.08
	Other Funds (ii) INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C] TOTAL INVESTMENTS [A+B+C+D] Total Impairment value for investment carried at cos Total impairment value for investments (D) Other disclosures Aggregate amount of quoted investments	stments	10,413.16 17,989.42 2,744.44		6,560.12 10,176.37 2,913.08



Note No. 5 (b) - Investment - Current				(₹ in Lakhs)
Particular		Asat		Asat
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
	QTY	Amounts	QTY	Amounts
A Investments - Unquoted				
In Units of Mutual Funds				
At Fair value through Profit and Loss	-	-	115,915	699.99
Unquoted Investments in Mutual Fund Units		-		699.99
B. Investment in Debentures & Bonds	•			-
Quoted				
At Amortized Cost				
9.25% SREI Equipment Finance Ltd of				
₹ 1,000/- each (08.11.2022)	10,000	100.00	10,000	100.00
Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value		(100.00)		(87.40)
9.50% Yes Bank of ₹ 10,00,000/- each (23.12.2021)	15	149.09	15	149.09
Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value		(149.09)		(149.09)
INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL		-		12.60
Total Impairment value for investment carried at cost		-		_
Total impairment value for investments		-		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRYING VALUE		-		712.60
Other disclosures				
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		-		12.60
Aggregate amount of Market value of quoted investmen	ts	-		12.60
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		249.09		949.08
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	s	(249.09)		(236.49)
Note No. 6 (a):- Other Financial Assets - Non current				(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars			As at	As at
T di dodda		March 3	31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets carried at amortized cost				
Other items - unsecured considered good				
Security Deposits			303.07	299.59
Total			303.07	299.59
Note No. 6 (b) :- Other Assets - Non current				
Particulars			As at	As at
		March 3	31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Others - Unsecured considered good				
(a) Expenses on Project under implementation			385.24	286.52
(b) Prepaid Expenses			7.30	6.58
(c) Deferred Lease Prepaid Expenses			1.45	4.94
(d) Capital advances			11.10	-
Total			405.08	298.04



#### Note No. 7: Inventories (As taken, valued and certified by the management) (₹ in Lakhs) Refer Note 2.4 (f) for Standalone Accounting Policies for Accounting Policy on Inventories **Particulars** As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Stock-in-trade of goods acquired for trading 6.35 Traded Goods **Real Estate Business:** Land - (Plot D) \* Refer Note 21 9,021.25 8,633.10 Add: Reversal of Net impact due to Fair Value of Security Deposit 1,054.29 8.633.10 Adjusted Balance of Land & Structure 10.075.54 1,072.69 454.98 (ii) Land & Structures (Plot A2) (At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value) 628.39 (iii) Land & Structures (Plot E) 628.48 (At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value) (iv) Land & Structure (Elphinstone Chawl) 33.71 33.69 (At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value) 11,816.77 9,756.52 Total

### Note No. 8 :- Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade receivables:		
Trade Receivables Considered Good - Secured	-	=
Trade Receivables Considered Good - Unsecured	1,645.42	2,507.45
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	136.76
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	(136.76)
Total	1,645.42	2,507.45

- (i) An amount of ₹ 1,345.77 Lakhs (Net of ₹ 107.35 Lakhs recovered till date) is outstanding as receivable in respect of Commodities Trading Transactions done on National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL). The Company has filed a representative suit in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for recovery of the same. During the year, representative Suit and Notice of Motion filed by Modern and others has not come up for the hearings. On 22nd April 2022 Hon'ble SC has passed an order wherein attached assets of holding company i.e. 63 Moons [erstwhile Financial Technologies Limited] against the dues of NSEL of by EOW [Economic offences Wing] is held valid. Further on 4th May 2022 Hon'ble SC passed a further order in the matter of recovery of dues from the defaulters / execution of decrees / sale of assets attached. In this order Hon'ble SC appointed a retired Judge of Bombay High Court under Article 142 of Constitution of India with the objective of attaining a holistic solution for speedy recovery of the outstanding amounts to be distributed to the investors. However, considering uncertainties involved in making any reliable estimate of amount recoverable, provision if any will be considered at an appropriate time on the basis of resultant outcome. Until then the dues are considered as good.
- (ii) No Trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member. Trade Receivable are generally non interest bearing and are generally on terms of 0 to 60 days of credit
  - @ Refer Annexure-1 for Debtors Ageing

<sup>\*</sup> Land bearing C S No. 7/1895 of Byculla division situated at Keshav Rao Khadye Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai which is undder development by M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. is mortagaged with HDFC Limited for borrowing limit sanctioned to the company of Rs. 250 crores and borrowing limit of Rs. 450 crores also sanctioned to M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. but in aggregate not exceeding to the extent of actual borrowing.



Note No. 9 :- Cash and Cash Equivalent		
Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balances with banks (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents):		
- Current Accounts	1,122.18	9.14
(Includes ₹ 1,051.37 Lakhs In Escrow Account)	1,122.10	0.14
- Cash on hand	7.19	2.09
TOTAL	1,129.36	11.24
ICIAL	1,129.30	11.24
Note No. 10 :- Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Earmarked balances with banks:		
Unpaid Dividend	7.15	8.30
Fixed Deposit with Bank	10.50	10.00
(Deposit is given as lien against Guarantee issued by Bank)	10.50	10.00
Total	17.65	18.30
Total		10.30
Note No. 11 (a) :- Loans - Current		
Particulars	Asat	Asat
raticulais	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	March 31, 2023	Widi Cii 31, 2022
Financial assets carried at amortized cost:		
- Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
- Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	56.77	84.54
- Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
- Loans Receivables - credit impaired	56.36	28.18
- Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(56.36)	(28.18)
Total	56.77	84.54
The company has not granted any loans that are repayable on demand or without spromoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties either severally or jointly with any of In respect of ICD granted to M/s Nine Globe Industries Private Limited by the Company, remaining outstanding including interest as at the balance sheet date.  Name of the Company, Nature, Purpose	ther person.	
Nine Globe Industry Pvt. Ltd. Unsecured, Working Capital	113.13	112.72
Allowance for Expected Loss	(56.36)	(28.18)
Note No. 11 (b) :- Other financial assets - Current		
Particulars	Asat	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Other receivable	11.60	29.62
Interest Receivable	15.67	5.01
Total	27.26	34.64



Note No.	11	(c) :-	Other	Assets -	Current
----------	----	--------	-------	----------	---------

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(b) Advances to suppliers	3.16	6.18
(c) Balances with government authorities (other than income taxes)	131.14	161.90
(d) Prepaid Expenses	11.07	4.02
(e) Stamp Duty Paid in Advance	1,023.16	-
(f) Other Receivable	1.29	0.30
(g) Deferred Lease Prepaid Expenses	3.49	3.48
(h) Advance which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(i) Advance given - Credit Impaired	621.80	621.80
Less: Allowance for doubtful advance given	(621.80)	(621.80)
Total	1,173.32	175.89

# Note No. 12 :- Equity Share Capital

Particulars		As at		As at
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	375,000,000	7,500.00	375,000,000	7,500.00
Preference Shares of ₹ 100/- each	500,000	500.00	500,000	500.00
		8,000.00		8,000.00
Issued:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	37,547,000	750.94	37,547,000	750.94
Subscribed and Fully Paid:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86
Forfeited Equity Shares - Amount originally Paid	up(#)	0.00		0.00
Total		750.86		750.86

<sup>(#)</sup> represents amount less than one thousand)

(a) Reconciliation of Number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period.

Equity Shares		As at		Asat
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86



## (b) Terms / Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of ₹2/- per Share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees and every equity share is entitled to the same rate of dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

The Board of Directors in the meeting on May 30, 2022 did not proposed any dividend.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting on June 05, 2023 have proposed a final dividend of ₹ 1.00 per equity share for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 and a Special Dividend of ₹ 1.00 per equity share. The proposal is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting to be held and if approved would result in a cash outflow of approximately ₹ 750.86 lakhs which is subject to Tax Deduction at Source.

(c) The Company has not issued any equity shares as bonus or for consideration other than cash and has not bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding March 31, 2023.

## (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

As at		As at		Class of shares / Name of shareholder	
March 31, 2022		March 31, 2023			
% holding in	Number of	% holding in	Number of		
that class of	shares held	that class of	shares held		
shares		shares			
				ity Shares of ₹ 2/- each fully paid	Equi
25.35%	9,517,254	25.39%	9,531,514	ee Rani Sati Investment & Finance Ltd	Shre
25.02%	9,392,665	25.07%	9,412,390	at Leasing & Finance Pvt. Ltd	Sara
23.11%	8,676,786	23.24%	8,725,407	udumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	FΡι
			23	ails of Promoter's Shareholding as on 31.03.202	Deta
% Change	% of	No. of		Name of the Promoter	Sr.
during the Year	Total Shares	Shares			No.
0.04%	25.39%	9,531,514		Shree Rani Sati Investment And Finance P	1
0.05%	25.07%	9,412,390		Sarat Leasing And Finance Private Limited	2
0.13%	23.24%	8,725,407		F Pudumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	3
0.00%	4.36%	1,636,500		Ignatius Trading Company Private Ltd	4
0.00%	4.36%	1,635,591		Camellia Mercantile Private Limited	5
0.00%	4.08%	1,530,000		Alcyone Trading Company Private Limited	6
0.00%	4.08%	1,530,000		Candescent Traders Private Limited	7
0.00%	2.24%	842,005		Vijaykumar Mahabir Prasad Jatia	8
0.00%	0.46%	174,038		Gauri Jatia	9
0.00%	0.32%	121,500		Sidhant Vijaykumar Jatia	10
0.00%	0.32%	121,500		Mudit Vijay Kumar Jatia	11
0.00%	0.04%	15,000		Vedant Jatia	12
0.22%	93.96%	35,275,445			



Dotaile of	Dromotor's	Shareholding a	- An	21 02 2022
Details of	Promoter s	Snarenoiding a	s on	31.03.2022

Sr.	Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of	% Change
No.		Shares	Total Shares	during the Year
1	Shree Rani Sati Investment And Finance P	9,517,254	25.35%	3.24%
2	Sarat Leasing And Finance Private Limited	9,392,665	25.02%	4.49%
3	F Pudumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	8,676,786	23.11%	7.74%
4	Ignatius Trading Company Private Ltd	1,636,500	4.36%	0.28%
5	Camellia Mercantile Private Limited	1,635,591	4.36%	0.00%
6	Alcyone Trading Company Private Limited	1,530,000	4.08%	0.00%
7	Candescent Traders Private Limited	1,530,000	4.08%	0.00%
8	Vijaykumar Mahabir Prasad Jatia	842,005	2.24%	2.00%
9	Gauri Jatia	174,038	0.46%	0.42%
10	Sidhant Vijaykumar Jatia	121,500	0.32%	0.28%
11	Mudit Vijay Kumar Jatia	121,500	0.32%	0.28%
12	Vedant Jatia	15,000	0.04%	0.00%
		35,192,839	93.74%	18.73%

## Note No. 13 :- Other Equity

Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for detailed movement in Other Equity Balances

Pari	ticulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(i)	Capital Reserve	231.44	231.44
(ii)	Capital Redemption Reserve	8.91	8.91
(iii)	Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve	(6.51)	(6.51)
(iv)	General Reserve	317.59	317.59
(v)	Retained Earnings	4,217.71	(1,252.13)
		4,769.14	(700.70)

Capital Reserve: Balance represents reversal of unrealized difference between Fair Market Value and cost of Land converted into Stock-in-Trade and transferred from Capital Reserve to Profit & Loss Account during the Year ended March 31, 1996.

**General Reserve:** General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from retained earnings. This reserve will be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve:** Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve is created on account of Amalgamation of subsidiary Company.

## Note No. 14 (a) :- Borrowings - Non current

(₹ in Lakhs)

As at	As at	
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
·		
-	10,000.00	
78.96	30.60	
78.96	10,030.60	
	March 31, 2023	



- (\*) Term Loan from Institution is repayable within 48 months from the date of first disbursement out of realization from sale of land at Mahalaxmi. Interest @ PLR minus 310 bps Spread i.e. effective rate works out at 8.70 11.30% per annum as at the Balance sheet date. This is secured by Mortgage of Land bearing C S No. 7/1895 of Byculla division situated at Keshav Rao Khadye Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai. The same is further secured by charge on Company's receivables from sale of the Land and Corporate Guarantee of M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd.
- (#) Car finance loans were taken from Banks repayable in 36 to 60 monthly installments with interest @ 7.40% to 9.15% per annum and the last installments is due in November 2027.

These loans are secured by hypothecation of specific Vehicles acquired.

### Note No - 14 (b) : Borrowings - Current

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A.	Secured Borrowings		
	From Institution (Refer Note 14 (a))	8,585.99	-
	Loans repayable on demand		
	From Banks (#)	2,044.82	4.68
	Current maturities of long-term debt (*)	44.73	42.87
	Total Secured Borrowings	10,675.54	47.56
В.	Unsecured Borrowings		
	Loans from limited companies	-	337.53
	Total Unsecured Borrowings	-	337.53
	Total	10,675.54	385.08

<sup>#</sup> Secured by creation of lien on Investments in Units of Mutual Funds. The rate of Interest is in the range of 7.70% to 8.25% per annum.

Unsecured Loans from Limited Companies are repayable on demand and the Rate of Interest is 10%

(\*) Car finance loans were taken from Banks repayable in 36 to 60 monthly installments with interest @ 7.40% to 9.15% per annum and the last installments is due in November - 2027.

These loans are secured by hypothecation of specific Vehicles acquired.

## Note No. 15 (a) :- Other Financial Liability - Non current

Particulars	Asat	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Other non current financial liability		
(a) Security Deposits (*)	-	12,068.86
Total		12,068.86
(*) Refer Note 15 (b)	-	

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### Note No. 15 (b) :- Other Financial Liability - Current

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Unpaid dividends (#)	7.15	8.30
(b) Security Deposits (*)	16,825.00	25.00
(c) Liabilities for expenses	544.36	79.05
Total	17,376.51	112.35

- (#) There is no amount due and outstanding as at Balance Sheet date to be credited to Investors Education and Protection Fund.
- (\*) Repayment of Security Deposits of ₹ 16,800.00 Lakhs is dependent on development of some of the properties in Mumbai. The deposits do not carry any interest.

During the earlier year, the Company had entered into an agreement for sale with K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. ("Purchaser") for sale of its land admeasuring 12,601.99 Sq. Mtrs. or thereabouts being sub-divided Plot D-1, bearing C.S. No. 7/1895 of Byculla Division situated at Keshavrao Khadye Marg (Clerk Road) Mahalaxmi, Mumbai. The consideration receivable by us from the purchaser for the said land shall be 50% of the realizations from the sale of approx. 6.43 Lakhs Sq. Ft. area which is under development on the aforesaid land as per present Development Regulations over a remaining period of 4 to 5 years. During the year "Purchaser" has started sale of flats and advances have been received by the purchaser from buyers of the flat. In terms of the aforesaid agreement, Purchaser has paid to the Company 50% of the consideration received by them. Revenue is recognized on the basis of amounts due from the buyers of the flat to the "Purchaser" net of the payment of Stamp Duty and Brokerage as per accounting policy stated in Note 2.4(e).

## Note No. 16 (a) :- Provisions - Non current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Provision for employee benefits		
(a) Gratuity (Unfunded)	65.74	43.61
(b) Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	35.25	16.59
Total	100.99	60.20

## Note No. 16 (b) :- Provisions - Current

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Provision for employee benefits		
(a) Gratuity (Unfunded)	5.13	23.68
(b) Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	5.38	13.67
Total	10.50	37.35



### Note No. 17 (a) :- Other liability - Non current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Deferred revenue on security deposit	-	2,691.56
Total		2,691.56

## Note No. 17 (b) :- Other liability - Current

Particulars	Asat	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a. Income received in advance	0.80	-
b. Advances from Customer	2,077.00	-
c. Deferred revenue on security deposit	-	985.29
d. Statutory dues	8.08	1.75
Total	2,085.87	987.05

## Note No. 18 :- Trade Payable

Particulars	Asat	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade payable to Micro and Small Enterprises	-	-
Trade payable for goods & services	145.30	803.73
(Outstanding dues of other than Micro and Small Enterprises)		
Total	145.30	803.73

There are no Micro and Small Enterprises to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at the Balance Sheet date. Further, the Company has not paid any interest to any Micro and Small Enterprise during the accounting year, nor is any interest payable to any Micro and Small Enterprise as at the Balance Sheet Date. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

@ Refer Annexure-2 for Creditors Ageing



Part	ticulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a)	Sale of Goods Traded	2,824.52	3,820.76
	Income from Sale of Land	9,027.91	-
b)	Revenue from Renewable Energy Generation	150.25	185.50
c)	Sale of Services:		
	Income from Real Estate Business	1.20	1.20
d)	Other Operating Revenues		
	Rent Income	58.57	92.61
Гotа	ıl	12,062.45	4,100.07

Disclosure of Disaggregate revenue information and major customers as required under Ind AS 115 are given in Note 30.

## Note No. 20 :- Other Income

Par	ticulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a)	Interest Income on	113.77	142.39
	(1) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	3.64	3.32
	(2) Loans and Others	110.14	139.06
(b)	Dividend Income	60.64	55.39
	(1) Dividend from Subsidiary	25.00	25.00
	(2) Others	35.64	30.39
(c)	Net Gain / (Loss) on sale of investments	43.68	31.04
(d)	Income from Business Support Services	78.00	78.00
(e)	Provision no longer required Written Back (Net)	139.97	56.04
(f)	Miscellaneous income	5.40	54.64
(g)	Right to Use and Right of way Income	750.00	-
(h)	Profit on Sale of PPE (Net)	4.26	2.55
<i>(j)</i>	Real Estate Income on fair valuation of security deposit	-	985.29
Tota	ıl	1,195.71	1,405.34

# Note No. 21 :- Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Inventories at the end of the year:		
Trading Business		
Traded Goods	6.35	6.35
Real Estate Business		
(i) Land (Plot D)	8,633.10	1,439.76
Less: Net impact due to Fair Value of Security Deposit	-	(1,054.29)
Add: Expenses incurred during the year	1,055.09	8,247.63



-	(666.94)	Less: Transferred during the year	
8,633.10	9,021.25	,	
222.83	454.98	Land & Structure (Plot A2)	(ii)
232.16	617.70	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
454.98	1,072.69		
625.74	628.39	Land & Structure (Plot E)	(iii)
2.65	0.10	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
628.39	628.48		
33.18	33.69	Land & Structure (Elphinstone Chawl)	(iv)
0.51	0.02	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
33.69	33.71		
9,756.52	10,762.48		
		entories at the beginning of the year:	Inve
		ding Business	Trac
6.35	6.35	ded Goods	Trad
		al Estate Business	Rea
1,439.76	9,687.39	Land & Structure	(i)
(1,115.82)	(1,054.29)	Less: Net impact due to Fair Value of Security Deposit	
323.94	8,633.10		
222.83	454.98	Land & Structure (Plot A2)	(ii)
625.74	628.39	Land & Structure (Plot E)	(iii)
33.18	33.69	Land & Structure (Elphinston Chawl)	(iv)
1,212.04	9,756.52		
8,544.47	1,005.96	t increase / ( decrease)	Net
		o. 22 :- Employee Benefits Expense	No.
Year Ended	Year Ended	rticulars	Part
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023		
516.89	891.66	Salaries, wages and bonus	(a)
30.02	32.46	Contribution to provident and other funds	(b)
7.42	7.93	Gratuities	(c)
14.87	21.53	Staff welfare expenses	(d)
569.20	953.58	al	Tota
		o. 23 :- Finance Cost	No.
Year Ended	Year Ended	rticulars	
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023		
		Interest expense	(a)
84.01	122.74		. /
84.01 31.67	122.74 22.34	Interest on Assets under Lease	(b)
			(b) (c)
31.67		Unwinding of finance cost relating to fair valuation of security deposit	



	. 24 :- Other Expenses		(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars		Year Ended	Year Ende
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
(a)	Power & Fuel	17.49	15.4
(b)	Rent Paid	138.47	123.6
	Less: Transferred to Lease Liability in respect of		
	Right of Use Assets as per Ind AS - 116	(134.55)	(119.7
(c)	Water Charges	0.23	0.0
(d)	Repairs to Buildings	-	0.
(e)	Repairs to Machinery	1.04	1.
(f)	Repairs and maintenance - Others	12.73	13.
(g)	Rates and taxes	23.39	21.
(h)	Insurance charges	4.38	10.
(i)	Directors Sitting Fees	19.20	22.
(j)	Provision for doubtful debts and advances	28.18	28.
(k)	Payment to Auditors:	Ē	
	(i) Statutory Audit Fees	18.00	9.
	(ii) Limited Review Fees	2.50	1.
	(iii) Reimbursement of expenses	0.17	0.
<i>(1)</i>	Other expenses		
17	(1) Legal and other professional fees	231.96	229.
	(2) Travelling and conveyance Expenses	112.23	22.
	(3) Other General Expenses	189.85	154.
	(4) Bad Debts Written Off	136.76	56.
	(5) Security Charges	30.63	27.
Total		832.65	616.
	<del>-</del>		0.10.
e No	. 25 :- Current Tax and Deferred Tax		
Inc	ome Tax recognized in profit and loss		
Particulars		Year Ended	Year End
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 20
Cur	rrent Tax:		
Cur	rrent tax on taxable income of the year	700.00	
Adjustments in respect of prior years		(9.61)	
Def	erred Tax		
Def	erred tax Charge / (credit)	1,137.27	(111.2
_	al Tax Expense recognized in profit and loss account	1,827.66	(111.2
	merical Reconciliation between average effective tax		
	e and applicable tax rate : -		
Par	ticulars	Asat	As
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 20
Pro	fit / (Loss) Before tax	7,294.98	(67.6
_	acted income tax rate in India applicable to the company	25.168%	25.168



Income Tax using the Company's domestic Tax rate	1,836.00	(17.03)
Tax Effect of :		
Dividend Income	-	-
Current Tax of earlier years	(9.61)	-
Deduction Under Section 24(a) of Annual Value ₹ 13.37 Lakhs	(3.36)	(6.06)
Deemed income of House Property	-	0.32
On account of Corporate Guarantee ₹ 20.55 Lakhs	5.17	4.78
Change in Tax Rate including reversal of Deferred Tax Assets	(77.99)	(87.10)
Mat Credit Entitlement Written Off	80.25	-
Others	(2.80)	(6.19)
Total Tax Expense recognized in profit and loss account	1,827.66	(111.29)

## (c) Income Tax Assets / (Liabilities)

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	88.90	145.20
Income Tax Paid /(Refund) - Net	192.37	(56.30)
Current Tax	(700.00)	-
Current Tax of earlier years		<u>-</u>
Net current income tax asset / (liability)	(418.73)	88.90
Non current Tax assets/(Liabilities)	(418.73)	88.90
Current Tax Assets	-	-
Current Tax Liability	418.73	-

## (d) Movement of Deferred Tax

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit	Recognised in OCI in	Closing Balance	Recognised in profit	Recognised in OCI in	Closing Balance
	as on	and Loss	21-22	as on 31st	and Loss	22-23	as on 31st
	1st April 21	in 21-22		March 22	in 22-23		March 2023
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities							
Depreciation	169.22	(95.37)		73.85	(27.51)	-	46.34
FVTPL financial asset	199.89	208.64		408.54	(206.15)	-	202.39
Otheritem	-	-		-	-		-
	369.12	113.27	-	482.39	(233.66)	-	248.73
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets							
Employee Benefits	19.75	4.45	0.35	24.55	4.36	(0.85)	28.06
Provision for doubtful debt	168.38	(7.01)	-	161.37	(27.33)	-	134.04
Carry forward Tax Loss	1,046.12	226.23		1,272.34	(1,264.41)	-	7.93
Minimum Alternate Tax Credit	80.25	-	-	80.25	(80.25)	-	-
Other items	32.92	0.89		33.81	(3.29)	-	30.52
	1,347.41	224.56	0.35	1,572.32	(1,370.92)	(0.85)	200.55
Net Tax Asset (Liabilities)	978.30	111.28	0.35	1,089.93	(1,137.27)	(0.85)	(48.18)

Deferred Tax Asset is recognized on the basis of future income from development of Stock in Trade of Real Estate Business and from sale of Residential Flat.



No. 26 :- Earning Per Share		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
_	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	5,467.32	43.61
Less: Preference dividend and tax thereon	-	-
Profits used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operation	s 5,467.32	43.61
Weighted average number of equity shares	37,542,750	37,542,750
Earnings per share - Basic	14.56	0.12
Earnings per share - Diluted	14.56	0.12

The Company does not have any outstanding dilutive potential equity shares. Consequently, the basic and diluted earning per share of the Company remain the same.

Parti	iculars	Asat	
	iodial o	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2
Cont	tingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)		
(i)	Corporate Guarantee of USD 5.00 Million given by the Company		
(.)	to Indian Overseas Bank, Hong Kong for Working Capital Facilities		
	granted by it to Wholly Owned Subsidiary		
	M/s. Modern International (Asia) Limited.	4,109.00	3,79
(ii)	Income Tax Demand for Assessment Year 2012-13 against which the	1,100100	-,,,
` '	Company has filed an appeal with CIT (Appeal).	283.16	28
(iii)	Sales Tax Demand for Financial Year 2015-16 against which the		
` ,	Company has filed an application for rectification.	28.18	2
(iv)	NA Tax demand from Grampanchyat / Tahsildar, Aundh against which the		
	Company has filed an application objecting the said demand entirely.	6.96	
(v)	Deed of Guarantee to HDFC Limited in respect of present & future		
	borrowings for development of Company's land at Mahalaxmi		
	{Refer Note 15(a)} by K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd not exceeding		
	₹. 450.00 Crores but limited to the extent of actual borrowings	not exceeding	not excee
	at any point of time.	₹ 450.00 Crores	₹ 450.00 Cr
(vi)	Corporate Guarantee to K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. in respect of		
	present & future borrowings from HDFC Limited by the Company		
	not exceeding Rs. 250.00 Crores but limited to the extent of actual	not exceeding	not excee
	borrowings at any point of time.	₹ 250.00 Crores	₹ 250.00 Cr
Com	mitments		
Estin	nated Value of Contracts in Capital Account remaining to be executed		
and	not provided for (Already Paid Rs. 11.28 Lakhs for current year)	4.88	



(₹ in Lakhs)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No. 28 :- Disclosures under In-	I AS 116

Particulars
Year Ended
Year Ended
March 31, 2023
March 31, 2022

#### Details of leasing arrangements

#### As Lessee

#### **Operating Lease**

The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for certain facilities and office premises. The leases are non-cancellable and are for a period of 5 years and may be renewed for a further period of 5 years based on mutual agreement of the parties. The lease agreements provide for an increase in the lease payments by 15% after 3 years.

#### Future Non-Cancellable minimum lease commitments

not later than one year	134.55	134.55
later than one year and not later than five years	56.06	190.61
later than five years	=	-
Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Minimum Lease Payments	134.55	119.74

#### Note No. 29: DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO - "EMPLOYEE BENEFITS"

## A Defined Benefits Plans: Gratuity (Unfunded)

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is an unfunded plan.

As per Actuarial Valuation as on 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022 and recognized in the financial statements in respect of Employee Benefit Schemes:

			(< III Lakiis)
Particulars		Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
ı.	Change in the defined benefit obligation		
1.	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	67.29	60.79
	Current Service Cost	3.23	3.27
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Interest Cost	4.70	4.15
	Remeasurement gains / (losses)	(3.37)	1.40
	Benefit payments	(0.99)	(2.31)
	Others (Specify)		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	70.86	67.29
п.	Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
1.	Current service cost	3.23	3.27
2.	Past Service Credit	-	-
3.	Interest cost	4.70	4.15
TOT	AL	7.93	7.42



	Remeasurement (gains) / losses recognized in other Comprehens Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	5.18	(2.07
	Actuarial gains and loss arising from demographic assumption	5.10	(0.03
	Actuarial gains and loss arising from experience adjustments	(8.55)	3.50
тот			
101	AL .	(3.37)	1.40
IV.	Actuarial assumptions	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
1.	Discount rate	7.44%	6.98%
2.	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	10%	6%
3.	Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives
		Mortality (2012-14)	Mortality (2012-14
4.	Average future working lifetime	10 years	10 years
5.	Attrition rate	5%	5%
V.	Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
		1.00% increase	0.50% increase
	Discount rate	(3.80)	(2.86
	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	2.17	1.60
	Attrition rate	1.21	1.54
		1.00% increase	0.50% increase
	Discount rate	4.31	3.27
	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	(1.95)	(1.45
	Attrition rate	(1.33)	(1.72
VI.	Maturity analysis of defined benefit obligation		
	Within the next 12 months	5.13	23.68
	Between 2 and 5 years	44.96	22.3
	Between 6 and 10 years	25.64	17.98
	11 years and above	48.86	41.02
	Total expected payments	124.58	104.99
Def	ined Contribution Plans:		
(a)	The Company has recognized the following amounts in the Stater	nent of Profit and Loss fo	r the year:
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Contribution to provident fund and other fund	32.46	30.02
(b)	The expenses for leave entitlement and compensated absences is re	ecognized in the same mar	ner as gratuity and tota
	expenses recognized for the year is ₹ 24.12 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 14	1.44 Lakhs).	
(c)	Current/ non-current classification		
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Gratuity	-	
	Current	5.13	23.68
	Non Current	65.74	43.6
		70.86	67.29
	Leave Encashment		
	Current	5.38	13.67

В.

Non Current

16.59

30.26

35.25

40.63



#### Note No. 30 :- Information on Operating Business Segment:

- 1) Business segments are the basis for management control and hence form the basis for reporting. The business of each segment comprises of:
  - a) Trading activity: Trading Consists of Trading in all Products and Commodities
  - b) Real Estate comprising of Property Development and carrying on business or activities in real estate business of all types and
  - c) Generation of Renewable Energy.
- 2) Segment Revenue in the above segments includes sales of products / services net of taxes.
- 3) Segment Revenue in the geographical segments considered for disclosure are as follows:
  - a) Revenue within India includes sales to customers located within India.
  - b) Revenue outside India includes sales to customers located outside India.
- 4) Segment Revenue, Results, Assets and Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.
- 5) Based on the "management approach" defined in Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocate resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Accordingly information has been presented along these segments.

(a)	Segment Revenue		(₹ in Lakhs)
	Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Trading	2,824.52	3,820.76
	Real Estate	9,029.11	1.20
	Renewable Energy	150.25	185.50
	Others	58.57	92.61
	Total	12,062.45	4,100.07

#### (b) Segment Results

There are no inter segment revenue.

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	30.34	16.52
Real Estate	8,900.93	(14.92)
Renewable Energy	(95.28)	(87.91)
Total	8,835.99	(86.31)
Finance (Cost)/Income	(285.62)	(1,162.64)
Other unallocable (expenditure) net of unallocable income	(1,255.40)	1,181.27
Profit /(Loss) before tax	7,294.98	(67.68)
	•	



#### (c) Segment Assets

Segment assets are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment

Particulars	Asat	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	1,622.31	2,462.66
Real Estate	15,350.81	11,121.68
Renewable Energy	621.72	794.88
Unallocated / Corporate	19,043.27	13,139.35
Total	36,638.11	27,518.58

## (d) Segment Liabilities

Segment Liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	130.44	803.73
Real Estate	27,546.28	24,245.71
Renewable Energy	21.83	20.89
Unallocated / Corporate	3,419.19	2,398.09
Total	31,117.75	27,468.42

## (e) Segment Capital Expenditure

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	-	-
Real Estate	-	-
Renewable Energy	-	19.05
Unallocated / Corporate	123.86	33.77
Total	123.86	52.83

## (f) Depreciation and amortization expenses:

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	-	-
Real Estate	4.89	4.89
Renewable Energy	148.23	189.88
Unallocated / Corporate	166.86	182.36
Total	319.97	377.13

There are no non cash expenses other than Depreciation and amortization expenses



#### (g) Secondary Segment information - Geographical Segments

(Secondary segment disclosures are reported on the basis of geographical location of customers.

Geographic Information	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Revenue from External Customers:		
India	12,062.45	4,100.07
Outside India	-	-
Total Revenue as per Statement of Profit and Loss	12,062.45	4,100.07

#### (h) All the assets of the Company are located in India

#### Information about major customers

For the Year ended March 31, 2023, in Real Estate segment one customer individually contributed 10% or more to Company's revenue aggregating to ₹ 9,027.91 Lakhs and in Trading segment one customer individually contributed 10% or more to Company's revenue aggregating to ₹ 2,823.49 Lakhs.

For the previous year ended March 31, 2022, in Trading segment two customers individually contributed 10% or more to Company's revenue amounting to ₹ 3,820.37 Lakhs.

#### Adjustments and eliminations

Finance income and costs, and fair value gains and losses on financial assets are not allocated to individual segments as the underlying instruments are managed on a group basis.

Current taxes, deferred taxes and certain financial assets and liabilities are not allocated to those segments as they are also managed on a company basis.

Capital expenditure consists of additions of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Investment Properties.

## Note No. 31 :- Related Party Disclosures as per Ind AS 24 Relationships :

(₹ in Lakhs)

Ownership Interest (%)

•		. ,	
		31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Where Control Exists : Subsidiary Companies:			
Modern International (Asia) Limited (MIAL)	Hong Kong	100	100
Modern International (Vietnam) Company Limited	Vietnam	100	100
Verifacts Services Private Limited	India	100	100
Other Significant influences:			
Shree Rani Sati Investment & Finance Pvt. Ltd.	India		
F. Pudumjee Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Modern Derivatives & Commodities Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Alcyone Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Camellia Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Candescent Traders Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Ignatius trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Sarat Leasing & Finance Pvt. Ltd.	India		
Candescent Properties Private Limited	India		



Verifacts Estates Private Limited India
Ignatius Developers Private Limited India
Alcyone Realtors Private Limited India
Vedant Mercantile Pvt. Ltd. India
Primotech Textiles LLP India
One Boisar Developers LLP India

#### **Common Director:**

Crediwatch Information Analytics Private Limited

#### Key Management Personnel & Relatives :

Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

Mrs. Gauri Jatia Director

Mr. Sidhant Jatia Executive Director
Mr. Mudit Jatia Executive Director

# Non executive directors and enterprises over which they are able to exercise significant influence (with whom transactions have taken place)

Mr. Anand Didwania
Non Executive Director
Mr. Shivkumar Israni
Non Executive Director
Mr. Pradip Bubna
Non Executive Director
Mr. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla
Non Executive Director
Maneksha & Sethna
Advocates & Solicitors
S. D. Israni Law Chambers
Advocates & Solicitors

Transactions carried out with related parties referred as above, in ordinary course of business. Related parties are identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Dividend Received		
Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd	25.00	25.00
Service Charges Received		
Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd	78.00	78.00
Inter Corporate Loans Given		
Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd	-	300.00
Interest Received on Inter Corporate Loans		
Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd	-	4.52
Background Verification Charges Paid		
Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd	0.16	-
Managerial Remuneration		
Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia	412.10	157.49



		MODERN INDIA LTD
Sitting Fees to Non Executive Directors		
Mr. Anand Didwania	4.80	5.20
Mr. Shivkumar Israni	4.80	5.20
Mr. Pradip Bubna	3.60	4.40
Mrs. Gauri Jatia	1.20	2.00
Mr. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla	4.80	5.20
Remuneration:		
Mr. Sidhant Jatia	97.76	74.88
Mr. Mudit Jatia	97.76	74.88
Legal Fees Paid		
Maneksha & Sethna	75.00	3.65
Outstanding Balances:		
Investments in Shares:		
Modern International (Asia) Limited - Equity Shares	553.89	553.89
Verifacts Services Private Limited - Equity Shares	3,062.36	3,062.36
Crediwatch Information Analytics Private Limited	542.20	512.19
Investment in Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:		
Candescent Properties Private Limited	990.00	-
Verifacts Estates Private Limited	990.00	-
Ignatius Developers Private Limited	990.00	-
Alcyone Realtors Private Limited	990.00	-
Trade Receivable:		
Verifacts Services Private Limited	-	35.10
Investment in LLP		
Primotech Textiles LLP (Net of Provision)	-	2.26
Guarantees Given		
Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of Modern International (Asia) Ltd.	4,109.00	3,795.02
Compensation of key managerial personnel		

The remuneration of directors and other members of key managerial personnel during the year was as follows:

Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Short-term employee benefits	402.02	147.41
Post-employment benefits	10.08	10.08
Other long-term benefits	-	-
Total	412.10	157.49

Key Managerial Personnel and Relatives of Promoters who are under the employment of the Company are entitled to post employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above. The same are included as and when paid.

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals.



#### Note No. 32 :- Financial Instruments and Risk Review

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations including real estate. The Company's principal financial assets include investments, land advances, loans, trade and other receivables, refundable deposits and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Company's senior management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The management is of the view that the terms and conditions of the investments made, guarantees given, securities given, land advances, refundable deposits and loans and advances are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company considering its economic interest and furtherance of the business objective.

#### (A) (i) Market Risk- Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Group's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

According to the Group interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	Asat
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Total Borrowings	10,754.50	10,415.69
% of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest	98.85%	99.29%
Interest rate sensitivity		
A change of 50 bps in interest rates would have following Impact of	n loss before tax	
	2022-23	2021-22
50 bp increase would increase the loss before tax by	53.77	52.08
50 bp decrease would decrease the loss before tax by	53.77	52.08

#### (ii) Market Risk- Price Risk

#### Exposure

The Group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the balance sheet at fair value through profit and loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

#### Sensitivity

The table below summarizes the impact of increases/decreases of the BSE index on the Group's equity and Gain/Loss for the



period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the index has increased by 5 % or decreased by 5 % with all other variables held constant, and that all the Group's equity instruments moved in line with the index.

#### Impact on Loss before tax on account of quoted equity shares

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Increase 5%	137.22	145.65
Decrease 5%	137.22	145.65
Impact on Loss before tax on account of units of mutual funds		
Increase 5%	356.33	156.74
Decrease 5%	356.33	156.74

Above referred sensitivity pertains to quoted equity investment and units of mutual funds. Loss for the year would increase/ (decrease) as a result of gains/ losses on equity investments and units of mutual funds as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (B) CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized as income in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade receivables are in respect of Trading activity. On-going credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. [also refer note 8 (i)]

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are mutual funds with high credit-ratings assigned by credit-agencies.

In addition, the Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to guarantee given to Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company. The Company's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Company could have to pay if the guarantee is called on. As at 31 March 2023, an amount of ₹ 4,109.00 Lakhs (31 March 2022: ₹ 3,795.02 Lakhs) has been disclosed as contingent liabilities. The Company does not expect any outflow of resources in respect of the above.

#### Movement in provisions of doubtful debts

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Opening provision	136.77	192.81
Add:- Provision made during the year	-	-
Less:- Provision write off	(136.77)	(56.04)
Less:- Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions		136.77



#### Movement in provisions of doubtful advances

Particulars	As at	Asat
;	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Opening provision	649.98	621.80
Add:- Provision made during the year	28.18	28.18
Less:- Provision write off	-	-
Less:- Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions	678.16	649.98

#### Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the management in accordance with the Company's policy. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the management on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

#### (C) LIQUIDITY RISK

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities below) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

#### Maturity pattern of Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	0-1 years	1-5 years	beyond 5years	Total
31-Mar-23				
Long term borrowings				
(Including current maturity of long term debt)	44.73	78.96	-	123.69
Short term borrowings	2,044.82	8,585.99	-	10,630.81
Total	2,089.55	8,664.95	-	10,754.50
31-Mar-22				
Long term borrowings				
(Including current maturity of long term debt)	42.87	10,030.60	-	10,073.48
Short term borrowings	342.21		-	342.21
Total	385.08	10,030.60	-	10,415.69
As at 31st March, 2023	Carrying	upto 12	More than	Total
	Amount	months	12 months	
Trade Payable	145.30	145.30	-	145.30
Lease Liabilities	177.18	122.63	54.54	177.18
Other Financial liability (Current and Non Current)	17,376.51	17,376.51	-	17,376.51
Total	17,698.99	17,644.45	54.54	17,698.99



As at 31st March, 2022	Carrying	upto 12	More than	Total
	Amount	months	12 months	
Trade Payable	803.73	803.73	-	803.73
Lease Liabilities	289.39	112.21	177.18	289.39
Other Financial liability (Current and Non Current)	12,181.21	112.35	12,068.86	12,181.21
Total	13,274.33	1,028.29	12,246.03	13,274.33

#### (D) CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective to manage its capital is to ensure continuity of business while at the same time provide reasonable returns to its various stakeholders but keep associated costs under control. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

In order to achieve this, requirement of capital is reviewed periodically with reference to operating and business plans that take into account capital expenditure and strategic investments. Apart from internal accrual, sourcing of capital is done through borrowing, both short term and long term.

The Board of Directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Dividend	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Equity shares		

Final dividend paid during the year

## Dividends not recognized at the end of the reporting period

Board of Directors in their meeting held on June 05, 2023 have proposed a final dividend of ₹ 1 per equity share for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 and a special dividend of ₹ 1 per equity share.

The proposal is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing

Annual General Meeting to be held and if approved would result in a cash

outflow of approximately ₹ 750.86 lakhs which is subject to

Tax Deduction at Source. 750.86

#### **Debt Equity Ratio**

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'total equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Borrowings	10,754.50	10,415.69
Less : Cash and Cash equivalents	(1,129.36)	(11.24)
Less : Other Bank Balances	(17.65)	(18.30)
Less : Current Investments	-	(712.60)
Total Debt	9,607.49	9,673.55
Equity	5,520.00	50.16
Total Equity	5,520.00	50.16
Debt Equity Ratio	1.74	192.86



#### Note No. 33:- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

#### A- Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other financial assets and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assets and Liabilities	Routed	through						
as at 31st March, 2023	Profit and Loss			Carried at amortised cost				
	Level 1	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Total	
							amount	
Financial Assets								
Non Current Investments								
- Equity instrument	2,102.64	2,102.64	-	-	-	-	2,102.64	
- Other instrument	1,184.00	1,184.00	-	-	3,960.00		1,184.00	
- Mutual Funds	7,126.52	7,126.52	-	-	-	-	7,126.52	
- Bonds & Debentures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Current Investments in mutual funds/bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other financial assets - Non current	-	-	-	-	303.07	303.07	303.07	
Trade receivables	-	-	-	_	1,645.42	1,645.42	1,645.42	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	1,129.36	1,129.36	1,129.36	
Bank balances other than cash								
& cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	17.65	17.65	17.65	
Loans	-	-	-	-	56.77	56.77	56.77	
Other financial assets - current	-	-	-	-	27.26	27.26	27.26	
Total	10,413.16	10,413.16	-	-	7,139.54	3,179.54	13,592.71	
Financial Liabilities								
Non Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	78.96	78.96	78.96	
Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	10,675.54	10,675.54	10,675.54	
Non Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	54.54	54.54	54.54	
Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	122.63	122.63	122.63	
Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	17,376.51	17,376.51	17,376.51	
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	145.30	145.30	145.30	
Total	-	-	-	-	28,453.49	28,453.49	28,453.49	



Financial Assets and Liabilities Routed through Carried at amortised cost as at 31st March, 2022 **Profit and Loss** Level 1 Total Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total amount **Financial Assets** Non Current Investments - Equity instrument 2,265.97 2,265.97 2,265.97 - Other instrument 1,159.29 1,159.29 1,159.29 - Mutual Funds 3,134.85 3,134.85 3,134.85 - Bonds Current Investments in mutual funds/bonds 699.99 699.99 12 60 12.60 712.60 Other financial assets - Non current 299.59 299.59 299.59 Trade receivables 2,507.45 2,507.45 2,507.45 Cash and cash equivalents 11.24 11.24 11.24 Bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents 18.30 18.30 18.30 84.54 84.54 84.54 Loans Other financial assets - current 34.64 34.64 34.64 Total 12.60 7,260.12 2,955.75 2,968.35 10,228.47 7,260.12 Financial Liabilities Non Current Borrowings 10,030.60 10,030.60 10,030.60 **Current Borrowings** 385.08 385.08 385.08 Non Current Other financial liabilities 12,068.86 12,068.86 12,068.86 Non Current Lease Liabilities 177.18 177.18 177.18 **Current Lease Liabilities** 112.21 112.21 112.21 Current Other financial liabilities 112.35 112.35 112.35 Trade payables 803.73 803.73 803.73

#### B - Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

Total

(₹ in Lakhs)

23,690.01

23,690.01

		Asat		As at
	3	31st March, 2023	31	st March, 2022
	Carrying	Fair Value	Carrying	Fair Value
	amount		amount	
Financial Assets				
Investment In Bonds & Debentures	-	-	12.60	12.60
Financial assets - Current & non current	7,139.54	7,139.54	2,955.75	2,955.75
Total	7,139.54	7,139.54	2,968.35	2,968.35
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities - Current & non current	17,698.99	17,698.99	13,274.33	13,274.33
Borrowings	10,754.50	10,754.50	10,415.69	10,415.69
Total	28,453.49	28,453.49	23,690.01	23,690.01

23,690.01



#### Note No. 34 :-

In the opinion of the Board, current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business.

#### Note No. 35 :-

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company did not have any long term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

#### Note No. 36 :-

- (i) The Company is in the process of taking over development project of Bikaner property under Joint Development basis with Nine Globe Industries Pvt. Ltd and accordingly advance given of ₹ 476.22 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 476.22 Lakhs) to Nine Globe Industries Pvt. Ltd will be adjusted against value of project to be taken over which is pending since long. However, on conservative basis provision for the same has been made in earlier year.
- (ii) Loans and advances given by erstwhile subsidiary Company MIPDL of ₹ 145.58 Lakhs due from Kamla Shiv Developers given as advance against property. Erstwhile MIPDL had filed a complaint with Economic Offence Wing (EOW) for recoverability of advance given to Kamla Shiv Developers against booking of property. Necessary provision had been made against the same.

#### Note No. 37 :-

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and recognise the same when the Code becomes effective.

#### Note No. 38 :-

During the year, the Company has made a provision for impairment of ₹ 12.60 Lakhs in respect of its investment in 9.25% SREI Equipment Finance Limited.

#### Note No. 39 :-

As at 31.03.2023, the Company has recoverable amount towards Inter Corporate Deposit (ICD/Loan) amounting to ₹ 113.13 lakhs (including interest of ₹12.72 lakhs) from Nine Globe Industries Private Limited which is overdue and further as matter of prudence, Company has not accrued any interest thereafter. Also due to Covid -19 pandemic, there is a setback in the recovery of amount. Considering, continuous follow up for recovery of said dues and confirmation of balance from the said party on regular basis, the management is of the view that the said dues are fully recoverable. However an additional provision of 25% of the outstanding amount is considered necessary at this stage amounting to ₹28.18 Lakhs.

## Note No. 40 :-

The ratios as per the latest amendments to Schedule III are as per Annexure 2 attached herewith.

## Note No. 41 :- Other Disclosures

## (i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.



#### (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has borrowings from bank and financial institution on the basis of security of current assets and there are no requirements to file quarterly returns or statements of current assets by the Company with bank and financial institution.

#### (iii) Wilful defaulter

None of the entities in the Company have been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

#### (iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

#### (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

#### (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
  - The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

#### (viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

## (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

#### (x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

## (xi) Registration of Charges/Satisfaction with Registrar of companies

All the charges or satisfaction have been registered with Registrar of Companies within the statutory period.



#### Note No. 42 :-

Date: 07th June, 2023

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.

ote No. 43 :- Net Debt Reconciliation					(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars		31	st March, 2023	ch, 2023 31st March, 2			
Loan repayble on demand net of Cash a	and Cash Equivalents	_	915.46		(6.55)		
Non-Current Borrowings			123.69		10,073.48		
Current Borrowings			8,585.99		337.53		
Interest Payable			-		-		
Net Debt		_	9,625.14		10,404.45		
Particulars	Loan repayble	Non-Current	Current	Interest	TOTAL		
	on demand net	Borrowings	Borrowings	Payable			
	Bank overdraft						
	of Cash and						
	Cash Equivalents						
Net Debt as at 1st April, 2022	(6.55)	10,073.48	337.53	-	10,404.45		
Cash Flows	922.01	(1,363.79)	(337.53)	-	(779.31)		
Reclassification		(8,585.99)	8,585.99	-	-		
Finance Cost	-	-	-	145.08	145.08		
Interest paid	-	-	-	(122.74)	(122.74)		
Other Non Cash Movements							
- Fair Value Adjustments	-	-	-	(22.34)	(22.34)		
Net Debt as at 31st March, 2023	915.46	123.69	8,585.99	-	9,625.14		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these	financial statements	
As per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf o	f the Board of Directors
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.		
Chartered Accountants	Sd/-	Sd/-
Firm Reg. No. 105049W	Managing Director	Director
Manish Kumar Singhal		
Partner	Sd/-	Sd/-
Membership No. 502570	Vice President - CS	Chief Financial Officer
Place: New Delhi	Place: Mumbai	



## Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## Annexure 1: Trade Receivables Ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Less than	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	299.65	-	-	-	-	299.65
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	1,345.77	1,345.77
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	299.65	-	-	-	1,345.77	1,645.42
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts						
Total Trade Receivables						1,645.42

## Annexure 1: Trade Receivables Ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	1,161.52	0.15	-	-	-	1,161.68
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	136.76	136.76
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	1,345.77	1,345.77
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,161.52	0.15	-	-	1,482.53	2,644.21
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts						136.76
Total Trade Receivables						2,507.45

## Annexure 2: Trade Payable Ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	145.15	-	0.15	-	-	145.30
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	145.15	-	0.15	-	-	145.30



## Annexure 2: Trade Payable Ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	Morethan	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	_
Others	803.73	-	-	-	-	803.73
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	803.73	-	-	-	-	803.73

## Annexure 3: Capital-work-in progress ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
Projects in progress	10.28	0.30	0.25	365.87	376.69
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10.28	0.30	0.25	365.87	376.69
Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
whose completion is overdue	-	-	-	-	-
has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan	-	-	-	-	-
Total					

Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded as compared to original plans.

Annexure 3: Capital-work-in progress ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
Projects in progress	0.30	0.25	-	365.87	366.42
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.30	0.25	-	365.87	366.42
Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
whose completion is overdue	-	-	-	-	
has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	

Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded as compared to original plans.



## Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## Annexure 4 :- Disclosure of 11 ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	2022-23	2021-22	% Variance	Reason for variance
1. Current ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	0.51	5.46	(90.57%)	Due to change in operating cycle, the decrease is due to reclassificiation of borrowings from non current to current.
2. Debt-Equity ratio (in times)	Debt	Total Equity	1.95	207.65	(99.06%)	The decrease in DE Ratio is due to considerable increase in Income from Real Estate business.
Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after tax+Non Cash Operating expenses+Interest	Debt service = Interest	40.86	4.62	785.38%	The increase in DSCR Ratio is due to increase in Income from Real Estate business.
4. Return on equity ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	196.31%	151.00%	30.00%	The increase in ROE Ratio is due to increase in Income from Real Estate business.
5. Inventory Turnover ratio (in times)	cogs	Average Inventory	0.32	0.68	(52.76%)	The decrease in Inventory Turnover Ratio is due to higher purchase and inventory getting sold slowly.
6. Trade receivables turno ver ratio (in times)	Income from operations	Average trade receivables	5.81	196	197.11%	The increase in Trade Receviable Turnover is due to early realisations of collections from Debtors.
7. Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Other expenses	Average trade payables	9.38	29.77	(68.49%)	The decrease in Trade Payable ratio is due to higher credit period from Creditors
8. Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Income from operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	(5.88)	0.69	(949.42%)	The Net capital turnover ratio is negative due to change in o perating cycle due to which there was reclassification of borrowings from non current to current
9. Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Income from operations	45.33%	106%	4,161.57%	The increase in Net Profit ratio is due to increase in Income from Real Estate business.
10. Return on capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Net worth	137.33%	2182.99%	(93.71%)	The decrease in ROCE is due to increase in Networth
11. Return on investment (in %)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury investments	(0.16%)	9.41%	(101.65%)	The decrease is due decrease in Fair value of investments YoY



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Modern India Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Modern India Limited** (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2023, of its consolidated profit and total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

In case of the Holding Company, an amount of Rs. 1345.77 lakhs (net of Rs. 107.35 lakhs recovered March 31, 2023) is outstanding as trade receivables as at March 31, 2023 in respect of commodities trading transaction done on National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL). The Holding Company has filed a representative suit in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for recovery of the same. On April 22, 2022 Hon'ble SC has passed an order wherein attached assets of holding company i.e. 63 Moons [erstwhile Financial Technologies Limited] against the dues of NSEL of by EOW [Economic offences Wing] is held valid. Further on May 4, 2022 Hon'ble SC passed a further order in the matter of recovery of dues from the defaulters / execution of decrees / sale of assets attached. Pending outcome of the legal suit and resolution of uncertainties involved, the management has considered the receivable as good for recovery. However, in the absence of appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to determine the extent of recovery possible in this case. (Refer note 9(i) of the consolidated financial statements).

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note 39 to the consolidated financial statements regarding no provision made in respect of Inter



Corporate Deposit (ICD/Loan) amounting to Rs. 113.41 lakhs (including interest accrued) which is overdue from Nine Globe Industries Private Limited. The management is of the view that the said dues are fully recoverable and no provision is considered necessary for the reasons stated in the said note.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matter.

#### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed and the reports of the other auditors as furnished to us (refer Other Matter paragraph below), we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to determine the extent of recovery possible in NSEL matter. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to NSEL matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit and total comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion
  on whether the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies have
  adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of
  such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities
  within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction,
  supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated



financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of the three subsidiaries whose financial statements reflect total assets as at March 31, 2023 and total revenue, net profit/ (loss) after tax, total comprehensive income/(loss), net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year ended on that date, considered as under in the consolidated financial statements based on respective audited financial statements by other auditors:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of the subsidiary	Total Assets as at March 31, 2023	Total Income for the year ended March 31, 2023	Net Profit/ (loss) after tax for the year ended March 31, 2023	income/(loss)	
Direct Subsidiaries					
Verifacts Services Private Limited	2342.76	2498.69	89.39	88.94	63.47
Modern International (Asia) Limited *	3540.72	9362.80	100.52	275.36	15.11
Indirect Subsidiary (step-down subsidiary)					
Modern International Vietnam					
Company Limited *	21.26	13.53	0.24	0.72	9.69

<sup>\*</sup> these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in that respective country and which has been



audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in that respective country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of the said subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in that country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the financial information of the said subsidiaries located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

The above referred financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management, and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act including report on Other information insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information, of subsidiaries as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph above, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
  - b) In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, proper books of account as required by law maintained by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries included in the Group including relevant records relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records of the Holding Company and the reports of the other auditors.
  - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries included in the Group including relevant records relating to preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
  - d) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) The matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion and Emphasis of Matter paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Group.
  - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary



- company incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph.
- h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph:
  - a) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group Refer note 9(i) and 27 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - b) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts as at March 31, 2023 for which there were any material foreseeable losses Refer note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - c) During the year ended March 31, 2023, there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India.
  - d) (i) The respective management of the holding Company and subsidiaries has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Refer note 40(vii) to the consolidated financial statements.
    - (ii) The respective management of the holding Company and subsidiaries has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; Refer note 40(vii) to the consolidated financial statements.
    - (iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

(CONSOLIDATED)

e) The Holding Company has not paid or declared dividend during the year and until the date of this report.

f) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable with effect from April 1, 2023 to the Company and subsidiaries, which is incorporated in India, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of

Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid during the

current year by the Holding Company to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. Further, based on the report of the statutory auditors of the subsidiary company, incorporated in India namely Verifacts

Services Private Limited, which was not audited by us, the said subsidiary company has not paid any remuneration to

its directors during the year, hence the provisions of section 197 of the Act is not applicable.

D. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the

"Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by

us for the Company and its Indian subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to

which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO

reports.

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 105049W

Sd/-

Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner

Membership No. 502570

UDIN: 23502570BGXFED3510

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



Annexure 'A' referred in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Modern India Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Report on the internal financial controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of **Modern India Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 which is its subsidiary company, as of that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's and its subsidiary company, which is incorporated in India, internal financial controls over financial reporting.

## Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide

(CONSOLIDATED)



reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which is incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

#### Other Matter

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to a subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding report of the auditors of such company incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For **Khandelwal Jain & Co.**Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 105049W

Manish Kumar Singhal Partner Membership No. 502570 UDIN: 23502570BGXFED3510

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



## Consolidated Balance Sheet As at 31st March, 2023

		Consolidated Dalance Silee	L AS at SI	Wai Cii, 2025	
					(₹ in Lakhs )
	Particulars		Note No.	As at	As at
Α	ASSETS			March 31, 2023	Ma <u>rch 31, 2022</u>
^	1 Non-current	assets			
	(a) Property, Plan		3 (a)	1,141.50	1,228.09
	<ul><li>(b) Right of Use</li><li>(c) Capital work-i</li></ul>		3 (a)	569.93 425.15	582.98
	(d) Investment P		3(a) 3(b)	453.69	366.42 458.58
	(e) Goodwill	. ,	4	2,279.86	2,279.86
	(f) Intangible ass		4	62.63	161.76
	(g) Financial Ass (i) Investm		5 (a)	15,352.06	7,333.53
		Financial Assets	6(a)	356.38	344.58
	(h) Non Current	Tax Assets (Net)	25	148.89	314.09
	<ul><li>(i) Deferred tax</li><li>(j) Other non-cui</li></ul>		25	44.05	1,110.38
	(j) Other non-cui	Terri assets	6 (b)	405.08 <b>21,239.21</b>	298.04 14,478.30
	2 Current asse	ets			
	(a) Inventories		8	11,816.98	9,756.71
	(b) Financial Ass (i) Investm		5 (b)	_	712.60
	( )	ceivables	9	3,862.70	5,443.23
	(iii) Cash an	d cash equivalents	10(a)	1,189.51	47.88
	(iv) Bank ba (v) Loans	lances other than (iii) above	10(b)	1,010.05 113.41	929.87 169.49
		nancial Assets	7(a) 11	427.30	250.49
	(c) Other current		7 (b)	1,519.74	585.22
	TOTAL ACCET	-		19,939.68	17,895.48
В	TOTAL ASSET EQUITY AND LIAI			41,178.89	32,373.78
_	1 Equity	51211120			
	(a) Equity Share	capital	12	750.86	750.86
	(b) Other Equity	utable to owners	13	6,872.98 7,623.84	1,063.13 1,813.99
	Non Controllin			7,020.04	1,010.00
	Total Equity			7,623.84	1,813.99
	<ol> <li>Non-current</li> <li>Financial Liab</li> </ol>				
	(i) Borrowin		14 (a)	80.59	10.037.09
	(ií) Lease Li	abilities	` ,	443.70	502.99
		nancial liabilities	15 (a)	-	12,068.86
	<ul><li>(b) Provisions</li><li>(c) Deferred tax I</li></ul>	jabilities (net)	16 (a)	190.12	152.23 48.18
	(c) Deletted tax i	Elabilities (Het)			40.10
	(d) Other Non cu	rrent liabilities	17 (a)		2,691.56
	3 Current liabi	ilitiae		762.60	25,452.72
	(a) Financial Liab				
	(i) Borrowin		14 (b)	11,272.74	759.54
	(ii) Lease Li			224.88	181.63
	(iii) Trade pa Total out	standing dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		_	-
		standing dues of creditors other than			
		d Small Enterprises	18	1,203.96	2,803.42
	(iv) Other fir (b) Provisions	nancial liabilities	15 (b) 16 (b)	17,505.35 18.08	258.02 41.55
	(c) Current Tax L	iabilities (Net)	10 (b)	418.73	41.55
	(d) Other current		17 (b)	2,148.71	1,062.90
	TOTAL EQUITY A	ND LIABILITIES		32,792.44 41,178.89	5,107.07 32,373.78
		tion, measurement and		41,176.89	32,313.16
	significant accor		2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
As per our report of even date attached
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 105049W
Manish Kumar Singhal
Partner

Membership No. 502570
Place: New Delhi
Date: 07th June, 2023

Membership No. 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/Membership No. 5d/Sd/Vice President - CS
Place: Mumbai
Date: 05th June, 2023

Sd/-Chief Financial Officer



## Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs )

				(K III Lakiis )
	Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended	Year Ended
			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	INCOME			
•	Revenue from operations	19	23,846.10	14.454.59
	Fair Valuation Loss (Net) / Impairment	19	25,040.10	939.37
	Other Income	20	1,183.92	1,374.08
	Total income	20	25,030.02	16,768.04
п	EXPENSES			
	(a) Purchases of Stock-in-trade		11,832.91	11,832.39
	(b) Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	21	(1,005.96)	(8,544.47)
	(c) Employee benefit expense	22	2,354.80	1,715.92
	(d) Finance costs	23	401.98	1,267.25
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	3 & 4	538.78	518.69
	(f) Fair Valuation Loss (Net) / Impairment		150.14	19.40
	(g) Real Estate Business Expenses		1,672.91	8,482.95
	(h) Other expenses	24	1,608.30	1,343.91
	Total Expenses		17,553.87	16,636.04
Ш	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax		7,476.15	132.00
IV	Exceptional Items		-	-
V	Profit / (Loss) before tax		7,476.15	132.00
VI	Tax Expense	25		
	(a) Current tax (including for earlier year)		747.40	26.50
	(b) Deferred tax		1,031.56	(98.15)
	(c) MAT Credit Entitlement Written off		80.25	-
	(d) Tax Adjustments of prior year		(9.53)	(8.15)
	Total tax expense		1,849.67	(79.80)
VII	Profit / (Loss) for the year		5,626.47	211.80
	Owners of the Company		5,626.47	211.80
	Non controlling interest		-	-
VIII				
	(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or los		10.70	(0.75)
	Remeasurement of the defined benefit liabilities		10.78	(2.75)
	Income Tax relating to items that will not be recl	lassified to profit or loss	(2.71)	0.69
	<ul> <li>(b) <u>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</u></li> <li>Changes in Foreign Currency Translation Resen</li> </ul>	40	175.31	60.43
IX	Other comprehensive income for the year net of		183.38	58.37
X	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year		5,809.85	270.17
^	Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to:	•	3,009.03	
	(a) Owners of the Company		5,626.47	211.80
	(b) Non controlling interests		3,020.47	211.00
	(b) Non controlling interests		5,626.47	211.80
	Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) of the year	r attributable to:		
	(a) Owners of the Company		183.38	58.37
	(b) Non controlling interests		-	-
	(1)		183.38	58.37
	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) of the year	attributable to:		
	(a) Owners of the Company		5,809.85	270.17
	(b) Non controlling interests		-	-
			5,809.85	270.17
ΧI	Earnings per equity share (In Rupees):	26		
	(1) Basic (Face Value of '2/- each)		14.99	0.56
	(2) Diluted (Face Value of '2/- each)		14.99	0.56
	Basis of preparation, measurement and			
	significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements
As per our report of even date attached
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Chartered Accountants** 

Sd/-Sd/-**Managing Director** Director

Firm Reg. No. 105049W Manish Kumar Singhal

Sd/-Vice President - CS Place: Mumbai

Sd/-Chief Financial Officer

Membership No. 502570 Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023

Partner

Date: 05th June, 2023



## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) before tax for the year	7,476.15	132.00
Adjustments_for:		
Interest Expense	341.27	151.30
Unwinding of Finance costs relating to valuations of Security Deposit	-	1,046.82
Real Estate income on fair valuation of security deposit	(4.40.40)	(985.29)
Interest income recognized in profit or loss Interest on financial Assets at Amortized Cost	(146.19)	(153.26)
Dividend income	(6.68) (36.00)	(5.86) (30.99)
Investment (income)/Loss recognized in profit or loss	(93.29)	(30.99)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(4.26)	(2.62)
Profit on sale of Rights in property	(4.20)	(2.02)
Net (gain)/loss arising on financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit	or loss 150.14	(919.97)
Provision no longer required	(139.97)	(85.78)
Deferred Lease adjaustments	6.86	5.72
Miscellaneous Income (Lease Rent Concession)	-	(8.16)
Bad Debts	144.06	85.08
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	57.08	65.60
Interest Expenses as per IND AS 116	60.71	69.13
Amortization as per IND AS 116	204.97	194.69
Depreciation and amortization of non-current assets	333.81	324.01
	8,348.68	(148.63)
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	1,620.20	(1,349.79)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,005.97)	(8,544.67)
(Increase)/decrease in Other receivable	(170.00)	34.30
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(1,043.66)	(24.70)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(1,599.47) 25.19	1,423.47 53.29
Increase/(decrease) in Provisions Increase/(decrease) in Foreign Currency Fluctuation	175.31	60.43
(Decrease)/increase in financial and non financial liabilities	2,465.42	(171.92)
Cash generated from operations	8,815.69	(8,668.22)
Income taxes paid	(153.94)	(116.13)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	8,661.75	(8,784.36)
Cash flows from investing activities		(0,101100)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	8.55	5.70
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(206.22)	40.00
Payments for Intangible assets	-	(185.96)
Interest received	136.36	149.22
Other dividends received	36.00	30.99
Proceeds/(Payments) for purchase of current and non current investments (Net)	(7,362.79)	(29.45)
Fixed Deposit with Banks	(80.18)	(39.73)
Other Loans Given	<del>-</del>	1.00
Inter corporate Deposit given	56.08	38.98
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(7,412.19)	10.76
Cash flows from financing activities	(004.00)	004 44
(Repayment) / Proceeds from Current borrowings (Net)	(324.88)	331.41
(Repayment) / Proceeds from Non-Current borrowings (Net)	(1,367.94)	9,966.94
Dividend paid (including DDT)	(1.15)	(4.64)
Increase/(Decrease) in Lease Assets and Liability as per IND AS 116 Interest paid	(275.53) (341.27)	(241.01) (151.30)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(2,310.77)	9,901.41
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,061.20)	1,127.81
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(335.17)	(1,416.28)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(1,396.37)	(288.47)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year  Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet (Note 9)	1,189.51	47.88
Loans repayable on demand	(2,585.88)	(336.35)
• •	(1,396.37)	(288.47)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Khandelwal Jain & Co. **Chartered Accountants** 

Sd/-Sd/-

Firm Reg. No. 105049W Manish Kumar Singhal

**Managing Director** Director

Partner Membership No. 502570

Sd/-Sd/-Vice President - CS

Place: Mumbai Date: 05th June, 2023 Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023



## Consolidated Statement of changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

## A Equity Share Capital

	Equity Shares	₹ in Lakhs
	of ₹. 2/- each	
Paid up Capital as at April 1, 2021	37,542,750	750.86
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	<u>-</u>	-
Restated Balances at the beginning of previous reporting period	37,542,750	750.86
Changes during the year	-	-
Balance As at 31st March, 2022	37,542,750	750.86
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated Balances at the beginning of current reporting period	37,542,750	750.86
Changes during the year	-	-
Balance As at 31st March, 2023	37,542,750	750.86

#### B. Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

			Reserves	and Surplus		Other Reserve			
	Capital	General	Common	Capital	Retained	Currency	Other Equity	Non	Total
	Reserve	Reserve	Control	Redemption	Earnings	Fluctuation	Attributable	Controlling	
			Transactions Capital	Reserve		reserve	to Owners	interest	
Balance as at 1st April, 2021 (A)	231.44	328.96	(6.51)	9.01	(284.48)	514.64	792.96		792.96
Additions during the year	231.44	320.90	(0.51)	0.91	(204.40)	314.04	792.90	•	192.90
• •					011.00		011.00	-	211.80
(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	211.80	- 0.40	211.80	-	58.37
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(2.06)	60.43	58.37	-	
Total Comprehensive income for the year (B)	-	-	-	-	209.74	60.43	270.17	•	270.17
Reduction during the year									
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C )	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Non controlling interest								-	-
Balance as at 31st March,									
2022 (D) = (A+B+C)	231.44	328.96	(6.51)	8.91	(74.74)	575.08	1,063.13	-	1,063.13
Balance as at 1st April, 2022 (A)	231.44	328.96	(6.51)	8.91	(74.74)	575.08	1,063.13	-	1,063.13
Additions during the year								-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	5,626.47	-	5,626.47	-	5,626.47
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	8.07	175.31	183.38		183.38
Total Comprehensive income for the year (B)	-	-	-	-	5,634.54	175.31	5,809.85	-	5,809.85
Reduction during the year								-	-
Dividend on Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March,									
2023 (D) = (A+B+C)	231.44	328.96	(6.51)	8.91	5,559.80	750.39	6,872.99	-	6,872.99

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Sd/- Sd/Firm Reg. No. 105049W Managing Director Director
Manish Kumar Singhal

Partner Sd/- Sd/-

Membership No. 502570 Vice President - CS Chief Financial Officer Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai

Date: 07<sup>th</sup> June, 2023 Date: 05<sup>th</sup> June, 2023



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2023 Note:-1.1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. COMPANY INFORMATION:

The Consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Modern India Limited (the Parent), its wholly owned subsidiaries - Modern International (Asia) Limited (MIAL) and Verifacts Services Private Limited (VSPL) (collectively, the Group) for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

The parent is a public limited Company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, applicable in India. The Registered of the Company and its principal place of business is located at 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021. The group is operating in Real Estate, Trading, Renewable Energy, Back ground verification and allied services.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023 were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 5th June, 2023.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements ("financial statements"). These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 2.1 (a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

#### (b) Basis of Preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015], Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act).

The consolidated financial statements up to year ended 31 March 2016 were prepared in accordance with Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on accrual basis of accounting and going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements, including the preparation of the opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2016 being the "date of transition to Ind AS". All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the



Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non current classification of assets and liabilities.

The Consolidated financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest Lakhs (INR 00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

#### (c) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the company has:

Power over the investee

Has exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and

Has the ability to use its power over the investee to effect its returns

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

In case of MIAL, which is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in that country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of the said subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in that country to accounting principles generally accepted in India and applied the same policies applicable to the Holding Company.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the Parent company, i.e., year ended on 31st March.

#### Consolidation procedure:

- (i) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the Parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- (ii) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the Parent's investment in each subsidiary and the Parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill.
- (iii) Eliminate in full intra group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intra group transactions that are recognized in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full).

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit



balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The excess of cost to the Company, of its investments in the subsidiaries over the Company's portion of equity is recognized as Goodwill in these consolidated financial statements.

Non controlling interest in the assets of Group consists of the amount of equity attributable to minorities at the date on which investments in a subsidiary is made. Non controlling interest in net profit / loss for the year of the consolidated subsidiaries is identified and adjusted against the profit after tax of the consolidated entity.

- (iv) Financial statements of Foreign Subsidiary which is considered as non integral entity has been converted in Indian Rupees at the following Exchange Rate.
  - Revenues and Expenses: At the average exchange rate during the year.
  - Current Assets and Current Liabilities: At Exchange Rate prevailing at the end of the year.
  - Fixed Assets : At Exchange rate prevailing at the end of the year.
  - Any exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognized in other comprehensive income

Effective April 1, 2018 the Group has adopted Appendix B to Ind AS 21- Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration which clarifies the date of transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income when an entity has received or paid advance consideration in a foreign currency. The effect on account of adoption of this amendment was insignificant.

## 2.2 Current versus non-current classification

The Sale of Land and real estate development projects undertaken by the Company are generally run over a period ranging upto 5 years. Operating assets and liabilities relating to such projects are classified as current based on an operating cycle of 5 years. Borrowings and refundable security deposits in connection with such projects are classified as current since they form part of working capital of the respective projects.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

## 2.3 Key Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that effect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgements based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.



Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the following notes:

- (a) Measurement of defined benefit obligations Note 29
- (b) Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies Note 27
- (c) Recognition of deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities Note 25
- (d) Key assumptions used in discounted cash flow projections
- (e) Impairment of Assets
- (f) Impairment of Intangibles
- (g) Key assumptions used in repayment of deposits Note 15(a)

## 2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

## (a) Property, Plant & Equipment:

Property, Plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital Work-in-progress".

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the Written Down Value method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 with the exception of the following:

- (i) Some of Plant and equipment of Renewable Energy are depreciated over 20 years based on the manufacturers warranty and evaluation done by the management.
- (ii) Assets costing Rs. 5,000/- or less are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

Freehold Land is not depreciated / amortized.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year end taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

## (b) Investment Property:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related



transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives which is 60 years.

## (c) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

#### Amortization

Intangible assets comprise of Brands / Trademarks and Computer Software. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life of 3 years. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

In case of VSPL, Trade logo are amortized on a straight line basis and the computer software on written down value method over the estimated useful economic life. The Company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful economic life of an intangible asset will not exceed 3 years from the date when the asset is available for use. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

## (d) Impairment of assets:

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

In case of VSPL which bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Company extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.



### (e) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

#### Revenue is recognised for following stream of revenues:

#### Revenue from Sale of Land:.

Revenue from an Agreement for Sale of Land ("the Land") entered into by the Company with the Vendor who is purchaser of the Land ("Vendor") recognized on the basis of amounts due from time to time in respect of registered agreements. The Company is entitled to the revenue from the Vendor based on Agreements for sale of residential flats / units to the purchasers of the flats / units ("Purchasers) constructed by the Vendor on the said plot of land which are registered with the registration authority. Under such contracts, assets created does not have an alternative use for the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment.

The revenue recognized is net of full amount of Stamp Duty liability and Brokerage of corresponding flats / units.

The estimates of the revenue from flat / units where Agreement for Sale of Flats are registered are reviewed periodically and effect of any changes in such estimates is recognized in the period such changes are determined.

Contract Liabilities are recognised as advance against sale of land to the extent of excess of difference in advance received from customers and amounts receivable on due basis and amounts received from vendor in respect of unregistered agreements.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that economic benefits associated with a transaction flows to the Group in the ordinary course of its activities and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Group.

Revenue includes only the gross inflows of economic benefits, received and receivable by the Group, on its own account. Amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales tax and value added tax are excluded from revenue.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (which we refer as unbilled revenue) while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (which we refer to as unearned revenues).

## Sale of products:

Revenue from the sale of products is recognized when the Group transfers all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the buyer, while the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement nor effective control over the products sold. Revenue from Renewable Energy Generation is recognized at the time of supply of electricity to the Contracted Customer. Revenue from Renewable Energy Certificates is recognized at the time of Sale.

In case of subsidiary, revenue from trading is recognized when goods are delivered to customers which are taken to the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risk of ownership.



The Group has adopted Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115 establishes a comprehensive framework on revenue recognition. Ind AS 115 replaces Ind AS 18 'Revenue' and Ind AS 11 'Construction Contracts'. The application of Ind AS 115 did not have material impact on the financial statements.

### Sales of flats

Sales of flats are accounted at contracted rate on handing over the possession.

### Rendering of services:

Revenue from services is recognized when the stage of completion can be measured reliably. Stage of completion is measured by the services performed till Balance Sheet date as a percentage of total services contracted. Revenue is recorded exclusive of taxes.

All income arising from Back Ground Verification service to various IT and non IT sectors and interest earning on deposits is accounted on accrual basis.

Commission income is recognized when the related services are rendered and an invoice issued.

#### Interest and dividends:

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

## (f) Inventories:

Inventories are valued as under:

- (i) Trading Goods: At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value
- (ii) Stores / Consumables : At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value
- (iii) Real Estate Business:
  - (a) Land & Structures: At lower of Book and Net Realizable Value
  - (b) Land & Structures Acquired : At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value
  - (c) Land: At lower of Book and Net Realizable Value
- (iv) Renewable Energy Certificates: At Net Realizable Value

Cost comprise all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost formulae used are 'First-in-First-out'. Due allowance is estimated and made



for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## (g) Trade Receivables:

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment.

### (h) Cash and Cash equivalents:

Cash and Cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These do not include bank balances earmarked/restricted for specific purposes.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

## (i) Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## (A) Financial Assets:

## Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## Subsequent measurement:

Subsequent measurementFor purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories based on business model of the entity:

- Debt instruments at amortized cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- · Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:



- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The Group has elected to measure debt instruments at amortized cost.

#### Debt instrument at FVTOCI

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Group recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the P&L. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method. The Group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVOCI.

#### Debt instrument at FVTPL

Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L. The Group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

## Equity investments (Other than investment in subsidiary)

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L. The Group has elected to measure equity instruments at FVTPL.



## **Investments in Mutual Funds**

Investments in mutual funds are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

## Equity Investments (in subsidiary)

Investment in subsidiary is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements'. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. The accounting policy on impairment of non-financial assets is disclosed in Note 2.4(d). On disposal of investments in subsidiary, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **Derecognition:**

A financial asset is de-recognized only when - The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or - Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients. Where the Group has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is de-recognized. Where the Group has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is de-recognized if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

## Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of Impairment loss on the following financial assets:

A. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 115 The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on: Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; &All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 17 ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss (P&L).

In case of Verifacts Services Pvt. Ltd., - In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. Simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.



ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

#### (B) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Initial recognition and measurement Financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortized cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. Subsequent measurement Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

## Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

## Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

## Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

## (j) Fair Value:

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the assets or liabilities, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.



The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 — quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 — inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

This note summarizes accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

#### (k) Leases

## As a lessee

The Group adopted Ind AS 116 with effect from 1st April, 2019 i.e. no change to prior period financial statements and has applied the standard to contracts or arrangements that were previously identified as leases applying Ind AS 17. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Indian Accounting Standard 116 ("Ind AS 116"), Leases, with effect from 1st April, 2019. The Standard primarily requires the Group, as a lessee, to recognize, at the commencement of the lease a right-to-use asset and a lease liability (representing present Value of unpaid lease payments). Such right-to-use assets are subsequently depreciated and the lease liability reduced when paid, with the interest on the lease liability being recognized as finance costs, subject to certain remeasurement adjustments. As permitted by the standard, the Group has elected to apply this standard to its leases w.e.f. 1st April, 2019 and comparatives for the previous period / year have not been restated.

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognizes a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized and lease payments made at or before the commencement date. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date.



After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification or a change in the lease term. The Group separately recognizes the interest expense on the lease liability as finance cost and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

#### As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases.

## (I) Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian currency (INR), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as FVOCI are recognized in other comprehensive income.

## (m) Dividend

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

## (n) Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

## **Current tax:**

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961.



Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

#### Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

## Presentation of current and deferred tax:

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.



#### (o) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities and contingent Assets

The Group recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not disclosed in the financial statements unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## (p) Employee benefits

## (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

## (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave which is expected to be utilized within next twelve months, are treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Remeasurement as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## (iii) Post-employment obligations

The Group operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

## **Gratuity obligations**

The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.



The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance and labour welfare fund are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Group's provident fund contribution is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

#### **Termination benefits**

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## (q) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognized at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

## (r) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Group. The group has identified the following segments: (a) Trading, (b) Real Estate, (c) Background Check Services and (d) Renewable Energy.

## (s) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.



#### (t) Business combinations

#### **Business Combination under Common control**

A business combination involving entities or businesses under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination and the control is not transitory. The transactions between entities under common control are specifically covered by Appendix C to Ind AS 103 and are accounted for using the pooling-of-interest method as follows:-

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at the carrying amounts.- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are made to harmonize significant accounting policies.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination has occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination.

The balance of the retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee. The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee. The difference, if any, between the investment in the financial statements of the Transferee Group in the Transferor Companies and the amount of paid-up share capital of the Transferor Companies respectively, is adjusted against the Capital Reserves and will be transferred to Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve (separately from other capital reserves).

## (u) Earnings Per Share (EPS):

Basic Earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit / (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effects of potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

## (v) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## (w) Events after Reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

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## 2.5 Recent accounting pronouncements

On March 28, 2018, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) issued the Companies(Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 notifying Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Appendix B to Ind AS 21, Foreign Currency transactions and advance consideration and amendments to certain other standards. These amendments are in line with recent amendments made by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB). These amendments are applicable to the Company from 1st April, 2018. The Company will be adopting the amendments from their effective date.

## a) Issue of Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

Ind AS 115 supersedes Ind AS 11, Construction Contracts and Ind AS 18, Revenue. Ind AS 115 requires an entity to report information regarding nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with customers. The principle of Ind AS 115 is that an entity should recognize revenue that demonstrates the transfer of promised goods and services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard can be applied either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or can be applied retrospectively with recognition of cumulative effect of contracts that are not completed contracts at the date of initial application of the standard.

The Company will adopt the standard on April 1, 2018 by using the cumulative catch-up transition method and accordingly comparatives for the year ending or ended March 31, 2018 will not be retrospectively adjusted. The Company is evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.

## b) Ind AS 21, Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration:

The amendment clarifies on the accounting of transactions that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency. The appendix explains that the date of the transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt. The Company is evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements.

## t) Investment in Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies. The considerations made in determining whether significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiaries.

The Group's investments in its subsidiaries is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary since the acquisition date.

The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the subsidiaries. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the subsidiaries are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.



#### Application of new and revised Ind AS's

### (a) Ind AS 116 - Leases

On 30 March 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 116, Leases as part of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019. Ind AS 116 replaces existing standard on leases i.e. Ind AS 17, Leases with effect from accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2019.

Ind AS 116 will affect primarily the accounting by lessees and will result in the recognition of almost all leases on balance sheet. The standard removes the current distinction between operating and finance leases and requires recognition of the right-of-use asset and a lease liability to pay rentals for virtually all lease contracts. An optional exemption exists for short-term and low-value leases.

Where a contract meets Ind AS 116's definition of a lease, lease agreements will give rise to the recognition of a non-current asset representing the right to use the leased item, and a lease liability for future lease payables.

In the Statement of Profit and Loss, lessees will have to present interest expense on the lease liability and depreciation on the right-of-use asset. In the cash flow statement, cash payments for the principal portion of the lease liability and its related interest are classified within financing activities. Payments for short-term leases, leases of low-value assets and variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability are presented within operating activities.

The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of Ind AS 116 on its financial statements and will accordingly consider the same from period beginning April 1, 2019.

## (b) Other amendments

On March 30, 2019, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified certain other amendments to Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), as below, as part of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019. These other amendments come into force on 1 April 2019.

- (i) Appendix C, 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments', to Ind AS 12, 'Income Taxes' The appendix explains how to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.
- (ii) Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement Amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits' The amendments to Ind AS 19 clarify the accounting for defined benefit plan amendments, curtailments and settlements. The Company must:- calculate the current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the reporting period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement by using the updated assumptions from the date of the change;- any reduction in a surplus should be recognized immediately in profit or loss either as part of past service cost, or as a gain or loss on settlement. In other words, a reduction in a surplus must be recognized in profit or loss even if that surplus was not previously recognized because of the impact of the asset ceiling; and- separately recognize any changes in the asset ceiling through other comprehensive income.



- (iii) Ind AS 12, 'Income Taxes' The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognize the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognized those past transactions or events.
- (iv) Ind AS 23, 'Borrowing Costs' The amendments clarify that if a specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related qualifying asset is ready for its intended use or sale, it becomes part of general borrowings.

The effective date for adoption of amendments as per Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2019 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Company will adopt the standard on April 1, 2019 and is in the process of evaluating the impact on account of above amendment on its financial statements and will accordingly consider the same from period beginning April 1, 2019.

#### (x) Recent accounting pronouncements

## Amendment to Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" and Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments:

#### Disclosures" - Interest rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2

The amendment focuses on the potential financial reporting issues that may arise when interest rate benchmarking reforms are either reformed or replaced. The key reliefs provided by the Phase 2 amendments are: • Changes to contractual cash flows - When changing the basis for determining contractual cash flows for financial assets and liabilities (including lease liabilities), the reliefs have the effect that the changes that are required by an interest rate benchmark reform will not result in an immediate gain or loss in the profit and loss statement.

### · Hedge accounting

The hedge accounting reliefs will allow most Ind AS 39 or Ind AS 109 hedge relationships that are directly affected by IBOR reform to continue. However, additional ineffectiveness might need to be recorded.

The amendments do not have significant impact on the financial statements.

## Amendment to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination" - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

## Amendment to Ind AS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" - Proceeds before intended use

The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognized in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2023

Note No. 3 (a) - Property, Plant & Equipment

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Own	ed Assets		Right of			
Description of Assets	Land Freehold	Buildings	Plant and	Furniture and	Vehicles	Office Premises	Total	Capital Work-in-
			Equipment	Fixtures				Progress#
I. Gross Carrying amount								
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	289.50	176.87	1,724.53	75.30	275.13	1,066.16	3,607.49	470.89
Additions	-	-	41.25	0.83	22.39	43.03	107.50	79.34
Disposals	-	-	2.02	-	15.17	-	17.19	183.81
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	289.50	176.87	1,763.76	76.13	282.35	1,109.19	3,697.79	366.42
Additions	-	-	33.77	7.16	106.56	204.24	351.73	58.73
Disposals	-	-	8.15	3.13	13.82	12.31	37.41	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	289.50	176.87	1,789.38	80.17	375.09	1,301.12	4,012.11	425.15
II. Accumulated depreciation/amo	rtization							
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	-	67.24	864.68	56.51	104.25	331.53	1,424.20	-
Depreciation / amortization								
expense for the year	-	9.77	207.09	4.93	60.17	194.69	476.64	-
Depreciation on Disposal	-	-	1.79	-	12.32	-	14.11	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	-	77.01	1,069.98	61.44	152.09	526.21	1,886.73	-
Depreciation / amortization								
expense for the year	-	9.18	166.23	3.73	50.66	204.97	434.76	-
Depreciation on Disposal	-	-	7.29	2.54	10.98	-	20.81	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	-	86.18	1,228.92	62.62	191.77	731.19	2,300.68	-
Net Carrying amount								
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	289.50	99.86	693.78	14.69	130.26	582.98	1,811.06	366.42
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	289.50	90.69	560.46	17.54	183.32	569.93	1,711.43	425.15

The Company has reviewed its PPE for impairment loss as required by Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets". In the opinion of manangement no provision for impairment loss is considered necessary.

Title deed of immovable property are held in the name of the company.

 $<sup>(\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}})$  includes Plant, Office Equipment and Computers.

<sup>(#)</sup> Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded since project cost and deadline is yet to be estimated.

<sup>@</sup> Refer Annexure 3 for Capital Work in Progress Ageing



## Note No. 3 (b) - Investment Property

(₹ in Lakhs)

De	scription of Assets	Building *	Land #	Total
ī.	Gross Carrying Amount			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	240.88	244.00	484.88
	Addition	-	-	-
	Disposals	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	240.88	244.00	484.88
	Addition	-	-	-
	Disposals	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	240.88	244.00	484.88
II.	Accumulated Amortization and impairment			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	21.41	-	21.41
	Charge for the period	4.89	-	4.89
	Reversals/Disposals during the year	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	26.29	-	26.29
	Charge for the period	4.89	-	4.89
	Reversals/Disposals during the year	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	31.18	-	31.18
	Net Carrying value			
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	214.59	244.00	458.58
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	209.70	244.00	453.69

<sup>(\*)</sup>Title deed of immovable property are held in the name of the company.

The Group's investment properties consist of one Residential Duplex Flat and land in India. Management determined that the investment properties consist of two class of assets? (i) Residential Building & (ii) Land? based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property.

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to either purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

## Disclosures relating to Investment Property

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Fair Value of the Building *	1,201.68	1,189.60
Fair Value of the Land*	660.45	660.45
Total	1,862.13	1,850.05
Rental Income	-	-
Direct Operating Expenses	16.35	11.22

<sup>\*</sup>Fair value of investment property is not based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017 however the valuations are based on Stamp Duty Ready Reckoner.

<sup>(#)</sup> On amalgamation of Modern India Free Trade Warehousing Private Limited with the Company w.e.f. April 01, 2018, the Agricultural Land area aggregating 173.50 Guntas (4.43 acres) having Gross carrying value of Rs. 244.00 lakhs was taken over by the Company. The said Land is at present held in the name of Vijay Kumar Jatia (Managing Director), as Nominee, for and behalf of the Company. Registration of the same in the name of the Company is in progress and will be obtained upon various approvals from concerned authorities.



Note No. 4 - Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

					( iii Zaitiio)
De	scription of Assets	Computer	Brands/	Total	Goodwill
		Software	Trademarks		
I.	Intangible Assets				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	110.58	3.10	113.68	2,279.86
	Additions	185.96	-	185.96	-
	Disposals	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	296.54	3.10	299.64	2,279.86
	Additions	-	-	-	
	Disposals	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	296.54	3.10	299.64	2,279.86
II.	Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2021	97.79	2.93	100.72	-
	Additions	37.16	-	37.16	-
	Disposal	-	-		-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	134.95	2.93	137.88	-
	Additions	99.13	-	99.13	
	Disposal	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	234.08	2.93	237.01	-
	Net carrying amount				
	Balance as at 31st March, 2022	161.58	0.18	161.76	2,279.86
	Balance as at 31st March, 2023	62.45	0.18	62.63	2,279.86

# Financial Assets:

Note No. 5 (a) - Investments - Non Current	
Particular	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Pai	rticular		As at		Asat
			March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
		QTY	Amounts	QTY	Amounts
A	Other Investments At Cost fully paid up				
	Investment in LLP (50%)		2.26		2.26
	Less: Provision for Diminution in				
	Value of Investments		(2.26)		(2.26)
	Total Unquoted Investments		-		-
	INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT COST [A]		-		_
В.	Other Investments At Cost fully paid up				
	Investment in 9% Non Cumulative Non				
	Convertible Redeemable Preference shares				
	(Face Value ₹ 100)				
	Maturity: Maximum as prescribed in				
	Companies Act, 2013				
	Alcyone Realtors Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-
	Candescent Properties Private Limited	990,000	990.00	-	-



				MODERN <sup>®</sup> INDIA LTD
Ignatius Developers Private Limited	990 000	990 00	_	-
-			-	
Investment in Debentures & Bonds	,			
Quoted				
At Amortized Cost				
10.70% Laxmi Vilas Bank Tier II Bonds Series X				
of ₹ 5,00,000/- each (09.07.2024)	40	200.00	40	200.00
Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value		(200.00)		(200.00)
TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT				
AMORTISED COST [B]		3,960.00		
Investments stated at Fair Value				
Through Profit and Loss				
Quoted Investments				
Investments in Equity Instruments		2,102.64		2,265.97
Quoted Investments in Equity Instruments		2,102.64		2,265.97
Investments In other Instruments				
IRB Invit Fund	602,500	354.03	587,500	308.03
India Grid Trust	250,047	408.03	250,047	449.56
Power Grid Infra	20,900	25.63	20,900	28.09
Quoted Investments in Other Instruments		787.69		785.67
Total Aggregate Quoted Investments		2,890.33		3,051.65
Unquoted Investments In other Instruments				
CreditWatch Information Analytics P Ltd				
(CCPS of ₹ 1/- each)	30,750	542.20	30,750	512.19
		542.20		512.19
Unquoted Investments				
In Units of Mutual Funds		7,959.53		3,769.69
Investments in Mutual Funds are under Lien				
of Banks against which Overdraft Limit has				
been sanctioned to the Company - current year				
₹ 3,660.34 Lakhs (PY ₹ 1,579.40 Lakhs)				
Unquoted Investments in Mutual / Other Funds		7,959.53		3,769.69
INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C]		11,392.06		7,333.53
TOTAL INVESTMENTS (A) + (B)+ (C)		15,352.06		7,333.53
Other disclosures				
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		7,050.33		3,251.65
Aggregate amount of Market value of investments		7,050.33		3,251.65
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		8,503.98		4,284.13
Aggregate amount of impairment in				
	Quoted At Amortized Cost  10.70% Laxmi Vilas Bank Tier II Bonds Series X  of ₹ 5,00,000/- each (09.07.2024)  Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value  **TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT AMORTISED COST [B]  Investments stated at Fair Value  Through Profit and Loss  Quoted Investments  Investments in Equity Instruments  Quoted Investments in Equity Instruments  Investments In other Instruments  IRB Invit Fund  India Grid Trust  Power Grid Infra  Quoted Investments in Other Instruments  **Total Aggregate Quoted Investments**  Unquoted Investments In other Instruments  CreditWatch Information Analytics P Ltd  (CCPS of ₹ 1/- each)  **Unquoted Investments**  In Units of Mutual Funds  Investments in Mutual Funds are under Lien  of Banks against which Overdraft Limit has been sanctioned to the Company - current year  ₹ 3,660.34 Lakhs (PY ₹ 1,579.40 Lakhs)  **Unquoted Investments in Mutual / Other Funds  INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C]  **TOTAL INVESTMENTS (A) + (B)+ (C)  Other disclosures  Aggregate amount of quoted investments	Verifacts Estate Private Limited  Investment in Debentures & Bonds  Quoted  At Amortized Cost  10.70% Laxmi Vilas Bank Tier II Bonds Series X  of ₹ 5,00,000/- each (09.07.2024)  Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value  **TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT**  AMORTISED COST [B]  Investments stated at Fair Value  Through Profit and Loss  Quoted Investments  Investments in Equity Instruments  Quoted Investments in Equity Instruments  Investments In other Instruments  IRB Invit Fund 602,500  India Grid Trust 250,047  Power Grid Infra 20,900  Quoted Investments in Other Instruments  **Total Aggregate Quoted Investments**  Unquoted Investments In other Instruments  CreditWatch Information Analytics P Ltd (CCPS of ₹ 1/- each) 30,750  **Unquoted Investments  In Units of Mutual Funds are under Lien of Banks against which Overdraft Limit has been sanctioned to the Company - current year ₹ 3,660.34 Lakhs (PY ₹ 1,579.40 Lakhs)  Unquoted Investments in Mutual / Other Funds  INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL [C]  **TOTAL INVESTMENTS (A) + (B)+ (C)  Other disclosures  Aggregate amount of quoted investments	Verifacts Estate Private Limited   990,000   990,000   Investment in Debentures & Bonds   Quoted	Verifacts Estate Private Limited   990,000   990,000   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1



Note	No. 5 (b) - Investment - Current				(₹ in Lakhs)
Partic	cular		Asat		As at
			March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
		QTY	Amounts	QTY	Amounts
	Investments - Unquoted				
A	n Units of Mutual Funds				
	At Fair value through Profit and Loss	-	-	115,915	699.99
	Unquoted Investments in Mutual Fund Units		-		699.99
В.	Investment in Debentures & Bonds				_
	Quoted				
	At Amortized Cost				
!	9.25% SREI Equipment Finance Ltd of				
	₹ 1,000/- each (08.11.2022)	10,000	100.00	10,000	100.00
-	Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value		(100.00)		(87.40)
!	9.50% Yes Bank of ₹ 10,00,000/- each (23.12.2021)	15	149.09	15	149.09
	Less: Provision for Impairment / Diminution in Value		(149.09)		(149.09)
			-		12.60
	INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FVTPL		-		712.60
	Other disclosures				
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments		249.09		249.09
	Aggregate amount of Market value of investments		-		12.60
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		-		699.99
	Aggregate amount of impairment in				
,	value of investments		(249.09)		(236.49)
Note	No. 6 (a):- Other Financial Assets - Non current				(₹ in Lakhs)
Partic				As at	Asat
raitio	uiais		Marc	h 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
				11 51, 2025	March 51, 2022
	cial assets carried at amortized cost				
	items - unsecured considered good				
	ity Deposits			356.38	344.58
Total				356.38	344.58
Note	No. 6 (b) :- Other Assets - Non current				
Partic	ulars			As at	As at
			Marc	h 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Other	s - Unsecured considered good				
(a) E	Expenses on Project under implementation			385.24	286.52
(b) F	Prepaid Expenses			7.30	6.58
(c) [	Deferred Lease Prepaid Expenses			1.45	4.94
(d) (	Capital advances			11.10	<u>-</u>
Total				405.08	298.04



Note No. 7 (a) :- Loans - Current		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Asat	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets carried at amortized cost:		
- Loans Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
- Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured	113.41	169.49
- Loans Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
- Loans Receivables - credit impaired	112.99	56.50
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(112.99)	(56.50)
TOTAL	113.41	169.49

The company has not granted any loans that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties either severally or jointly with any other person.

In respect of ICD granted to M/s Nine Globe Industries Private Limited by the Company, there is long overdue amount of ₹ 226.40 lakhs remaining outstanding including interest as at the balance sheet date.

## Name of the Company, Nature, Purpose

Nine Globe Industry Pvt. Ltd. Unsecured, Working Capital	226.40	225.98
Allowance for expected credit loss	(112.99)	(56.50)

## Note No. 7 (b) :- Other Assets - Current

Particulars

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Advances to	suppliers	311.12	390.10
(b) Balances with	government authorities (other than income taxes)	131.74	166.15
(c) Prepaid expe	nses	38.11	15.00
(d) Stamp Duty F	Paid in Advance	1,023.16	-
(e) Others - unse	cured considered good		
- Other Recei	vable	1.36	1.10
- Deferred Le	ase Prepaid Expenses	14.25	12.87
(f) Advance give	n - Credit Impaired	621.80	621.80
Less: Allowar	nce for doubtful advance given	(621.80)	(621.80)
TOTAL		1.519.74	585.22

## Note No. 8 :- Inventories (As taken, valued and certified by the Management)

## Refer Note 2.4 (f) of Consolidated Accounting Policies for Accounting Policy on Inventories

		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Sto	ck-in-trade of goods acquired for trading	6.56	6.55
Tra	ded Goods		
Rea	al Estate Business:		
Rea	al Estate Business:		
(i)	Land - (Plot D)* Refer Note 21	9,021.25	8,633.10
	Add: Reversal of Net impact due to Fair Value of Security Deposit	1,054.29	-
	Adjusted Balance of Land & Structure	10,075.54	8,633.10
(ii)	Land & Structures (Plot A2)	1,072.69	454.98
	(At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value)		

As at

As at

## (CONSOLIDATED)



(ii)	Land & Structures (Plot E)	628.48	628.39
	(At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value)		
(iv)	Land & Structures (Elphinstone Chawl)	33.71	33.69
	(At lower of Cost and Net Realizable Value)		
TOT	AL	11,816.98	9,756.71

<sup>\*</sup> Land bearing C S No. 7/1895 of Byculla division situated at Keshav Rao Khadye Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai which is undder development by M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. is mortagaged with HDFC Limited for borrowing limit sanctioned to the company of Rs. 250 crores and borrowing limit of Rs. 450 crores also sanctioned to M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. but in aggregate not exceeding to the extent of actual borrowing.

## Note No. 9 :- Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade receivables:		
Trade Receivables Considered Good - Secured	-	-
Trade Receivables Considered Good - Unsecured	3,764.14	5,392.22
Trade Receivables Considered Good - Unsecured - Unbilled	98.56	51.01
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	9.69	145.87
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(9.69)	(145.87)
TOTAL	3,862.70	5,443.23

In respect of the Holding Company, an amount of ₹ 1,345.77 Lakhs (Net of ₹ 107.35 Lakhs recovered till date) is outstanding as receivable in respect of Commodities Trading Transactions done on National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL). The Company has filed a representative suit in the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for recovery of the same. On 22nd April 2022 Hon'ble SC has passed an order wherein attached assets of holding company i.e. 63 Moons [erstwhile Financial Technologies Limited] against the dues of NSEL of by EOW [Economic offences Wing] is held valid. Further on 4th May 2022 Hon'ble SC passed a further order in the matter of recovery of dues from the defaulters / execution of decrees / sale of assets attached. In this order Hon'ble SC appointed a retired Judge of Bombay High Court under Article 142 of Constitution of India with the objective of attaining a holistic solution for speedy recovery of the outstanding amounts to be distributed to the investors. However, considering uncertainties involved in making any reliable estimate of amount recoverable, provision if any will be considered at an appropriate time on the basis of resultant outcome. Until then the dues are considered as good.

No Trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member. Trade Receivable are generally non interest bearing and are generally on terms of 0 to 60 days of credit period.

@ Refer Annexure 1 for Debtors Ageing

## Note No. 10 (a) :- Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balances with banks (of the nature of cash and cash equivalents):		
- Current Accounts	1,181.28	45.24
(Includes ₹ 1,051.37 Lakhs In Escrow Account)		
- Cash on Hand	8.22	2.63
TOTAL	1,189.51	47.88
	:	



Note No. 10 (b) :- Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Earmarked balances with banks:		
Unclaimed Dividend	7.15	8.30
Fixed Deposits with Banks	1,002.89	921.57
(Deposit is given as lien against Guarantee issued by Bank)		
TOTAL	1,010.05	929.87
Note No. 11 :- Other financial assets - Current		
Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets carried at amortized cost:		
Other receivable	410.86	243.88
Interest Receivable	16.44	6.62

# Note No. 12 :- Equity Share Capital

Particulars		As at		As at
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	375,000,000	7,500.00	375,000,000	7,500.00
Preference Shares of ₹ 100/- each	500,000	500.00	500,000	500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid:		8,000.00		8,000.00
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	37,547,000	750.94	37,547,000	750.94
Issued, Subscribed and Partly Paid:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 2/- each	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86
Forfeited Equity Shares-Amount originally Pa	id up(#)	0.0043		0.0043
Total		750.86		750.86

<sup>(#)</sup> represents amount less than one thousand)

(a) Reconciliation of Number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period.

Equity Shares		As at		As at
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	37,542,750	750.86	37,542,750	750.86



## (b) Terms / Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of ₹ 2/- per Share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees and every equity share is entitled to the same rate of dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

The Board of Directors in the meeting on May 30, 2022 did not proposed any dividend.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting on June 05, 2023 have proposed a final dividend of ₹ 1.00 per equity share for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 and a Special Dividend of ₹ 1.00 per equity share. The proposal is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting to be held and if approved would result in a cash outflow of approximately ₹ 750.86 lakhs which is subject to Tax Deduction at Source.

(c) The Company has not issued any equity shares as bonus or for consideration other than cash and has not bought back any shares during the period of five years immediately preceding March 31, 2023.

## (d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

Asat		As at		ss of shares / Name of shareholder	Clas
March 31, 2022		March 31, 2023			
% holding in	Number of	% holding in	Number of		
that class of	shares held	that class of	shares held		
shares		shares			
				uity Shares of ₹ 2/- each fully paid	Equ
25.35%	9,517,254	25.39%	9,531,514	ee Rani Sati Investment & Finance Ltd	Shre
25.02%	9,392,665	25.07%	9,412,390	at Leasing & Finance Pvt. Ltd	Sara
23.11%	8,676,786	23.24%	8,725,407	udumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	FΡ
			023	ails of Promoter's Shareholding as on 31.03.20	Deta
% Change	% of	No. of		Name of the Promoter	Sr.
during the Year	Total Shares	Shares			No.
0.04%	25.39%	9,531,514		Shree Rani Sati Investment And Finance P	1
0.05%	25.07%	9,412,390		Sarat Leasing And Finance Private Limited	2
0.13%	23.24%	8,725,407		F Pudumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	3
0.00%	4.36%	1,636,500		Ignatius Trading Company Private Ltd	4
0.00%	4.36%	1,635,591		Camellia Mercantile Private Limited	5
0.00%	4.08%	1,530,000		Alcyone Trading Company Private Limited	6
0.00%	4.08%	1,530,000		Candescent Traders Private Limited	7
0.00%	2.24%	842,005		Vijaykumar Mahabir Prasad Jatia	8
0.00%	0.46%	174,038		Gauri Jatia	9
0.00%	0.32%	121,500		Sidhant Vijaykumar Jatia	10
0.00%	0.32%	121,500		Mudit Vijay Kumar Jatia	11
0.00%	0.04%	15,000		Vedant Jatia	12
0.22%	93.96%	35,275,445			



## Details of Promoter's Shareholding as on 31.03.2022

Sr.	Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of	% Change
No.		Shares	Total Shares	during the Year
1	Shree Rani Sati Investment And Finance P	9,517,254	25.35%	3.24%
2	Sarat Leasing And Finance Private Limited	9,392,665	25.02%	4.49%
3	F Pudumjee Investment Company Pvt. Ltd	8,676,786	23.11%	7.74%
4	Ignatius Trading Company Private Ltd	1,636,500	4.36%	0.28%
5	Camellia Mercantile Private Limited	1,635,591	4.36%	0.00%
6	Alcyone Trading Company Private Limited	1,530,000	4.08%	0.00%
7	Candescent Traders Private Limited	1,530,000	4.08%	0.00%
8	Vijaykumar Mahabir Prasad Jatia	842,005	2.24%	2.00%
9	Gauri Jatia	174,038	0.46%	0.42%
10	Sidhant Vijaykumar Jatia	121,500	0.32%	0.28%
11	Mudit Vijay Kumar Jatia	121,500	0.32%	0.28%
12	Vedant Jatia	15,000	0.04%	0.00%
		35,192,839	93.74%	18.73%

## Note No. 13 :- Other Equity

Refer Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for detailed movement in Other Equity Balances

	Asat	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	231.44	231.44
ions Capital Reserve	(6.51)	(6.51)
ve	8.91	8.91
	328.96	328.96
	5,559.80	(74.74)
erve	750.39	575.08
f the Company	6,872.99	1,063.13
	-	-
	6,872.99	1,063.13
	ve	March 31, 2023  231.44  ions Capital Reserve (6.51)  ve 8.91 328.96 5,559.80  erve 750.39 f the Company 6,872.99

Capital Reserve: Balance represents reversal of unrealized difference between Fair Market Value and cost of Land converted into Stock-in-Trade and transferred from Capital Reserve to Profit & Loss Account during the Year ended March 31, 1996.

**General Reserve:** General Reserve is created out of the profits earned by the Company by way of transfer from retained earnings. This reserve will be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve:** Common Control Transactions Capital Reserve is created on account of Amalgamation of subsidiary Company.



Note No. 14 (a) :- Borrowings - Non Current		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Measured at amortized cost		
Secured Borrowings:		
Term Loans		
From Institution (*)	-	10,000.00
From Banks (*)	80.59	37.09
TOTAL	80.59	10,037.09

<sup>(\*)</sup> Term Loan from Institution is repayable within 48 months from the date of first disbursement out of realization from sale of land at Mahalaxmi. Interest @ PLR minus 310 bps Spread i.e. effective rate works out at 8.70 - 11.30% per annum as at the Balance sheet date. This is secured by Mortgage of Land bearing C S No. 7/1895 of Byculla division situated at Keshav Rao Khadye Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai. The same is further secured by charge on Company's receivables from sale of the Land and Corporate Guarantee of M/s. K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd.

(#) Car finance loans were taken from Banks repayable in 36 to 60 monthly installments with interest @ 7.40% to 9.15% per annum and the last installments is due in November - 2027.

These loans are secured by hypothecation of specific Vehicles acquired.

## Note No - 14 (b) : Borrowings - Current

Particulars	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A Secured Borrowings		
Loans repayable on demand - Current		
From Institution (*)	8,585.99	-
From Banks (#)	2,585.88	336.36
Current maturities of long-term debt (*)	49.26	46.69
Total Secured Borrowings	11,221.13	383.04
B. Unsecured Borrowings		
Loans from Limited Companies	-	337.53
Loans from related parties	51.61	38.97
Total Unsecured Borrowings	51.61	376.49
TOTAL	11,272.74	759.54

<sup>#₹ 2044.82</sup> Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 4.68 Lakhs) Secured by hypothecation of Investments in Units of Mutual Funds. The rate of Interest is in the range of 7.70% to 8.25% per annum.

# ₹ 353.14 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 78.99 Lakhs) Secured by pledge of Bank Fixed Deposits and Corporate Guarantee given by the Company.

Unsecured Loans from Limited Companies are repayable on demand and the Rate of Interest is 10%

(\*) Car finance loans were taken from Banks repayable in 36 to 60 monthly installments with interest @ 7.40% to 9.15% per annum and the last installments is due in November - 2027.

These loans are secured by hypothecation of specific Vehicles acquired.

<sup># ₹ 187.92</sup> Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 252.69 Lakhs) Secured by hypothecation of Investments in Units of Mutual Funds. The rate of Interest is in the range of 7.70% to 8.45% per annum.

(b) Deposits (@)

TOTAL

Liability for Right of Use Assets

Liabilities for expenses



25.00

224.72

258.02

16,825.00

673.20

17,505.35

Note No. 15 (a) :- Other Non Current Financial Liability		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Asat	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Other non current financial liability		
Deposits received*	-	12,068.86
TOTAL	-	12,068.86
(*) Refer Note 15 (b)		
Note No. 15 (b) :- Other Financial Liability - Current		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Unclaimed dividends (#)	7.15	8.30

(@) Repayment of Security Deposits of ₹ 16,800.00 Lakhs is dependent on development of some of the properties in Mumbai. The deposits do not carry any interest.

During the earlier year, the Company had entered into an agreement for sale with K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. ("Purchaser") for sale of its land admeasuring 12,601.99 Sq. Mtrs. or thereabouts being sub-divided Plot D-1, bearing C.S. No. 7/1895 of Byculla Division situated at Keshavrao Khadye Marg (Clerk Road) Mahalaxmi, Mumbai. The consideration receivable by us from the purchaser for the said land shall be 50% of the realizations from the sale of approx. 6.43 Lakhs Sq. Ft. area which is under development on the aforesaid land as per present Development Regulations over a remaining period of 4 to 5 years. During the year "Purchaser" has started sale of flats and advances have been received by the purchaser from buyers of the flat. In terms of the aforesaid agreement, Purchaser has paid to the Company 50% of the consideration received by them. Revenue is recognized on the basis of amounts due from the buyers of the flat to the "Purchaser" net of the payment of Stamp Duty and Brokerage as per accounting policy stated in Note 2.4(e).

Note No. 16 (a) :- Provisions - Non Current

As at	As at
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
138.61	116.36
51.51	35.86
190.12	152.23
	138.61 51.51

<sup>(#)</sup> There is no amount due and outstanding as at Balance Sheet date to be credited to Investors Education and Protection Fund.



Note No	o. 16 (b) :- Provisions - current		
Pa	rticulars	As at	Asat
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Pr	ovision for employee benefits		
(a)	Gratuity (Unfunded)	10.82	26.45
(b)	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	7.25	15.10
TOTAL		18.08	41.55
Note No	o. 17 (a) :- Other liability - Non current		
Pa	rticulars	Asat	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
De	ferred revenue on security deposit	-	2,691.56
То	tal	-	2,691.56
Note No	o. 17 (b) :- Other liability - Current		
Pa	rticulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a)	Income received in advance	20.83	30.57
(b)	Deferred revenue on security deposit	-	985.29
(c)	Advances from Customer	2,072.10	-
(d)	Statutory dues	55.78	47.04
TOTAL		2,148.71	1,062.90
Note No	o. 18 :- Trade Payable		
Pa	rticulars	Asat	Asat
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Tra	ade payable to Micro and Small Enterprises	-	-
Tra	ade payable for goods & services	1,203.96	2,803.42
(O	utstanding dues of other than Micro and Small Enterprises)		
TOTAL		1,203.96	2,803.42

There are no Micro and Small Enterprises to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at the Balance Sheet date. Further, the Company has not paid any interest to any Micro and Small Enterprise during the accounting year, nor is any interest payable to any Micro and Small Enterprise as at the Balance Sheet Date. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

@ Refer Annexure 2 for Trade Payable Ageing



Note No. 19 :- Revenue from Operations		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Sale of Goods Traded	12,198.61	12,125.80
(b) Income From Sale of Land	9,027.91	-
(c) Revenue from Renewable Energy Generation	150.25	185.50
(d) Sale of Services:		
(i) Revenue from Background Check Services	2,409.56	2,049.47
(ii) Income from Real Estate Business	1.20	1.20
(e) Other Operating Revenues		
Rent Income	58.57	92.61
TOTAL	23,846.10	14,454.59

Disclosure of Disaggregate revenue information and major customers as required under Ind AS 115 are given in Note 30.

# Note No. 20 :- Other Income

Par	ticulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a)	Interest Income on	152.87	159.12
	(1) On Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	6.68	5.86
	(2) Loans and others	146.19	153.26
(b)	Dividend Income	36.00	30.99
	(1) Dividend on redeemable preference shares	-	-
	(2) Others	36.00	30.99
(c)	Net Gain on sale of investments	93.29	31.04
(d)	Provision no longer required Written Back (Net)	139.97	85.78
(e)	Miscellaneous income	7.54	79.25
(f)	Right to use and Right of Way Income	750.00	-
(g)	Profit on Sale of PPE (Net)	4.26	2.62
(h)	Real Estate income on fair valuation of security deposit		985.29
TOT	AL	1,183.92	1,374.08
Not	e No. 21 :- Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade		
Par	ticulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Inve	entories at the end of the year:		
	Trading Business		
	Traded Goods	6.35	6.35
	Real Estate Business		
	(i) Land (Plot D)	8,633.10	1,439.76
	Less: Net impact due to Fair Value of Security Deposit	-	(1,054.29)
	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	1,055.09	8,247.63



-	(666.94)	Less: Transferred during the year	
8,633.10	9,021.25	,	
222.83	454.98	Land & Structure (Plot A2)	
232.16	617.70	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
454.98	1,072.69		
625.74	628.39	Land & Structure (Plot E)	
2.65	0.10	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
628.39	628.48		
33.18	33.69	) Land & Structure (Elphinston Chawl)	
0.51	0.02	Add: Expenses incurred during the year	
33.69	33.71		
9,756.52	10,762.48		
		ries at the beginning of the year:	Inve
		ading Business	
6.35	6.35	Traded Goods	
		eal Estate Business	
1,439.76	9,687.39	Land & Structure	
(1,115.82)	(1,054.29)	Less: Net Impact due to fair valuation of security deposit	
323.94	8,633.10		
222.83	454.98	Land & Structure (Plot A2)	
625.74	628.39	Land & Structure (Plot E)	
33.18	33.69	) Land & Structure (Elphinstone Chawl)	
1,212.04	9,756.52		
8,544.47	1,005.96	- Net increase /( decrease)	тот
		p. 22 :- Employee Benefits Expense	Note
Year Ended	Year Ended	lars	Part
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023		
1,545.81	2,155.02	laries and wages, including bonus	(a)
115.87	123.79	ontribution to provident and other funds	(b)
31.37	39.30	atuities	(c)
22.88	36.68	aff welfare expenses	(d)
1,715.92	2,354.80	·	TOTA
		p. 23 :- Finance Cost	Note
Year Ended	Year Ended		Part
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023		
151.30	200.73	erest expense	(a)
69.13	60.71	erest on Assets under Lease	(b)
1,046.82	-	winding of finance cost relating to valuations of Security Deposit	(c)
-	140.54	her borrowing cost	(d)



N	ote	No.	24	:-	Other	Expenses	
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Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Verification charges	335.59	329.58
(b) Power & Fuel	46.56	39.67
(c) Rent Paid	274.19	249.40
Less: Transferred to Lease Liability in respect of		
Right of Use Assets as per Ind As - 116	(265.27)	(241.67)
(d) Water Charges	0.23	0.08
(e) Repairs to buildings	1.85	0.62
(f) Repairs to machinery	6.25	4.91
(g) Repairs and maintenance - Others	15.30	13.31
(h) Rates and taxes	32.27	28.24
(i) Insurance charges	8.34	13.29
(j) Directors Sitting Fees	27.60	29.60
(k) Provision for doubtful debts and advances	57.08	65.60
(I) Donations	3.35	4.05
(m) Payment to Auditors:		
(1) Statutory Audit Fees	25.02	15.97
(2) Tax Audit Fees	1.00	1.00
(3) Limited Review Fees	3.25	2.00
(4) Reimbursement of expenses	0.17	0.13
(n) Bad Debts	144.06	85.08
(o) Other expenses		
(1) Legal and other professional fees	271.86	277.86
(2) Travelling and conveyance Expenses	144.10	29.63
(3) Other General Expenses	319.18	256.45
(4) Commission on sales	125.70	111.75
(5) Security Charges	30.63	27.37
TOTAL	1,608.30	1,343.91

## Note No. 25 :- Current Tax and Deferred Tax

# (a) Income Tax recognized in profit and loss

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Current Tax:			
Current tax for the year	747.40	26.50	
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(9.53)	(8.15)	
Deferred Tax			
Deferred tax Charge / (credit)	1,111.81	(98.15)	
Total Tax Expense recognized in Profit and Loss Account	1,849.67	(79.80)	



## (b) Numerical Reconciliation between average effective tax rate and applicable tax rate : -

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit / (Loss) Before tax	7,476.15	132.00
Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the company	25.17%	25.17%
Income Tax using the Company's domestic Tax rate	1,881.60	33.22
Tax Effect of :		
Dividend Income	6.29	-
Current tax of earlier year	(9.53)	(8.15)
Deduction Under Section 24(a) of Annual Value	(3.36)	(6.06)
Deemed income of House Property	-	0.32
On account of Corporate Guarantee	5.17	4.78
Tax exempt of Foreign Subsidiary	(25.36)	(17.60)
MAT Credit Entitlement Written Off	80.25	-
Change in Tax Rate including reversal of Deferred Tax Assets	(77.99)	(87.10)
Others	(7.39)	0.80
Total Tax expenses recognized in Profit and Loss Account	1,849.67	(79.80)

## (c) Movement of Deferred Tax

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in profit	Recognised in OCI in	Closing Balance	Recognised in profit	Recognised in OCI in	Closing Balance
	as on	and Loss	21-22	as on 31st	and Loss	22-23	as on 31st
	1st April 21	in 21-22		March 22	in 22-23		March 2023
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities							
Depreciation	157.04	(91.54)	-	65.50	(35.63)	-	29.87
FVTPL financial asset	199.89	208.64	-	408.54	(206.15)	-	202.39
Other item	20.78	15.08	-	35.86	(6.02)	-	29.85
	377.71	132.19	-	509.90	(247.79)	-	262.11
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets							
Employee Benefits	34.67	13.41	0.69	48.77	6.34	(2.71)	52.40
Provision for doubtful debt	168.38	(7.01)	-	161.37	(27.33)	-	134.04
Carry forward Tax Loss	1,046.12	226.23	-	1,272.34	(1,264.41)	-	7.93
Minimum Alternate Tax Credit	80.25	-	-	80.25	(80.25)	-	-
Other item	59.84	(2.29)	-	57.55	6.05	-	63.60
	1,389.25	230.34	0.69	1,620.28	(1,359.60)	(2.71)	257.97
Net Tax Asset (Liabilities)	1,011.54	98.15	0.69	1,110.38	(1,111.81)	(2.71)	(4.14)

Deferred Tax Asset is recognized on the basis of future income from development of Stock in Trade of Real Estate Business and from sale of Residential Flat.



Note No. 26 :- Earning Per Share		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	5,626.47	211.80
Weighted average number of equity shares	37,542,750	37,542,750
Earnings per share - Basic	14.99	0.56
Earnings per share - Diluted	14.99	0.56

The Company does not have any outstanding dilutive potential equity shares. Consequently, the basic and diluted earning per share of the Company remain the same.

No.	27 :- Contingent liabilities and commitments		(₹ in Lakhs)
Part	iculars	As at	Asat
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Con	tingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)		
i)	Corporate Guarantee of USD 5.00 Million given by the Company		
	to Indian Overseas Bank, Hong Kong for Working Capital Facilities		
	granted by it to Wholly Owned Subsidiary		
	M/s. Modern International (Asia) Limited.	4,109.00	3,795.02
i)	Income Tax Demand for Assessment Year 2012-13 against which the		
	Company has filed an appeal with CIT (Appeal).	283.16	283.16
iii)	Sales Tax Demand for Financial Year 2015-16 against which the		
	Company has filed an application for rectification.	28.18	28.18
v)	NA Tax demand from Grampanchyat / Tahsildar, Aundh against which the		
	Company has filed an application objecting the said demand entirely.	6.96	6.96
v)	Deed of Guarantee to HDFC Limited in respect of present & future		
	borrowings for development of Company's land at Mahalaxmi		
	{Refer Note 15(a)} by K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd not exceeding		
	₹. 450.00 Crores but limited to the extent of actual borrowings	not exceeding	not exceeding
	at any point of time.	₹ 450.00 Crores	₹ 450.00 Crores
/i)	Corporate Guarantee to K. Raheja Corp. Pvt. Ltd. in respect of		
	present & future borrowings from HDFC Limited by the Company		
	not exceeding Rs. 250.00 Crores but limited to the extent of actual	not exceeding	not exceeding
	borrowings at any point of time.	₹ 250.00 Crores	₹ 250.00 Crores
on	nmitments		
stir	mated Value of Contracts in Capital Account remaining to be executed		
nd	not provided for (Already Paid Rs. 11.28 Lakhs for current year)	4.88	23.74



Note No. 28 :- Disclosures under Ind AS 116		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended

Year Ended Year Ended
March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022

## Details of leasing arrangements

#### As Lessee

### Operating Lease

The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for certain facilities and office premises. The leases are non-cancellable and are for a period of 1 to 5 years and may be renewed for a further period of 3 to 5 years based on mutual agreement of the parties. The lease agreements provide for an increase in the lease

#### Future Non-Cancellable minimum lease commitments

payments by 5% to 15% after 1 to 3 years.

not later than one year	228.08	217.51
later than one year and not later than five years	112.11	489.67
later than five years	-	-
Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
including applicable Service Tax		
Minimum Lease Payments	270.28	242.86

## Note No. 29: DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO - "EMPLOYEE BENEFITS"

# A Defined Benefits Plans: Gratuity (Unfunded)

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is an unfunded plan.

As per Actuarial Valuation as on 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022 and recognized in the financial statements in respect of Employee Benefit Schemes:

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Par	rticulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
ı.	Change in the defined benefit obligation		
1.	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	142.82	120.06
	Current Service Cost	29.16	23.17
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Interest Cost	10.15	8.20
	Remeasurement gains / (losses)	(10.78)	2.75
	Benefit payments	(21.91)	(11.36)
	Others (Specify)		
Pre	sent value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	149.43	142.82
II.	Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	1. Current service cost	29.16	23.17
	2. Past Service Credit	-	-
	3. Interest cost	10.15	8.20
TOT	TAL.	39.30	31.37

В.



	Actuarial gains and loss arising from changes in financial assumptions	ive Income 6.26	(6.49
	Actuarial gains and loss arising from demographic assumption	-	(0.03
	Actuarial gains and loss arising from experience adjustments	(17.03)	9.2
OT/		(10.78)	2.7
<i>1</i> .	Actuarial assumptions	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
	Discount rate	7.25% - 7.44%	6.82% - 6.95
	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	7% - 10%	6% - 79
	Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Live
•	mortality ratio	Mortality	Mortalit
	Average future working lifetime	10 Years	9 - 15 Year
	Attrition rate - Holding	5.00%	5.00%
•	- Verifacts, subsidiary	Age upto 30: 10%,	Age upto 30: 10%
	- Verifacts, Substituting	31-40: 5%, 41-50: 3%,	31-40: 5%, 41-50: 3%
		51-55: 2% and	51-40. 5%, 41-50. 5%
		above 56: 1%	above 56: 1%
		above 56. 1%	above 56. 17
	Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
		0.5-1 % increase	0.5% increas
	Discount rate	(8.94)	(7.87
	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	5.98	5.2
	Attrition rate	1.21	1.5
		0.5-1% Decrease	0.5% Decreas
	Discount rate	10.04	8.8
	Salary escalation rate - over a long-term	(5.88)	(5.00
	Attrition rate	(1.33)	(1.72
I.	Maturity analysis of defined benefit obligation		
	Within the next 12 months	10.82	26.4
	Between 2 and 5 years	61.48	39.1
	Between 6 and 10 years	48.02	39.7
	11 years and above	48.86	41.0
	Total expected payments	169.18	146.4
efi	ned Contribution Plans:		
1)	The Company has recognized the following amounts in the Staten	nent of Profit and Loss fo	or the year:
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
	Contribution to provident fund	109.70	101.1
	Contribution to Employee State Insurance	12.65	14.7
)	The expenses for leave entitlement and compensated absences is re	cognized in the same mai	nner as gratuity and tota
	expenses recognized for the year is ₹ 29.83 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 14	I.40 Lakhs).	
:)	Current/ non-current classification	·	
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-2
	Gratuity		
	Current	10.82	26.4
	Non Current	138.61	116.3
	Leave Encashment		
	Current	7.25	15.1



### Note No. 30 :- Segment information

- 1) Business segments are the basis for management control and hence form the basis for reporting. The business of each segment comprises of:
  - a) Trading activity: Trading Consists of Trading in all Products and Commodities.
  - b) Real Estate comprising of Property Development and carrying on business or activities in real estate business of all types.
  - c) Generation of Renewable Energy and
  - d) Background Verification
- 2) Segment Revenue in the above segments includes sales of products / services net of taxes.
- 3) Segment Revenue in the geographical segments considered for disclosure are as follows:
  - a) Revenue within India includes sales to customers located within India.
  - b) Revenue outside India includes sales to customers located outside India.
- 4) Segment Revenue, Results, Assets and Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.
- 5) Based on the "management approach" defined in Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocate resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments.

  Accordingly information has been presented along these segments.

(a)	Segment Revenue		(₹ in Lakhs)
	Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Trading	12,198.61	12,125.80
	Real Estate	9,029.11	1.20
	Background Check Services	2,409.56	2,049.47
	Renewable Energy	150.25	185.51
	Others	58.57	92.61
	TOTAL	23,846.10	14,454.59
(b)	Segment Results		
	Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Trading	139.40	52.34
	Real Estate	8,900.93	(14.92)
	Background Check Services	52.52	232.76
	Renewable Energy	(95.28)	(87.91)
		8,997.56	182.27
	Finance Cost	(401.98)	(1,267.25)
	Other unallocable expenditure net of unallocable income	(1,119.43)	1,216.97
	TOTAL	7,476.15	132.00



# (c) Segment Assets

Segment assets are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment

Particulars As at March 31, 2023	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023 Marc
Trading	5,184.29	6,353.72
Real Estate	15,350.81	11,121.68
Background Check Services	2,342.76	2,302.60
Renewable Energy	621.72	794.88
Unallocated / Corporate	17,679.30	11,800.90
TOTAL	41,178.89	32,373.78

# (d) Segment Liabilities

Segment Liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment

Particulars As at March 31, 2023	Asa	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	1,483.33	2,782.43
Real Estate	27,546.28	24,245.71
Background Check Services	1,091.16	1,114.93
Renewable Energy	21.83	20.89
Unallocated / Corporate	3,412.44	2,395.83
TOTAL	33,555.04	30,559.79

# (e) Segment Capital Expenditure

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	-	-
Real Estate	-	-
Background Check Services	227.86	240.63
Renewable Energy	-	19.06
Unallocated / Corporate	123.86	33.77
TOTAL	351.73	293.46

# (f) Depreciation and amortization expenses

Particulars	Year Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trading	-	-
Real Estate	4.89	4.89
Background Check Services	218.81	141.56
Renewable Energy	148.23	189.88
Unallocated / Corporate	166.86	182.36
TOTAL	538.78	518.69

There are no non cash expenses other than Depreciation and amortization expenses



### (g) Secondary Segment information - Geographical Segments

(Secondary segment disclosures are reported on the basis of geographical location of customers.

Geographic Information	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Revenue from External Customers		
India	14,472.01	6,157.87
Outside India	9,374.09	8,296.72
Total Revenue as per Statement of Profit and Loss	23,846.10	14,454.59

### (h) No non current assets of the Company are located outside India.

### Information about major customers:

For the Year ended March 31, 2023, in Trading segment two customers individually contributed 10% or more to Group's revenue aggregating to ₹ 14287.47 Lakhs.

For the Year ended March 31, 2022, in Trading segment two customers individually contributed 10% or more to Group's revenue aggregating to ₹ 4,088.89 Lakhs.

### Adjustments and eliminations

Finance income and costs, and fair value gains and losses on financial assets are not allocated to individual segments as the underlying instruments are managed on a group basis.

Current taxes, deferred taxes and certain financial assets and liabilities are not allocated to those segments as they are also managed on a company basis.

Capital expenditure consists of additions of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties.

# Note No. 31 :- Related Party Disclosures as per Ind AS 24

## Relationships:

## Significant influences:

Shree Rani Sati Investment & Finance Pvt. Ltd.	India
F. Pudumjee Investment Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India
Modern Derivatives & Commodities Pvt. Ltd.	India
Alcyone Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India
Camellia Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	India
Candescent Traders Pvt. Ltd.	India
Ignatius trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	India
Sarat Leasing & Finance Pvt. Ltd.	India
Vedant Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	India
Primotech Textiles LLP	India
Guangzhou Modern Trading Co. Ltd.	China



### Common Director:

Crediwatch Information Analytics Private Limited

### Key Management Personnel & Relatives :

Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

Mrs. Gauri Jatia Director

Mr. Sidhant Jatia Executive Director
Mr. Mudit Jatia Executive Director
Mr. Ashokraj Birla Director - Subsidiary

Mr. Rajiv Sharma CEO - Subsidiary (Appointment w.e.f 16.08.2022)

Mr. Somesh Auddy CEO - Subsidiary (Resgined w.e.f 31.07.2023)

# Non executive directors and enterprises over which they are able to exercise significant influence (with whom transactions have taken place)

Mr. Anand Didwania
Non Executive Director
Mr. Shivkumar Israni
Non Executive Director
Mr. Pradip Bubna
Non Executive Director
Mr. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla
Non Executive Director
Maneksha & Sethna
Advocates & Solicitors
S. D. Israni Law Chambers
Advocates & Solicitors

Transactions carried out with related parties referred as above, in ordinary course of business. Related parties are identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Managerial Remuneration		
Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia	412.10	157.49
Sitting Fees to Non Executive Directors		
Mr. Anand Didwania	4.80	5.20
Mr. Shivkumar Israni	6.80	6.80
Mr. Pradip Bubna	3.60	4.40
Mrs. Gauri Jatia	1.20	2.00
Mr. Kaiwan Kalyaniwalla	4.80	5.20
Mr. Vijay Kumar Jatia	2.00	1.60
Mr. Sidhant Jatia	1.20	1.60
Mr. Mudit Jatia	2.00	1.60
Mr. Ashokraj Birla	1.20	1.20
Remuneration:		
Mr. Sidhant Jatia	97.76	74.88
Mr. Mudit Jatia	97.76	74.88
Mr. Somesh Auddy	24.82	74.35

# (CONSOLIDATED)



Mr. Somesh Auddy (Reimbursement of Expenses)	0.67	2.01
Mr. Rajiv Sharma	20.16	-
Mr. Rajiv Sharma (Reimbursement of Expenses)	1.19	-
Legal Fees Paid		
Maneksha & Sethna	75.00	3.65
Consultancy Fees :		
Guangzhou Modern Trading Co. Ltd.	72.27	67.05
Sale of Trading items		
Guangzhou Modern Trading Co. Ltd.	-	-
Loan Taken (Net)		
Guangzhou Modern Trading Co. Ltd.	3.32	(6.11)
Outstanding Balances:		
Guangzhou Modern Trading Co. Ltd.	42.29	38.97
Investment in Shares:		
Crediwatch Information Analytics Private Limited	542.20	512.19
Investment in Non Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares:		
Candescent Properties Private Limited	990.00	-
Verifacts Estates Private Limited	990.00	-
Ignatius Developers Private Limited	990.00	-
Alcyone Realtors Private Limited	990.00	-
Other Current Liabilities - Employee Benefits payable		
Mr. Somesh Auddy	-	-
Mr. Rajeev Sharma	3.78	-
Guarantees Given		
Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of Modern International (Asia) Ltd.	4,109.00	3,795.02

# Compensation of key managerial personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key managerial personnel during the year was as follows:

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Short-term employee benefits	402.02	147.41
Post-employment benefits	10.08	10.08
Other long-term benefits	-	-
Total	412.10	157.49

Key Managerial Personnel and Relatives of Promoters who are under the employment of the Company are entitled to post employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above. The same are included as and when paid.

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals.



#### Note No. 32 :- Financial Instruments and Risk Review

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Group's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Group's senior management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The management is of the view that the terms and conditions of the investments made, guarantees given, securities given, land advances, refundable deposits and loans and advances are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company considering its economic interest and furtherance of the business objective.

#### (A) (i) Market Risk- Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Group's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

According to the Group interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Asat	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Total Borrowings	11,353.33	10,796.63
% of Borrowings out of above bearing variable rate of interest	93.44	98.86
Interest rate sensitivity		
A change of 50 bps in interest rates would have following Impact or	n loss before tax	
	2022-23	2021-22
50 bp increase would increase the loss before tax by	56.77	53.98
50 bp decrease would decrease the loss before tax by	56.77	53.98

## (ii) Market Risk- Price Risk

### **Exposure**

The Group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the balance sheet at fair value through profit and loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

### Sensitivity

The table below summarizes the impact of increases/decreases of the BSE index on the Group's investment in quoted equity shares and units of mutual funds and Gain/Loss for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the index has increased by 5 % or decreased by 5 % with all other variables held constant, and that all the Group's equity instruments and units of mutual funds moved in line with the index.



### Impact on loss before tax on account of quoted equity shares

Particulars	As at	Asat
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Increase 5%	144.52	152.58
Decrease 5%	(144.52)	(152.58)
Impact on loss before tax on account of units of mutual funds		
Increase 5%	397.98	188.48
Decrease 5%	(397.98)	(188.48)

Above referred sensitivity pertains to quoted equity investment and units of mutual funds. Loss for the year would increase/ (decrease) as a result of gains/ losses on equity investments and units of mutual funds as at fair value through profit or loss.

### (B) CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized as income in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade receivables are in respect of Trading activity. On-going credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. [also refer note 9 (i)]

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are mutual funds with high credit-ratings assigned by credit-agencies.

In addition, the Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to guarantee given to Indian Overseas Bank on behalf of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company. The Group's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Group could have to pay if the guarantee is called on. As at 31 March 2023, an amount of ₹ 4109.00 Lakhs (31 March 2021: ₹ 3,795.02 Lakhs) has been disclosed as contingent liabilities. The Group does not expect any outflow of resources in respect of the above.

## Movement in provisions of doubtful debts

Particulars	Asat	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Opening provision	166.51	222.55
Add:- Additional provision made during the year	9.69	9.10
Less:- Provision write off	(139.97)	(85.78)
Less:- Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions	36.23	145.87



### Movement in provisions of doubtful advances

Particulars	Asat	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Opening provision	678.30	621.80
Add:- Provision made during the year	56.50	56.50
Less:- Provision write off	-	-
Less:- Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions	734.79	678.30

### Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the management in accordance with the Group's policy. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the management on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

# (C) LIQUIDITY RISK

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Group treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities below) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

# Maturity pattern of Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	0-1 years	1-5 years	beyond 5 years	Total
31-Mar-23				
Long term borrowings				
(Including current maturity of long term debt)	49.26	80.59	-	129.85
Short term borrowings	-	11,223.48	-	11,223.48
Total	49.26	11,304.07	-	11,353.33
31-Mar-22				
Long term borrowings				
(Including current maturity of long term debt)	46.69	10,037.09	-	10,083.78
Short term borrowings	712.85	-	-	712.85
Total	759.54	10,037.09	-	10,796.63
As at 31st March, 2023	Carrying	upto 12	More than	Total
	Amount	months	12 months	
Trade Payables	1,203.96	1,203.96	-	1,203.96
Lease Liabilities	668.59	224.88	443.70	668.59
Other Financial liability (Current and Non Current)	17,505.35	17,505.35	-	17,505.35
Total	19,377.90	18,934.19	443.70	19,377.90



As at 31st March, 2022	Carrying	upto 12	More than	Total
	Amount	months	12 months	
Trade Payables	2,803.42	2,803.42	-	2,803.42
Lease Liabilities	684.62	181.63	502.99	684.62
Other Financial liability (Current andNon Current)	12,326.88	258.02	12,068.86	12,326.88
Total	15,814.92	3,243.07	12,571.84	15,814.92

# (D) CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's objective to manage its capital is to ensure continuity of business while at the same time provide reasonable returns to its various stakeholders but keep associated costs under control. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. In order to achieve this, requirement of capital is reviewed periodically with reference to operating and business plans that take into account capital expenditure and strategic investments. Apart from internal accrual, sourcing of capital is done through borrowing, both short term and long term. The Board of Directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

Dividend	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
		-

# **Equity shares**

Final dividend paid during the year

### Dividends not recognized at the end of the reporting period

Board of Directors in their meeting held on June 05, 2023 have proposed a final dividend of ₹ 1 per equity share for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 and a special dividend of ₹ 1 per equity share. The proposal is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting to be held and if approved would result in a cash outflow of approximately ₹ 750.86 lakhs which is subject to Tax Deduction at Source.

750.86

# **Debt Equity Ratio**

The Group monitors capital using a ratio of ₹adjusted net debt' to ₹total equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Borrowings	11,353.33	10,796.63
Less : Cash and Cash equivalents	(1,189.51)	(47.88)
Less : Other Bank Balances	(1,010.05)	(929.87)
Less : Current Investments	-	(712.60)
Total Debt	9,153.78	9,106.29
Equity	7,623.84	1,813.99
Equity attributable to owners	7,623.84	1,813.99
Debt Equity Ratio	1.20	5.02



## Note No. 33:- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

### A- Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other financial assets and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments
- 2. For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assets and Liabilities	Routed through Profit and Loss Carri				Carried at	t amortized c	ost	Total	
As at 31st March, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	amount
Financial Assets									
Non Current Investments									
- Equity instrument	2,102.64	-	-	2,102.64	-	-	-	-	2,102.64
- Other instrument	1,329.89	-	-	1,329.89	-	-	-		1,329.89
- Mutual Funds / Other Funds	7,959.53	-	-	7,959.53	-	-	-	-	7,959.53
- Bonds & Debentures	-	-	-	-	3,960.00	-	-	3,960.00	3,960.00
Current Investments in mutual funds/bonds	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
Other financial assets - Non current	-			-	-	-	356.38	356.38	356.38
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,862.70	3,862.70	3,862.70
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,189.51	1,189.51	1,189.51
Bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,010.05	1,010.05	1,010.05
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	113.41	113.41	113.41
Other financial assets - current	-	-	-	-	-	-	427.30	427.30	427.30
Total	11,392.06	-	-	11,392.06	3,960.00	-	6,959.35	10,919.35	22,311.40
Financial Liabilities									
Non Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	80.59	80.59	80.59
Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,272.74	11,272.74	11,272.74
Non Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	443.70	443.70	443.70
Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	224.88	224.88	224.88
Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,505.35	17,505.35	17,505.35
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,203.96	1,203.96	1,203.96
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,731.22	30,731.22	30,731.22



Financial Assets and Liabilities	R	Routed through Profit and Loss				Carried at amortized cost			Total
As at 31st March, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	amoun
Financial Assets									
Non Current Investments									
- Equity instrument	2,265.97	-	-	2,265.97	-	-	-	-	2,265.97
- Other instrument	1,297.86	-	-	1,297.86	-	-	-		1,297.86
- Mutual Funds	3,769.69	-	-	3,769.69	-	-	-	-	3,769.69
- Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current Investments in mutual funds/bonds	699.99	-	-	699.99	12.60	-	-	12.60	712.60
Other financial assets - Non current	-	-	-	-	-	-	344.58	344.58	344.58
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,443.23	5,443.23	5,443.23
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.88	47.88	47.88
Bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	929.87	929.87	929.87
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	169.49	169.49	169.49
Other financial assets - current	-	-	-	-	-	-	250.49	250.49	250.49
Total	8,033.52	-	-	8,033.52	12.60	-	7,185.54	7,198.14	15,231.66
Financial Liabilities									
Non Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,037.09	10,037.09	10,037.09
Current Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	759.54	759.54	759.54
Non Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,068.86	12,068.86	12,068.86
Non Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	502.99	502.99	502.99
Current Lease Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	181.63	181.63	181.63
Current Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	258.02	258.02	258.02
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,803.42	2,803.42	2,803.42
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,611.54	26,611.54	26,611.54

# B - Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

	3	As at 31st March, 2023	31	As at st March, 2022
	Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Investment In Bonds & Debentures	3,960.00	-	12.60	12.60
Financial assets - Current & non current	6,959.35	6,959.35	7,185.54	7,185.54
Total	10,919.35	6,959.35	7,198.14	7,198.14
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities - Current & non current	19,377.90	19,377.90	15,814.92	15,814.92
Borrowings	11,353.33	11,353.33	10,796.63	10,796.63
Total	30,731.22	30,731.22	26,611.54	26,611.54



#### Note No. 34 :-

In the opinion of the Board of respective Company, current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business.

### Note No. 35 :-

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group did not have any long term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

#### Note No. 36 :-

- (i) The Group is in the process of taking over development project of Bikaner property under Joint Development basis with Nine Globe Industries Pvt. Ltd and accordingly advance given of ₹ 476.22 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 476.22 Lakhs) to Nine Globe Industries Pvt. Ltd will be adjusted against value of project to be taken over which is pending since long. However, on conservative basis provision for the same has been made in earlier year.
- (ii) Loans and advances given by erstwhile subsidiary Group MIPDL of ₹ 145.58 Lakhs due from Kamla Shiv Developers given as advance against property. Erstwhile MIPDL had filed a complaint with Economic Offence Wing (EOW) for recoverability of advance given to Kamla Shiv Developers against booking of property. Necessary provision had been made against the same.

#### Note No. 37 :-

The Code on Social Security, 2020 (₹Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Group will assess the impact of the Code and recognise the same when the Code becomes effective.

### Note No. 38 :-

During the year, the Group has made a provision for impairment of ₹ 12.60 Lakhs in respect of its investment in 9.25% SREI Equipment Finance Limited.

## Note No. 39 :-

As at 31.03.2023, the Company has recoverable amount towards Inter Corporate Deposit (ICD/Loan) amounting to ₹ 226.40 lakhs from Nine Globe Industries Private Limited which is overdue and further as matter of prudence, Company has not accrued any interest thereafter. Also due to Covid -19 pandemic, there is a setback in the recovery of amount. Considering, continuous follow up for recovery of said dues and confirmation of balance from the said party on regular basis, the management is of the view that the said dues are fully recoverable. However, as a matter of prudence, an additional provision of 25% of the outstanding amount is considered necessary at this stage amounting to ₹ 112.99 Lakhs. Net amount after provision is of ₹ 113.41 Lakhs.

### Note No. 40 :- Other Disclosures

### (i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.



### (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The group has borrowings from bank and financial institution on the basis of security of current assets and there are no requirements to file quarterly returns or statements of current assets by the group with bank and financial institution.

#### (iii) Wilful defaulter

None of the entities in the group have been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

### (iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The group has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

### (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

#### (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group
   (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the group shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

# (viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

# (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.



# (x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

# (x) Registration of Charges/Satisfaction with Registrar of companies

All the charges or satisfaction have been regisetered with Registrar of Companies within the statutory period.

### Note No. 41

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated wherever necessary to correspond with the current years' classification/disclosure.

Note No. 42 :- Net Debt					(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars		31	st March, 2023	31st	March, 2022
Loan repayble on demand net of Cash and Cas	sh Equivalents		1,396.37		288.48
Non-Current Borrowings (Including Current Matu	urities)		129.85		10,083.78
Current Borrowings			8,637.60		376.49
Interest Payable			-		<u> </u>
Net Debt		_	10,163.82		10,748.75
Particulars	Cash and Cash	Non-Current	Current	Interest	TOTAL
	Equivalents and	Borrowings	Borrowings	Payable	
	Bank overdraft	(Including			
		Current			
		Maturities)			
Net Debt as at 1st April, 2022	288.48	10,083.78	376.49	-	10,748.75
Cash Flows	1,107.89	(1,367.94)	(324.88)		(584.93)
Reclassification	-	(8,585.99)	8,585.99	-	-
Finance Cost	-	-	-	401.98	401.98
Interest paid	-	-	-	(200.73)	(200.73)
Other Non Cash Movements					
- Fair Value Adjustments				(201.25)	(201.25)
Net Debt as at 31st March, 2023	1,396.37	129.85	8,637.60	-	10,163.82



Note No.43 - Disclosure of interest in Subsidiaries and interest of Non Controlling Interest Details of the Group's material subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of the Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Incorporation and Place of	Proportion o	Quoted (Y/N)	
	7. <b>,</b>	Operation	held by the		
			31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
Modern International (Asia) Limited	Trading	Hongkong	100	100	N
Modern International (Vietnam) Company Limited	Trading	Vietnam	100	100	N
Verifacts Services Private Limited	Background Checking	India	100	100	N

## Note - 44: Additional Information to the consolidated Financial Statements required by Schedule III

Following is the share of net assets and the profit or loss of the entities which have been consolidated for preparation of the consolidated financial statements of Modern India Limited for the financial year ended March 31, 2023:

Name of the entity	Net assets ( minus lia		Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	Amount	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As a % of consolidated net assets
Modern India Limited (Parent)								
31st March, 2023	5,520.00	72.40	5,442.32	96.73	2.52	1.37	5,444.84	93.72
31st March, 2022	50.16	2.77	18.61	8.79	(1.05)	(1.79)	17.56	6.50
Indian subsidiary								
Verifacts Services Private Limited								
31st March, 2023	469.10	6.15	83.39	1.48	5.55	3.02	88.93	1.53
31st March, 2022	405.17	22.34	123.28	58.20	(1.01)	(1.73)	122.27	45.25
Foreign subsidiaries								
Modern International (Asia) Limited								
31st March, 2023	1,646.53	21.60	100.52	1.79	174.84	95.34	275.36	4.74
31st March, 2022	1,371.17	75.59	71.93	33.96	60.30	103.30	132.23	48.94
Modern International (Vietnam)								
Company Limited								
31st March, 2023	(11.79)	(0.15)	0.24	0.00	0.48	0.26	0.72	0.01
31st March, 2022	(12.51)	(0.69)	(2.01)	(0.95)	0.13	0.22	(1.88)	(0.70)
Non-controlling Interest in all subsidiaries								
31st March, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31st March, 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total								
31st March, 2023	7,623.84	100.00	5,626.47	100.00	183.38	100.00	5,809.85	100.00
31st March, 2022	1,813.99	100.00	211.80	100.00	58.37	100.00	270.18	100.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Khandelwal Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 105049W

Manish Kumar Singhal Partner

Membership No. 502570 Place: New Delhi Date: 07th June, 2023 Sd/- Sd/Managing Director Director

Sd/- Sd/Vice President - CS Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: 05th June, 2023



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

# Annexure 1: Trade Receivables Ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Unbilled	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	Revenue	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	98.56	1,931.24	326.87	-	160.26	-	2,516.94
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	3.66	1.60	4.13	0.30	-	9.69
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	1,345.77	1,345.77
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	98.56	1,934.90	328.47	4.13	160.56	1,345.77	3,872.40
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts							9.69
Total Trade Receivables							3,862.71

# Annexure 1: Trade Receivables Ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Unbilled	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	Revenue	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	51.01	3,704.66	48.40	293.10	0.29	-	4,097.47
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	0.04	2.63	3.41	3.02	136.76	145.86
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	1,345.77	1,345.77
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	51.01	3,704.70	51.03	296.51	3.31	1,482.53	5,589.10
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts							145.87
Total Trade Receivables							5,443.23

# Annexure 2: Trade Payable Ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Lessthan	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
MSME	-	-		-	-	-
Others	1,202.77	1.01	0.18	-	-	1,203.96
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,202.77	1.01	0.18	-	-	1,203.96



# Annexure 2: Trade Payable Ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Less than	6 months	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	6 months	- 1 year	years	years	3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	_
Others	2,796.66	6.15	0.27	0.20	0.14	2,803.42
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,796.66	6.15	0.27	0.20	0.14	2,803.42

# Annexure 3: Capital-work-in progress ageing as at 31.03.2023

Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
Projects in progress	58.73	0.30	0.25	365.87	425.15
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	58.73	0.30	0.25	365.87	425.15
Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
whose completion is overdue	-	-	-	-	-
has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-		_	

Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded as compared to original plans.

# Annexure 3: Capital-work-in progress ageing as at 31.03.2022

Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
Projects in progress	0.30	0.25	-	365.87	366.42
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.30	0.25	-	365.87	366.42
Particulars	Less than	1-2	2-3	More than	Total
	1 year	years	years	3 years	
whose completion is overdue	-	-	-	-	-
whose completion is overdue has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan			-	-	-

Any of the project's completion is not overdue & neither any cost is exceeded as compared to original plans.



### **MODERN INDIA LIMITED**

Regd. Off: 1, Mittal Chambers, 228, Nariman Point, Mumbai, 400021. CIN: U17120MH1933PLC002031

Tel. No:+ 91 22 6744 4200, Fax No:+91 22 67444 300 Website: <a href="mailto:www.modernindia.co.in">www.modernindia.co.in</a>, email: info@modernindia.co.in

	Date:
Ref: Folio / DP Id & Client Id No:	
Name of the Shareholder:	
Dear Shareholder,	

At the outset, we hope you are healthy and safe.

We take pleasure to inform that the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 05.06.2023, recommended that dividend at the rate of Rs. 2/- per share (100% being 50% for the year 2022-23 and 50% as a special dividend on Equity Share 37542750 of Rs.2/- each fully paid-up) for the Financial Year 2022-23 and the same would be payable, if approved by the shareholders at the ensuing 89th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company.

As you are aware that pursuant to provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (Act), as amended by the Finance Act 2020, dividends paid or distributed by a company on or after April 1, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders. The Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source at the time of making the payment of said dividend, at prescribed rates including applicable surcharge and cess, as notified from time to time.

This communication provides details of applicable Tax Deduction at Source (TDS) provisions under the Act for Resident and Non-Resident shareholder categories.

All the shareholders are requested to ensure that their details with reference to valid Permanent Account Number (PAN), Residential status as per the Act i.e. Resident or Non-Resident as applicable for FY 2022-23, Category of their account as per the PAN, email/postal address, Bank Account Details are complete / updated, as applicable, with their account maintained with Depository Participant (in case of Shares held in dematerialised form) and in case of shares held in physical form, complete / updated with M/s. Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent ("RTA").

## A. For Resident Shareholders: -

Tax will be deducted at source ("TDS") under Section 194 of the Act @ 10% on the amount of dividend payable unless exempt or tax not deductible at source under any of the provisions of the Act. However, in case of individuals, TDS would not apply if the aggregate of total dividend paid/payable to them by the Company during FY 2022-23 does not exceed Rs. 5,000. Tax deduction will be subject to the below requirements:

Where, the Permanent Account Number (PAN) is available and such PAN is valid / operative as per the provisions of the Act:

In accordance with Section 194 of the Act, tax shall be deducted at source from the dividend amount at rate of 10% where shareholders have registered their valid PAN with RTA in and at rate of 20% for cases where the shareholders do not have PAN / have not registered their valid PAN. Further, the shareholders are also required to provide their Aadhaar number for verification if it is linked to their PAN. In failure to communicate or link Aadhaar with PAN, the PAN shall be treated as invalid in accordance with the proviso to Sec. 139AA(2) of the Income tax Act and TDS shall get attracted accordingly.

The TDS will be deducted unless exempt under the provisions of the Act and subject to furnishing of following self-certified documents:



- Insurance companies: Documentary evidence that the provisions of section 194 of the Act are not applicable to them (self-attested by the competent authority with affixed stamp);
- Mutual Funds: Documentary evidence to prove that the mutual fund is a mutual fund specified under clause (23D) of section 10 of the Act (declaration form is annexed in the below link);
- iii. Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) established in India: Self declaration that its dividend income is not chargeable under the head 'Profit and Gains of Business or Profession' and exempt under section 10(23FBA) of the Act and they are established as Category I or Category II AIF under the SEBI regulations. (declaration form is annexed in the below link);
- iv. Entities Exempt under Section 10 of the Act: In case of resident non-individual shareholders, if the income is exempt under Income Tax Act, 1961, the authorized signatory shall submit the self-declaration duly signed with stamp affixed for the purpose of claiming exemption from tax deduction at source (declaration form is annexed in the below link);
- v. Corporation established by or under a Central Act which is, under any law for the time being in force, exempt from income- tax on its income Documentary evidence that the person is covered under section 196 of the Act;
- vi. Form 15G/15H in the case of eligible Resident shareholders: No tax shall be deducted in the case of a resident shareholder if the shareholder provides duly signed Form 15G (applicable to any person other than a Company or a Firm) or Form 15H (applicable to an individual above the age of 60 years), provided that all the prescribed eligibility conditions are met (declaration form is annexed in the below link).

Blank Form in respect of above stated Self declaration may be downloaded from the website of the RTA viz., <a href="http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php">http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php</a> Where a shareholder furnishes lower / nil withholding tax certificate under Section 197, TDS will be deducted as per the rates prescribed in such certificate.

The Resident Non-Individual Members i.e. Insurance companies, Mutual Funds and Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) established in India and Non-Resident Non-Individual Members i.e. Foreign Institutional Investors and Foreign Portfolio Investors may alternatively submit the relevant forms / declarations / documents through their respective custodian who is registered on NSDL platform, on or before the given timelines.

# B. For Non-Resident Shareholders:

- 1. Tax is required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 of the Act at applicable rates in force. As per the provisions of the Act, the tax shall be withheld @ 20% (plus surcharge and cess, as applicable) on the amount of dividend payable.
- 2. As per section 90 of the Act, a non-resident shareholder has an option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholder, if such DTAA provisions are more beneficial to such shareholder. To avail the DTAA benefits, the non-resident shareholder will have to compulsorily provide the following documents:
  - a. Copy of Permanent Account Number (PAN), if available.
  - b. Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) issued by the tax authorities of the country of which shareholder is tax resident, evidencing and certifying shareholder's tax residency status during FY 2022-23.
  - c. Completed and duly signed Self-Declaration in Form 10F.
  - d. Self-declaration of having no taxable presence, fixed based or permanent establishment in India in accordance with the applicable Tax Treaty and Beneficial ownership by the non-resident shareholder.



The format of the documents referred to in point no. (c) and (d) above can be downloaded from the website of the RTA viz. <a href="http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php">http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php</a>

The Company will apply its sole discretion and is not obligated to apply the beneficial DTAA rates for tax deduction on dividend payable to shareholders. Application of beneficial DTAA rate shall depend upon the completeness and satisfactory review by the Company of documents submitted by the Non-Resident shareholders.

- 3. Notwithstanding the above, tax shall be deducted at source/ withholding tax @20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on dividend paid to Foreign Institutional Investors ("FII") and Foreign Portfolio Investors ("FPI"). Such TDS/ withholding tax rate shall not be reduced on account of the application of the lower DTAA rate, if any.
- 4. Where a shareholder (other than FII and FPI as covered in Para B (3) above) of the Act furnishes valid lower / nil withholding tax certificate under Section 195 of the Act, TDS will be deducted as per the rates prescribed in such certificate.

### C. For all Shareholders

The shareholders are requested to send the aforementioned documents latest on the website of the RTA viz. <a href="http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php">http://www.satellitecorporate.com/formproducure.php</a> and /or <a href="https://modernindia.co.in/forms">https://modernindia.co.in/forms</a> also email them at <a href="mailto:service@satellitecorporate.com">service@satellitecorporate.com</a> in order to enable the Company to determine and deduct appropriate TDS / withholding tax rate. No communication on the tax determination/deduction shall be entertained after August 28, 2023.

Documents received by Post or from registered email ID will only be accepted. In case of joint shareholders, the shareholder named first in the Register of Members is required to furnish the requisite documents for claiming any applicable beneficial tax rate.

Shareholders may note that in case the tax on said dividend is deducted at a higher rate in absence of receipt of the aforementioned details/documents from you, option is available to you to file the return of income as per Act and claim for a credit / appropriate refund, if eligible. No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted. Shareholders, whose valid PAN is updated, will be able to see the credit of TDS in Form 26AS, which can be downloaded from their e-filing account at <a href="https://eportal.incometax.gov.in/">https://eportal.incometax.gov.in/</a>. The Company shall not be liable to entertain any request from such shareholder and the requisite steps will have to be taken by the shareholder at his / her end in consultation with the Tax Advisor.

Thanking you,
Yours Faithfully,
For MODERN INDIA LIMITED

Sd/-Parind Badshah SR. VP - CS & LEGAL FCS:5414





